David Hopps in Sheffield

STEPHEN HENDRY'S inex-orable progress to a record-equalling sixth Embassy World Championship owed as much to his formidable reputation as to the quality of his performance.

In equalling the six titles won in modern times by Steve Davis and Ray Reardon, the 27-yearold Scot rarely located his best form. But he rarely needed to. His 18-12 victory over Peter Ebdon, clinched by four out of six frames in an undistinguished final session at the Crucible Theatre on Monday, routinely spent after his earlier heroics.

Those who dismiss Hendry as boring surely miss an essential truth. For world-class sportsmen of his ilk, suppression can be as intriguing as expression. Beneath an exterior as obdurate as a dam wall, the waters are still threshing. Though odds-on favourite before the tournament began, he was dissatisfied with his form throughout but mentally he remained unparalleled.

"I wasn't on the top of my form, but I still won," he said. "As long as I keep getting a buzz from the big tournaments I think I have another two or three titles

His last defeat here had come against Steve James in the 1991 quarter-finals, and three of his six winning finals had been against Jimmy White, whose celebrated potting ability collapsed under the pressure. This year the Whirlwind was replaced by an irksome breeze in the shape of Ebdon, an English opponent who might have been de signed to get under his skin.

Ebdon's theatrical behaviour — he collapsed in a heap of fake exhaustion after beating Davis and had been prone to bellowing "Come on!" at himself after winning a close frame — is as far removed from Hendry's persona as one can get.

He also knows how to work a crowd. While Hendry strove to be oblivious to their presence, Ebdon indulged in occasional exchanges. A perfect break-off shot, which left Hendry snookered, saw him stretch out his arms as if inviting adulation. which he duly received.

He favours multi-coloured waistcoats that could be used to tune in a television set whenever the test card is unavail: Monday afternoon's was a grey and gold number which, after 17 days under the Crucible lights. matched his pallid colouring and the bags under bis staring

Hendry's bags normally have money in them. This season he has earned about £1 million. plus another £1.5 million in endorsements. He has also played the occasional round of golf with his fellow Scotsman. Kenny Dalglish, a striking mar-riage of unyielding minds. One imagines that, whenever Hendry and Daiglish both stare over a short putt, the ball will drop into the hole of its own accord.

Motor Racing San Marino Grand Prix

Heavy-duty Hill scores clever win

Alan Henry at Imola

Marino Grand Prix in fine style here on Sunday with a superbly disciplined drive that atoned for his disappointing result at the Nürburgring. His Williams took the chequered flag 16.4sec ahead of Michael Schu macher's Ferrari, Gerhard Berger's Benetton was third, with Eddle Irvine fourth in the second Ferrari.

It was Hill's fourth win out of five races this season and maintained Williams's unbeaten run this year. It also extended Hill's world championship lead over his team-mate Jacques Villeneuve to 21 points, the

with suspension damage.

Villeneuve's problems began arly. His car was rammed twice by lean Alesi's Benetton at the start, so hard that the European GP winner had to stop at the end of the opening ap to replace a deflated tyre.

The finishing order was not quite the Italian triumph anticipated by the 130,000 crowd but two Ferraris in the points was a good result by any standards. It could easily have been worse, for one of Schumacher's hardpressed brake-discs exploded midway round the final lap and he just limped across the finishing line.

Hill said later: "We have some

Canadian having to retire late on with suspension damage. very talented people here at Williams. They did a brilliant job this weekend." It was an acknowledgement that his victory owed as much

> own precision behind the wheel. The plan on Sunday was to give Hill's car a heavy fuel load from the start so that he could produce maximum performance when it counted, later in the race. He sat back in third place, content to bide his time as David Coulthard's McLaren-Mercedes, fourth on the grid, set the early pace shead of Schumacher, who had qualified in pole position.

Hill had to take it easy on the

brakes at this stage but his refu-

to well-judged team tactics as to his

elling stops on laps 30 and 50 of the 61-lap contest were relatively small giving his car maximum agility to ap the back-markers,

Schumacher's early strategy was slightly hampered by Coulthard who made a brilliant start. The Sou led until his first refuelling stop a the end of Jap 20. Schumacher took over the lead but Hill, by staying out of the pits until lap 30, was able to take a decisive advantage he never

Coulthard held third place for several laps before stalling on his second refuelling stop and events ally pulling up with hydraulic prob lems on lap 45, but it was the first lime a McLaren had led a world championship race since the 1991 Spanish GP, where Mika Hakking briefly set the pace in their Peugest

Common myths about Offshore Banking



"All offshore banks are the same"

At first glance, offshore banks may seem similar. The difference is in the quality of services they provide to ensure you can make the most of your money. For example, does your offshore bank provide you with the following

24 hour banking by phone or fax Free annual review of your financial affairs Automated Savings Plan which makes financial planning simple A full range of investments

If you benefit from all these, the chances are you're already banking with Midland

Not only are we open 24 hours a day, 365 days a year, but when you contact us you'll be surprised by how much you can achieve over the phone. You can open accounts, make payments and transfers and if you need advice on an account or investment, our financial advisers can help. You'll also find we have innovative services, such as the Automated Savings Plan, which through sound financial planning keeps your money where it's working hardest for you. And, depending on your needs, we can recommend investments from Midland Offshore or from other selected financial services specialists. To find out just how different we are, call our Offshore Service Centre or return the coupon.

 24 hour banking L. | Offshore Savings Accounts Automated Savings Plan Midland Offshore, PO Box 615, St Helier Jersey JE4 5YD, Channel Islands

loase send me information about the following services

Call 44 1534 616111 or fax 44 1534 616222 24 hours a day or return the coupon to Midland Offshore, PO Box 615, St Helier, Jersey JE4 5YD, Channel Islands. E-mail: midoffsh@itl.net



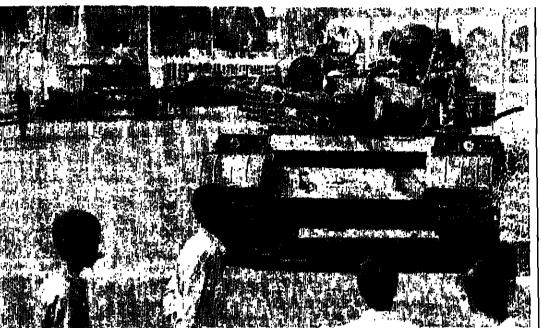
Helping you make your money work harder

Milderd Obsham is the registered bedrag more for Middard Static international Flowers Corporation Limited (MSFC). History do not business in Jenney As at 21 December 1985, its poid up capital and reserves nere 1990,02 million. Oxylics of the least international of the least international to be produced by the position p



TheGuardian Weekly

Vol 154, No 21 Week ending May 26, 1996



Holding fire . . . Bangladeshi tanks came out on the streets of Dhaka on Tuesday following a night of

Killer diseases making comeback, says WHO

Chris Mihili

OLD diseases once thought con-quered are making a deadly comeback in many parts of the world while new diseases are emerging, which in some cases are untreatable, the World Health Organisation (WHO) announced this

Nearly 50,000 men, women and children were dying every day from nfectious diseases such as cholera, malaria and tuberculosis, many of which could be prevented or cured for as little as \$1 per person.

At least 30 new infections had emerged in the past 20 years and now threatened the health of millions. For many of those diseases there was no treatment, cure or vaccine, "Without doubt, diseases as yet unknown, but with the potential to be the Aids of tomorrow, lurk in the shadows," the WHO says.

In its 1996 annual report, the organisation says that complacency that infectious diseases had been beaten allowed them to resurface in

Antibiotics, the most powerful eapon against infection, were becoming increasingly less effective

Derek Malcolm in Cannes

HE British film director

Monday night for his film Secrets And Lies

also won the International

Critics' Prize, and Brenda

mate black girl.

Mike Leigh won the Palme

d'Or at the Cannes Festival or

The tragicomic family drama

Blethyn completed the triumph

as best actress for her part as

the white mother of an illegiti-

Secrets And Lies tells the

atory of a black adopted op-

as organisms became resistant, and not enough effort was being made from them.

to find new products. Hiroshi Nakajima, WHO director general, says in the report: "We are standing on the brink of a global crisis in infectious diseases. No country is safe from them. No country can any longer afford to ignore their

The report says that until reently the struggle for control over nfectious diseases had seemed almost over, with smallpox eradicated and six other diseases, including polio, leprosy and guinea-worm disease, targeted for eradication within the next few vears.

However, infectious diseases are still the world's leading cause of death, killing at least 17 million peo-ple — most of them young children — every year. Up to half of the 5.72 billion people on earth are at risk of many endemic diseases.

Far from being over, the strug-gle to control infectious diseases has become increasingly difficult. Diseases that seemed to be subdued, such as tuberculosis and malaria, are fighting back with renewed ferocity. Some, such as cholera and yellow fever, are strik-

Cannes triumph for British director

tometrist, Hortense, who sets

out to find her real mother. To

her surprise, she turns out to be Cynthia, a white unmarried

family reunion leads to more reveletions and emotional chaos,

but in the end "everybody is

changed for the better. There was a standing ovation

for the recipients of the Best Actor award — the French stars

Duquenne. Duquenne is the first

professional actor with Down's

syndrome to receive a big film

Daniel Auteuil and Pascal

mother played by Blethyn. A

sistant to drugs they are virtually untreatable. In addition, deadly new diseases such as Ebola — for which there is no cure or vaccine - are emerging in many parts of the

In 1995, respiratory infections such as pneumonia killed 4.4 million people, about 4 million of them children. Diarrhoeal diseases, including cholera, typhoid and dysentery, spread chiefly by contaminated water or food, killed 3.1 million, most of them children.

Tuberculosis killed almost 3.1 million; malaria killed 2.1 million, including 1 million children; hepatitis B killed more than 1.1 million; HIV and Aids killed more than 1 million; and measles killed more than 1 million children. Among new diseases identified

festival prize. He stars, as a

Eighth Day, by the Belgian director Jaco Van Dormael,

thought pornograp

award.

Down's syndrome man, in The

whose brother also suffers from

Down's syndrome.

The jury, headed by Francis
Ford Coppola, the US director,
gaye a special prize for daring to
the Canadian director David
Cronenberg's Crash, a film many

The jury was split on the deci-

sion, he said, and some wished

to be dissociated from the

since 1973 were rotavirus, which causes infant diarrhoea; Legionella, which causes Legionnaire's disease; the Ebola virus; the Hantaan virus, which can cause a fatal haemor rhagic fever; and HTLV 1, which causes leukaemia; HIV; and hepati-

Iraq accepts UN oil for food deal

The Washington Jost, Le Manden

an Black in London, Mark Tran n New York and Agencies

hold on Iraq loosened on Monday when Saddam Hussein agreed to a United Nations olan to allow him to sell oil to buy food and medicine for his suffering

The United States and Britain anticipating that Baghdad would present the deal as a prelude to a wider relaxation of sanctions and Iraq's eventual rehabilitation insisted sanctions would remain.

The White House hailed the deal as an "important victory" for the UN while Malcolm Rifkind, the British Foreign Secretary, said sauctions were unlikely to be lifted while President Saddam remained in power.

"I feel great," said Iraq's chie negotiator, Abdul Amir al-Anbar before he left New York on Monday "At last our efforts have been

The agreement, under UN Reso lution 986, allows Baghdad to sell \$2 billion worth of oil every six months and buy food, which is to be distributed under strict international

supervision.

President Saddam's decision accept it after years of insulted rejection and months of fitful negotiation is a calculated volte-face he hopes will boost his position, even though his enemies mean to use it

to keep him quiet. Washington and London say sanctions must stay until Baghdad pays compensation to victims of the Gulf war; releases all prisoners; and co-operates with the UN commis sion tracking down Irag's arsenal of nissiles and nuclear, biological, and chemicai weapons.

The pact is expected to reduce petrol prices worldwide. It will go some way to defusing criticism of the maintenance of the oil embargo even though civilians have borne the brunt of its impact and President Saddam's position remains en

In Baghdad, Iraqis embraced each other and fired shots into the air while barefooted children in shabby clothes danced in the street after the news was announced on Baghdad radio. The local currency, on economic relief for the country's 20 million people.

"It's an excellent day for the Iraqi people," said Madeleine Albright the US ambassador to the UN.

In Washington, the White House spokesman, Mike McCurry, called the agreement "long overdue" and a victory in meeting the needs of the Iraqi people.
In London, the exiled opposition

Iraqi National Congress welcomed the agreement but urged caution "to prevent Saddam from cheating or twisting the resolution to strengthen his regime"

Diplomats said that President Saddam might try to divert existing resources from illicit oil sales to inance arms purchases.

One negative voice came from Senator Bob Dole, the presumptive Republican presidential nominee, who said the Clinton administration had caved in to the UN and made Saddam Hussein an ofter he could not refuse". Dole's criticism was the first public one since the oil for food deal was offered in a 1991 resolution under the administration of President George Bush.

The UN memorandum on the deal goes into detail about the inspection of shipments to Iraq and the monitoring of local markets. It provides for visits to hospitals. clinics, pharmaceutical plants, and water and sanitation facilities.

About 30 per cent of all revenue must go into an account to pay claims against Iraq. Between \$130 million and \$160 million every 90

days must go to the Kurds.

The UN Secretary-General Boutros Boutros-Ghali, who had convinced Iraq to enter the talks that began in February, said the resolution "is based on one of the most important objectives of the United Nations — to alleviate the problem of poverty and the poorest of the poor who are suffering in Iraq."

Mr Rifkind blamed President Saddam for causing his people more suffering during the four years the deal had been on offer, "Implementation will bring them some relief, he said. "But they will sadly not enjoy a normal life until Iraq fulfils its obligations. Sanctions will remain until Iraq does so. It is hard to magine this happening while Saddam remains in power.

Yeltsin opts to play liberal card

Nationalists seek to govern India

Israeli death squad targets Hizbullah

Feminists face up to iran's muliahs

Chainsaw circus on cutting edge

Austria AS30 Maila 450
Belgium BF75 Netherlande G 4.75
Denmark DK16 Norway NK 16
Finland FM 10 Portugal E300
Frence FF 13 Saudi Arabia SR 5.50
Germany DM 4 Spein P 300
Gresce DR 400 Sweden SK 19
Italy L 3,000 Switzerland SF 3,30 AS30 Melte 450
BF76 Netherlands G 4.75
k DK16 Norway NK 16
FM 10 Portugal E300
FF 13 Seuci Arebia SR 6.50
y DM 4 Spein P 300
DR 400 Sweden SK 19

MIDLAND

Member HSBC (T) Group

OES anyone seriously believe landlords' ability to exploit people's that Shirley Porter and the need for a home meets their tenants' others surcharged for their conduct as Westminster councillors will ever have to pay up (Auditor lands Porter with bill for £31m, May 19)? I can Tory flagship seeks Government guarantee that the court proceedings will be presided over by a tame Tory judge who will find some getout for them all.

Any public outery this might cause will not matter because the other certainty is that the legal process will be prolonged until after the general election.

(Rev) Derrick W Cooling, Purleigh, Essex

London

DON'T recall any refuctance on the part of Government ministers to condemn the Birmingham Six during their long process of appeal. Perhaps the fact that they were waiting in prison for their appeal to be | ganic" unity of a people but as a heard made it a bit more confusing. Lady Porter and her colleagues have been found guilty of serious crimes, but they have the luxury of being able to appeal from the comfort of their own homes. Ian Saville,

THE issue of housing policy may come to haunt the second Tory flagship of Wandsworth as much as their neighbours in Westminster. Wandsworth council has rejected the limited proposals from John Major on affordable housing and in stead has recommitted itself to allowing only supply and demand to 21 and 28) restore some faith in the determine rents for council and

private housing. Rents will now rise to the point where the council and the private

ability to pay rent without starving. Any hardship is expected to be met subsidy for political experiments. Martin Smith,

Secretary, Battersea and Wandswor rades Union Council, Loudon

NE wonders how democracy is to be restored in Westminster council. If majority rule is its defining criterion, patently then, to engineer a majority is to undermine democracy. The Tories in Westminster apparently did not appreciate that the crucial assent in democracy is the assent of the minority. Unwillingness to be a minority marks out the sectarian, who sees elections not as the expression of the "orpower struggle.

As a result of the Tories' "houses for votes" there are areas of Westminster where nobody cares what the greater number of people think. Sale, Cheshire

Israel a law unto itself

IAVING lost faith in the politicians and media, your editorials "Grapes of Wrath have bitter taste" and "War crimes, nothing less" (April few who have courage to tell it as it is.

While Israel conducted its atrocities and campaign of terror in Lebanon, the arrogance of its lead-

Poet, painter, philosopher? Find out what the French think *The*Guardian Le Ill on du

Subscription rates	6 months	1 year
United Kingdom	£24.00	£47.00
Europe (Inc. Eire)		
	£28.00	
Rest of the World	£30.50	260.00
To: The Guerdian Weekly, 164 Deensgate, Manchester M60 2RR, England		
Please mail The Guerdian Weekly for 🔾 (3 months 🛄 1 yea	r to:-

Tick if this is a renewal order 🗀 by 🔘 Sierling cheque drawn on UK bank/Sterling Eurocheque psyable to 'The Guardian Weekly' Please debit my Visa/MasterCard/American Express card number:

Cardholder's signature.................................. Card explry date Credit card subscription orders may be sent to [ex no: +44 (0) 161 876 5362 e-mail inquiries to, gweubs@guardian.co.uk

I profer not to receive promotional offers from selected companies

ers was compounded by the com-plicit shameful silence of politicians. As you rightly state, these are war crimes by any definition. But, alas, these are not the first Israeli war crimes. The list is lengthy, but the total obliteration of hundreds of Palestinian villages, and the repeated massacres of civilians and the murder of Egyptian prisoners of war, in cold blood, in 1956 and 1967, as affirmed by the same generals

but two examples. Israel, however, in the eyes of its leaders and our politicians, is above international law and its dehuman ised Arab enemies are beneath contempt.

who committed these crimes, are

Ismail Zavid. Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada

IF ISRAEL wanted real peace and security for its settlements in the north of the country, wouldn't it be logical to realise that Hizbullah as a military force only exists as a result of its occupation of south Lebanon? Added to withdrawal from south Lebanon, Israel, in the need to fulfil its security, might recognise the entitlement of another disgruntled mass of people in Lebanon to compensation and return — the 450.000 Palestinians who reside

But then again I suppose it much easier to bomb your enemies without a hint of criticism from the US or indeed Britain, And then claim that an awesome array of Katashuya rockets pose a serious threat to a state that possesses nuclear weapons, and the latest in state-of-the-art military technology. Yago Zayed, Velwyn, Hertfordshire

THE main cause of Hizbullah's militancy is not that Israel maintains its foothold inside southern Lebanon but Islamic fundamentalism - Hizbullah is merely a branch of this, as are Hamas and Islamic Jihad. There is no reason to believe that Hizbullah's rocket attacks on northern Israel would stop if Israel evacuated southern Lebanon.

IT'SEEMS rather odd, especially at this particular moment, that Colman McCarthy should single out Turkey, Egypt, and Saudi Arabia as "habitual violators of human rights" while failing to number their eighbour Israel among the congregation of unsavoury US military clients (Flame of Resistance to Military Build-Up, April 28).

His "oversight" closely resemble the selective blindness of US foreign policy that he appears to be condemning. If he really means to lenounce the politics of violence, why is he so selective in his con-

Prejudice of the gene genies

AM SURPRISED that your list of pher Brand, Charles Murray and they're so clever, May 19), who all believe the races differ intellectually because of measurable genetic factors, omitted such believers in the out further delay. theory as Winston Spencer Churchill and, more cogently per- | Santa Cruz, Bolivia

haps, Cecil Rhodes. The letter's Rhodes scholarships were originally meant to attain a goal hauntingly similar to Roger Pearson's Northern League, which, as you say, is to foster "the interests, friendship and solidarity of all Teutonic nations". For many years Rhodes scholars were chosen solely from that group and for that purpose. David Alexander Mitchell, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

△ FUNDAMENTAL point appears to have eluded the renewed controversy about race and intelligence. There is no "scientific" defintion of race of any kind, whether on the basis of Mendelian genetics or any other system of methodical observation.

Furthermore, IQ tests are specified for the measurement problem-solving capacity, which is not the same as the broad concept understood by intelligence. IQ test results cannot be regarded as an empirical observation, such as the establishment of blood-group or body temperature.

An IQ score includes a reflection of the motivation and enthusiasm o the tested individual - factors which can drastically affect the test result. A hypothesis based on matching the vague notion of race to the tenuous one of intelligence is difficult to take seriously. Kevin Bannon.

F COURSE it is highly likely that some races are genetically predisposed to higher IQs. But some races seem eminently better 100-metre distance runners than others. With such physical differences between races and gen ders, why shouldn't there also be mental differences? But who cares Isn't that what's interesting about

Land-mine assassin

Pat Turner.

I SOMETIMES think about the man who, after kissing his wife and children goodbye in the morning, goes to his work where he sits at a drawing board and designs land-mines. Ills design brief is for a mine that is cheap, difficult to de-tect, and which will severely mutilate or kill anyone unfortunate enough to step on it. Then the man goes home, where his children run to him on two legs, he hugs them with two arms, and tells his wife he had a great day. We might not actually know such a man, but we can be sure that he exists, and that he is one of many who order, devise, construct, sell, buy and lay these vicious weapons.

Perhaps the governments of landously more concerned about the loss of defence jobs than by the loss of limbs and lives in Bosnia, Cambodia, El Salvador and elsewhere. Those who depend on the manufacture and use of land-mines should seek a more creative way of earning "scientific racists", such as Christo | a living. There can be no honourable excuse for world leaders to Roger Pearson (Men who think argue for continued use and developinent of these weapons. The world's land-mines must be banned, and existing stocks destroyed, with-Martin G Barker,

Briefly

want in French"

THE LAST paragraph of Anne Swardson's article "Malais Eats Into Montreal" (April 7) was particularly revealing, with its picture of the Westmount teenager who looks forward to living in Vanconver because "all the signs will be in English, and the telephone opera-

tors won't ask you what number you

There we catch a glimpse of the standard-issue Montreal Anglo, who speaks only English and feels that "those Prench" should have to sneak English for his convenience. If such people are leaving Quebec, one can only say "bon débarras", which () hasten to explain for the enlightenment of your Montreal Angle read ers) means "good riddance". Rruce lubsetter

Rapido-Danseur, Quebec, Canada

WAS astounded to see favourable review in the Guardian of a book on the Pinkerton Detective Agency (Gumshoe Who Stuck To It, May 5), America's most noteclass group. The only possible rivals are the police and FBI with whom they often collaborate. Rachel Towne. Albany, New York, USA

NOW that it's been (almost) con-firmed that enting BSE infected cows can lead to CID in humans. the suggestion is that said cows are slaughtered. For several decades it has been recognised that "smoking kills". Has anyone suggested the mass rounding-up and destruction of cigarette stocks?

Erskineville, NSW. Australia

A GIRL of seven killed while try-ing to pilot a plane (April 21); a boy of six charged with attempted nurder (May 5). I suppose this is not surprising in a country (the US) where children buy their own clothes with an "allowance" at six and are expected to earn money doing odd jobs after school at eight The lack of parental responsibility in the case of the little girl and the extreme responsibility attributed to the little boy are just two sides of the same coin --- the tendency to treat children like adults. Gabriele Tonne.

COR Andrew Higgins to suggest the return of Hong Kong to China would lead to corruption is a bit rich (Corruption fears dog Hong Kong, April 28). Corruption has always been rife in Hong Kong the only difference now is its openness and that it involves higher authorities.

(Dr) Adrian Chan, University of New South Wales, Sydney, Australia

The Guardian Weekly

Copyright © 1998 by Guardian Publications Ltd., 119 Farringdon Road, London, United Kingdom. All rights reserved.

Annual subscription rates are £47 (United Kingdom), £52 (Europe inc. Eire), £55 USA and Canada; 260 Rest of World: Letters to the Edilor and other editors correspondence to: The Guardian W 75 Farrington Road, London EC1M3FG. Fex: 44-171-242-0985 (UK: 0171-242-0985) e mail: weekly@guardian.co uk.

GUARDIAN WEEKLY May 26 1996

INTERNATIONAL NEWS 3 General brings tension to Bangladesh

Arshad Mahmud in Dhaka and Suzanne Goldenberg

WAR was being waged on Monday among Bangladesh's top politicians for control of the military, with the army chief under house arrest, tanks on guard around the presidential palace, and ominous troop movements reported at some provincial barracks.

With less than a month to go before Bangladesh returns to the polls for the second set of general elections this year, the power struggle threatened to worsen the political paralysis that the June 12 ballot is meant to resolve.

Moments after a televised speech in which the president, Abdur Rahman Biswas, sacked the army chief. Lieutenant-General Abu Saleh Mohammed Nasim, tanks and jeeps carrying troops were seen moving toward the presidential palace in | the civilian government. central Dhaka. It appeared they

Nine hostages

freed in Irian

Jaya jungle

John Agilonby in Jakarta and Alex Bellos

NE hostages, including four Britons, were freed last

operation by Indonesian special

But the joy of freedom turned to

horror when they learnt that two

Indonesian hostages had been

murdered by their kidnappers.

Anna McIvor, aged 20, was

the only witness to the killings a

she had become separated from

Daniel Start, William Oates and

Annette van der Kolk. She was

found alone about an hour after

Twenty five Indonesian special

forces, or Kopassus, troops res-

cued the hostages after tracking

them and their captors of the

Free Papua Movement (OPM)

for five days through some of the

pointed by an unpiloted drone.

or reconnaissance aircraft. The

roops descended from heli-

copters on the jungle clearing

and in reasonable health. The

freed group comprises four

Britons, two Dutch nationals

The Britons, all Cambridge

iniversity graduates, were

and three Indonesians.

kidnapped in January.

where the group was being held.

All those rescued are unburt

densest jungle on earth. Their location had been pin-

the other British hostages -

the others had been freed.

forces after being held for four

week in an airborne rescue

months in the remote jungle

province of Irian Java.

were there to protect the president rather than to oust him. Several barracks in the northern towns of dozen troops took up positions in front of the state-run radio and televialon stations.

In his speech, President Biswas said Gen Nasim disregarded his order to retire two officers. Instead, Mr Biswas claimed, the army chilef ordered troops loyal to him to march towards Dhaka in "a move tantamount to treason".

Mr Biswas announced the appointment of Major-General Mah-bubur Rahman as the new army chief, but it was unclear whether he had succeeded in assuming command in the face of Gen Nasim's refusal to accept what he termed his illegal sacking.

The general denied the president's accusations that he was moving troops to topple him and said that he was committed to upholding

On Monday, however, unusual

Bogra and Mymensingh and in the port of Chittagong.

The showdown came after Mr

Biswas - the commander-in-chief and a senior member of the Bangladesh Nationalist Party (BNP) - tried to retire two very senior officers at the weekend, reportedly without consulting the army chief. The president accused them of "anti-army activities"

In retaliation, Gen Nasim ousted four senior officers whom he suspected of collaborating with the president. President Biswas then ordered the general placed under house arrest.

Behind Gen Nasim's sacking lies the bitter rivalry between the two leading political figures in Bangladesh — the Awami League leader, Sheikh Hasina Wajed, and Begum Zia, the BNP leader who lost power in March.

Turkey's president Suleyman Demirel, surrounded by his bodyguards, gets into his limousine after

Yeltsin plays liberal card to get votes

cal parties may be invited to join the

povernment. His comments ap-

peared to address some of the de-

manda made by Grigory Yavlinsky,

a liberal economist, who has sug-

gested an alliance with Mr Yeltsin to

fight the communist party led by

Gennady Zyuganov.
Mr Yavlinsky is demanding not only the dismissal of the prime min-

ister. Viktor Chernomyrdin, and an

immediate end to the war in Cheche-

nia, but the dismissal of all the min-

Last week Mr Yeltsin dramati-

cally demonstrated the power of his

office when he issued executive de-

isters responsible for starting it.

He said members of other politi- | and military conscription. Battling

surviving an assassination attempt last week in the western town of Izmit

President Biswas accused Gen Nasim of "involvement with political parties, indiscipline and inciting trouble among the troops". This appears to mean that he suspected the army chief of siding with the opposition firebrand, Sheikh Hasina. Many army officers have taken an active part in politics, and have mainly sided with the Awami

League. Some newspapers have accused the president of running a parallel government in violation of the constitution and with the aim of undermining the caretaker gov-ernment of Mohammed Habibur

By a constitutional amendment hurriedly pushed through by Begum Zia's outgoing government, the defence portfolio was given to the president, a move that provoked condemnation from other parties, who said it was aimed at putting the military under BNP control.

poll goes to a runoff

Larry Rohter in Santo Domingo

HE FIRST round of balloting in a watershed presidential election in the Dominican Republic has ended with none of the three major parties winning a majority, forcing what promises to be a contentiou runoff next month between two leftof-centre candidates.

Nearly complete official results announced last week showed José Francisco Peña Gomez of the Dominican Revolutionary Party, who is making his third attempt to win the presidency of the Caribbean nation, with just under 46 per cent of the vote. Peña Gomez, aged 59, a former mayor of the capital, is one of the best-known leaders of the Latin American wing of the Socialist

In the second round, scheduled for June 30. Dr Peña Gomez will face Leonel Fernández of the Dominicea Liberation Party, who won 39 per cent of the vote. Dr Fernández is the political protégé and heir of the leftist firebrand Juan Bosch, but has worked to move the party toward a more centrist

Dr Peña Gomez said he considered himself "virtually the president of the republic" on the basis of his strong showing. "We have won a resounding victory," he proclaimed, arguing that he could lose only if "acts of magic" were directed against him.

In private, however, some of his advisers were more circumspect. The cause of their concern lies in the same polls, conducted by the Gallup Organisation for the news magazine Rumbo, that correctly predicted Pena Gomez's margin of victory in last week's vote. Those soundings show that if a second round were to be held immediately. Fernández would be the victor, winning 52 per cent of the vote.

Even before the vote, there were numerous signs of a tacit alliance between Fernández and Joaquir Balaguer, the country's 89-year-old president, who is in his seventh term of office and is prohibited from succeeding himself. Throughout the campaign, Mr Balaguer systematically undermined the campaign of his own Social Christian Re form Party, which finished a weak

Gomez, whose enemies auggest his do all that he can to prevent his victory. In his final campaign speech on Sunday, President Balaguer, in a clear slap at the front-runner, urged voters to support the candidate who was "most authentically Dominican". — The New York Times

crees phasing out the death penalty | Washington Post, page 16

to fend off the strong Communist

challenge and maintain Russia's

shaky engagement with the West,

Mr Yeltsin announced that the Russ-

ian army would be composed solely

of professional soldiers by 2000.

The unexpected move is likely to be

bitterly resisted by generals disillu-

sioned with talk of army reform and

at 24 to 28 per cent, and many

around him urging him to cancel

the elections altogether, Mr Yeltain

appears to have been forced into

With his opinion poll rating stuck

starved of funds.

nich risk measures.

third, with 15 per cent of the vote. Dr Balaguer despises Dr Peña patriotism is in doubt because of his Haitian ancestry, and is expected to

Karadzic foxes Bildt over promise to resign

David Hearst in Moscow

tial election.

ment team."

BORIS Yeltsin, Russia's president, said at the weekend he

would consider reshuffling his cabi-

net and forming an alliance with

anti-communists in an attempt to

woo voters in the June 16 presiden-

During a visit to the Siberian city

of Omsk, Mr Yeltsin also promised

to prevent poll fraud and said he

would go ahead with a pre-election

trio to Chechenia, despite what he

claimed was intelligence that sepa-ratist rebels planned to kill him. Mr

Yeltsin said: "We may perhaps re-

place the greater part of the govern-

Julian Borger in Zagreb

NTERNATIONAL mediators in Bosnia claimed on Monday to have won a promise from Serb separatists that Radovan Karadzic, the indicted war criminal, would step down from power. But the Serbs almost immediately denied making a deal, saying only that their leader had delegated some duties as selfstyled president to his deputy.

The denial from the Serb strong-hold in Pale was a blow for the mandments of the Bible or of the international community's representative in Bosnia, Carl Bildt. He believed he had manocuvred the Serb leader into a corner, but may

himself have been outwitted by sured by the Serb parliamentary hardline separatists, who appear to speaker, Momcilo Krajisnik, that have strengthened their hand after Mr Karadzic would "disappear from

Karadzic to step down came after talks in Belgrade at the weekend between Mr Bildt and Serbia's presimandments of the Bible or of the peace agreement here within secturned to Pale to translate the understanding into a legal docu-ment, he left empty-handed. The confusion about Mr

Karadzic's future role was compounded by an earlier announcethe weekend talks.

Mr. Bildt said he was making progress. "No one is going to achieve heard from."

Mr. Ratable would disappear from pounced by an earlier announcement that he would hand over that Karadzic would not be seen or responsibility for relations with the heard from." international community to his Comment, page 12

The apparent agreement for Mr | "vice-president", Biljana Plavsic, another hardliner. Mr Karadzic and his military com-

mander, General Ratko Mladic, have been widely viewed as the greatest obstacles to the success of the Dayton peace settlement. Both have been indicted for war crimes after their bloody attempt to carve an ethnically pure Serb statelet out of Bosnia, and have blocked attempts to implement the treaty's clauses on the country's reintegration.

Washington Post, page 15

A BOY of 10 appeared in a Colorado court to face charges relating to the alleged beating to death of an 18-monthold girl. Under state law, no child under the age of 12 can be sentenced to more than two years' probation.

Washington Post, page 15

A FIER months of internal debate, President Bill Clinton has decided to limit the kinds of land-mines in the US arsenal but he will not ban them outright.

■ NTERNATIONAL aid agencies are preparing for a mass exodus of desperate Liberians and other West African nationals living in Liberia, after thousands of refugees arriving on rusting ships were allowed temporary refuge in neighbouring countries. Refugee drama, page 12

HE Turkish army, continuing a two-month-old offensive against Kurdish rebels, killed 58 guerrillas in a battle in the mountains of the south-east.

SECURITY was tightened around several Australian politicians after threats from radical militia and gun groups opposed to the government's ban on rapid-fire weapons.

EE TENG-HUI has been sworn in as president of Taiwan, the first leader in Chinese history to gain high office through a direct popular

VOZO YOKOTA, the United Nations human rights expert investigating violations in Burma, has guit because of the constant battle for funds.

🖶 HE Italian president, Oscar Luigi Scalfaro, appointed Romano Prodi to form the first predominantly left-wing government to take power in Italy. Mr Prodi's 20 ministers include nine ex-communists, three former Christian Democrats and

IBRALTARIANS have opted G for good relations with Spain, electing the Social Democrats to break the impasse with Madrid and deliver economic prosperity while maintaining ties with

RACLE Corporation, the world's leading maker of database software, has formed company to develop strippeddown, low-cost computers that could access the Internet and send electronic mail.

Comment, page

Indian nationalists get chance to rule

Suzanne Goldenberg

In New Delhi

MID the beat of victory drums and screams in praise of Mother India, the prime minister-designate, Atal Bihari Vajpayee, vowed last week that he would install the country's first Hindu nationalist government. Mr Vajpayee, leader of the

Bharatiya Janata Party, was summoned to the presidential palace, where he was appointed prime minister and given until May 31 to prove he can command a majority in

The brief ceremony, which included the swearing-in of 11 cabinet ministers, was boycotted by politicians from the National Front-Left Front (NF-LF) alliance and regional parties.

The alliance, which has said i was cheated out of power, has vowed to bring down Mr Vajpayee's minority government in a confidence vote which must be held by the end of the month.

The Congress party, which lost nearly half its seats in the general election, reaffirmed that it too would vote against Mr Vajpayee.

With the BJP's main opponents vowing to bring them down, it is by no means certain they can win a parliamentary confidence vote. Indeed Mr Vajpayee began to show doubts on Tuesday about whether he could survive the vote. "There

is weak at the moment," Mr Vajpayec said.

The decision by President Shankar Dayal Sharma to call on Mr Vajpayee follows frantic efforts by the NF-LF to block the rise to power of a party seen as the enemy of Muslims and lower-caste Hindus. The NF-LF was stung by Mr Sharma's decision to ignore its own claim to govern.

Although the BJP is the single largest party after the inconclusive general election, it has only a third of the seats in parliament.

The BJP was nevertheless in celebratory mood. Minutes after Mr Vajpayee returned from the presidential palace, party workers milled about his garden exchanging jubilant messages on cellular

Mr Vajpayee, aged 69, has been projected as a BJP moderate. "We will treat all citizens on equal footing. There will be no discrimination on the basis of religion, region, caste or class," he said.

He criticised liberal intellectuals who had expressed fears about the BJP, and efforts by its opponents to block its rise. "To say that calling the BJP would be to subvert the democratic foundations of India is an insult to the verdict of the people."

Although Mr Vajpayee dodged questions about the BJP's economic and regional policy - both contentious areas - he made a point of saying that the party would not waver from its hardline stance on



A Bombay Bharatiya Janata Party activist, with colour smeared over himself, celebrates the appointment of BJP leader AB Vajpayee as

religious issues and the nuclear | derareas of China, rightfully belong

ported global disarmament, "If, however, nuclear bombs get piled up, then for our defence we will take

what measures are necessary." He reaffirmed his belief that Pakistani Kashmir, as well as bor-

Meanwhile, P V Narasimha Rao who led the Congress to its most devastating defeat in nearly 50 years, made his farewells in a national television and radio broadcast, saying: "We accept your deci-sion with humility."

Coalition looms for Israel | China regains trade favours

Derek Brown and Jessica Berry in Jerusalem

HE government that emerges from Israel's general election on May 29 will be a fragile coalition that much is made certain by an election system which reflects the country's ethnic, religious and ideological divisions.

The politicians and the pundits are already busily putting together putative alliances around the two candidates for prime minister: Shimon Peres, the Labour incumbent, and Binyamin "Bibi" Netanyahu, o the rightwing Likud bloc.

For the first time in Israel's 48 years, each voter will have two choices: one for prime minister, and another for a party list. The new system is expected to benefit the smaller groups vying for the attention of the electorate.

have a strong claim to the loyalty of | parties. well-defined sections of the elec-

Most obviously, there are the 450,000 or so Israeli Arab electors. Those who vote in the prime ministerial poll are expected overwhelmingly to support Mr Peres as the champion of the peace process. But, having thus expressed their choice on the main issue, they will be freer now than in the past to opt for parliamentary candidates from their own

community.

The other "ethnic" voters now being frantically wooed by the main factions are the immigrants from the former Soviet Union: threequarters of a million of them have | forms of observance.

arrived in Israel since 1989, and they are well established as a formi-

dable political force.
In 1992, the Russians — as all post-Soviet immigrants to Israel are invariably known — were widely expected to prop up the Likud government. In fact, they were a central factor in the victory of Labour, under Yltzhak Rabin, who shamelessly boasted that he alone could bring peace, prosperity, and good times for all.

As a complicating factor, this election is being contested by a new faction, Yisrael ba-Aliya, which can translate as "Israel of Immigration" or "Israel on the way up", and which s targeting the Russian vote.

The party has scant resources but a priceless asset: it is led by Natan Sharansky, the former Soviet dissident, prisoner of conscience and champion of political freedom. Some, like the party which rails | This is his first foray into politics, against the tyranny of banks, may but he has already stolen much of be safely discounted. Others will the limelight from the established but he has already stolen much of

> Election surveys have established a clear ethnic pattern within the so-called Russian community. More than a quarter of post-Soviet immigrants come from the Caucasus and central Asia, and they are clearly inclined towards the right and Mr Netanyahu. But the majority, who come from European Rus-

sia, tend to be Peres supporters. However, the picture is blurred by two more fundamental fault lines in Israeli society: that between religious and secular Jews, and, within the former group, that between the Ashkenazi (Western) and the Mizrachi (Sephardic or Eastern)

Martin Walker In Washington

RESIDENT Clinton on Monday announced that he would renew unconditional Most Favoured Nation trading status to China, arguing purely on grounds of economic selfnterest that the US should not curtail its trade with a country that "in less than two decades may well be the world's largest economy".

"Our interests are directly at stake in promoting a secure, stable, open and prosperous China," Mr Clinton told the Pacific Basic Economic Conference in his first important policy statement on China since he sent two aircraft carrier task forces to support Talwan in March.

"Revoking MFN and in effect severing our economic ties to China would drive us back into a period of mutual isolation and recrimination that would harm America's interests, not advance them."

Already supported by the Republican presidential candidate, Bob Dole, and by the US corporate lobby, Mr Clinton's decision was opcampaigners among Democrats, and by Taiwan's supporters and anticommunists among Republicans.

China's foes are vocal. The rightwing Republican Pat Buchanan condemned Mr Clinton's "shameful appeasement" and the California Congressman, Dana Rohrbacher, warned that he expected the US would be "at war with China within the decade".

Last week, however, the Clinton administration had announced more than \$3 billion in sanctions against China, a new US record in punitive trade restrictions.

China responded swiftly with the threat of counter-sanctions that ranged from heavy duties on vegetable oils to telecommunications equipment and films.

"China shall have no other options but to take corresponding counter-retaliation measures," the ministry of foreign trade and economic co-operation said. The trade sanctions will not come

into force for 30 days, giving more time for last-ditch talks, and there were some signs that elements within the Beijing authorities may be mounting efforts to avert damaging trade war with the US. A senior Chinese offical said they would tighten controls on the domestic audio-visual market to combat intellectual property piracy, the root cause of the dispute.

 China has ordered a crackdown on separatist "terrorists" in its restive Tibet and Xinjiang regions, saying activists who oppose Be jing's rule must be crushed.

In a rare admission of the severity of anti-Chinese feeling in the Himalayan region, the official The Daily newspaper exhorted police to wipe out a campaign of bombings mounted by groups that support Tibet's exiled Buddhist leader, the Dalai Lama,

A front-page editorial at the weekend said: "In the 'strike hard' crackdown on crime we must relentless pursue and show no mercy to the who transport, steal and hide exploeives and firearms."

The newspaper said the death penalty should be imposed wherever warranted.

Britain courts China, page 10

INTERNATIONAL NEWS 5

Death squad targets Hizbullah

Shyam Bhatla in Amman

THE ISRAELI army has formed a death squad to hunt officials and armed activists belonging to Hizbullah in Lebanon.

Members of the squad, Egoz (Hebrew for Almond) were indi. belonging to Hizbullah in Lebanon. Members of the squad, Egoz (Hebrew for Almond), were indirectly responsible for triggering last month's massacre at the United month of the month of Nations base in Qana, south Lebanon, in which more than 100

At the peak of Operation Grapes of Wrath, Egoz was sent to pinpoint Hizbuilah men firing Katyusha rockets into Israel. On April 18 Israeli commandos in civilian clothes arrived in Qana to search for Hizbuilah militants but, fearing they had been detected, they radioed home for help. Army commanders told them to withdraw before ordering artillery to shell the area.

In its attempt to keep Egoz secret, the Israeli government has held back from publishing details of its inquiry into Qana.

The decision to deploy Egoz followed the failure of air and artillery bombardment to stop the Katyusha rockets. Western intelligence sources estimate about 50 Hizbullah fighters were killed in hand-to-hand combat with Egoz.

"These boys are bloody good," one senior army officer said. "They play an extremely important role against the terrorists in Lebanon and they deserve our appreciation."

Western intelligence experts say Egoz owes its existence to the former army chief of staff Ehud Barak. now foreign minister, who led a hit squad that assassinated Palestine Liberation Organisation leaders in

Beirut more than 20 years ago.

Mr Barak is responsible for another secret squad, Unit 504, authorised to operate in frontline Arab states. It may kidnap, recruit agents and gather intelligence but is not authorised to kill. This unit is part of Aman, the Hebrew acronym for army intelligence. Though Israel signed peace treaties with Egypt and Jordan. Unit 504 acts there as well as in Syria and Lebanon.

Evidence of Unit 504's expanding role has been provided by Egyptian security sources in Cairo. They hold the unit responsible for recruiting two Egyptians, Amr Salman Armilat and Abdel Malik Hamed.

Mr Armilat is a school caretaker n Sinai, and the Egyptians say he was given money and drugs in exchange for information about troop movements. Mr Hamed is a former sailor with the Egyptian

FOREIGN EXCHANGES Sterling ratés Sterling rates May 20 May 13

I		, i
Australia	1 9024-1 9044	1.9127-1,9168
Austria ;	16.32-16.33	18.32-16.34
Belgium	47,60-47.70	47,71-47.75
Canade	2.0763-2.0760	2.0723-2.0741
Denmerk	8.95-8.96	8.98-8.97
France	7,84-7,85	7.85 7.85
Germany	2.3197-2.3217	2,3208-2,3232
Hong Kong	11.69-11.70	11.69-11.70
Ireland	0.9682-0.9699	0.9897-0.9713
kalv	2,345-2,347	2,353-2,355
Jepan	101.88-102.0B	168.82-9159.06
Nethenends		
New Zealand	2.8918-2.6939	2,8942-2,6965
Noney 1	2.2108-2.2171	2.1998-2.2032
Portuger /	9.95-9.98	9.96-9.97
Sont-	238.29-288.56	238.46-238.76
iSpain	193.63-199.49	193.29 193.62
Sweden	1 10.19-10.21	10.26 10.28
Switzialand .	1,9083-1,9107	11.8917-1.8942
500	1,5118-1,5125	1.5167-1.5145
	1,2913-1.2329	1.2343-1.2355
PTER 100 Share	جورت وروس بالملحل	78.0. FTEE 200 1/4
100 to 9.9 at 4	1722 S. Ooki vy 90.91	# 0001,8K . (510)
·	•	

navy who confessed to spying on a military base. rests of Mr Armilat and Mr Hamed. Unit 504 is also active in Jordan.

with a car bombing last November,

himself as a Unit 504 member. He explained that the Palestinian susnave been thwarted. pect was an undercover agent work-Meanwhile, the security forces ing for Israel in Jordan. In Tel Aviv, another court is hearing the testimony of lawyers acting for four Lebanese civilians kid-

have scored a victory against the Hamas Islamic fundamentalist movement with the arrest of a Palestinian accused of responsibility for a napped by Unit 504 late last year. number of suicide attacks. Last The four were wanted in connection week in Hebron, soldiers shot and seriously wounded Hasan Salameh, codename Abu Ahmed, a leader of Izzedin al-Qassam, the armed wing of Hamas. He had been on the run

OFFSHORE OPTIONS

7.5%

7.25%

4 YEAR FIXED RATE BOND

7.0%

6.75%

2 YEAR FIXED RATE BOND

- Minimum investment only £5,000. Maximum investment £1 million. No further deposits permitted efter
- Early closure options after 30.6.1998 for 4 Year Bond, 30.6.1997 for 2 Year Bond, subject to 180 days interest charge. No partial withdrawals.
- Interest paid into your bank or building society account on 30th June each year, commencing 1997.
- Interest paid gross, with rates guaranteed until 30.6.2000 for 4 Year Bond and 30.6.1998 for 2 Year Bond.
- Accounts mature into Yorkshire Guernsey's instant access account.
- Should you wish to cancel your application, you may do so in writing within ten working days of its receipt by Yorkshire Guernsey. Your investment will be returned including any interest earned, and no charge will be payable.

YORKSHIRE QUERNSEY

IS A WHOLLY OWNED SUBSIDIARY OF YORKSHIRE BUILDING SOCIETY

These are strictly limited products.	To maximize the constraint to restal to	الله المن الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل	ے کے سے مسالک مسالک مسائلے ہے جاتے
, I/WE ENCLOSE A CHEQUE OR BANKE	AS DRAFT FOR Esta		r bankers draft to this application form.
Interest Instructions: I/we require i	nterest to be: Transferred to YGL/A/C No.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	AR BOND 2 YEAR BOND.
		iresa	The state of the s
	er griffing from the first the factor of	Time of the contract of the co	The state of the s
Bank Account No.	Bank A/c Holder's Name	The state of the s	Bank Sort Code
Yorkshire Guernsey will normally contact your	nominated bank/building society to verify your identity.	t kori kvap to volujusta suotpas pakkybistivo i	pociatry to aupply such proof, please include the bank
	scount polders only). Early cloaure wil		
🔲 any account holders (please	etate no. required to eign).		
	competing and women and conjugate		Fig. 1. Sept. Ann. Phys. 19 (1997) 1997, Appl. 1997
Title Farenemes	grand it the come from it so	rname	man detailed to the
Title	Su control de la control de Su	rnama	
Address	and the board with the second the	The state of the s	P.Q.B / / /
inte il correspondence address la difficient fo	om abova, plassa supply on saparate ahaat attached to t	Tel No	The state of the state of the state of
/we sores to be hound by the reme	and conditions of the socount and of Yorkehi	Nis application.	there is given need than
A Company of the Comp	and confiltrated or cite adoptife and 01 totalent	e anblusely mujou will be sent to w	state of the state
Signatura	2 Signatura		Data better tind of one in a
wish to receive further information	on 2 Year Bond and 4 Year Bond 🔲 (Complet	Land allette searbha bus sman s	The Roll was to represent the first
eture year completed application		: Yorkshire - Buorscey, 1. PG - Bex.	The state of the ment and also be to be
t., Puter Port; Guernapy, Channel i	La fra conservative programme construction	of the morning of the best such	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	للمراجعة للمنا مناه للمه فلمارسية كماء الجها بمناه وساء		li denider e cwesses in
Total Control of the State of t	Alberta militari ya 1964 ya 19	the managers of the shall be proposed.	was been another access.
ans a difficient de la Valle X 🕥	DKCHIDE	Alteria leaking in Trail yang me	tight were your and anothers

12 Professional State Control of the Control of the

ាស់តម្លៃស្រីស្រីស្រី សាក្រុម និង



MAGUERNSE Year or recommendate and non-bear

A SUBSIDIARY OF YORKSHIRE SUILDING SOCIETY

A SUBSIDIARY OF YORKSHIRE SUIL DINO SUCIETY

Yorkshire Guernally Linked his terreplactured office and principal place of business in PO Box 304, Valley House, Hitchire Survey and Hitchire Survey are made in the former principal and spayment (Institute), of the survey are made in the former principal and spayment (Institute), of the survey are made in the survey are

Dole quits Senate and goes for broke



The US this week

Martin Walker

OBERT DOLE announced that for the sake of his presidential campaign, he would give up one of the great congres-sional careers of modern times. avoided challenging them on redun-dancies and downsizing in a period First elected to the House of Repre- of soaring corporate profits and balsentatives in 1960, he was elected to | looning executive pay. The Presithe Senate in 1968 and has stayed there ever since. He has been minority leader and majority leader, chairman of his party, vice-presidential candidate to Gerald Ford in 1976, and a presidential candidate in 1980 and 1988. He finally secured his party's nomination this year, and on the eve of his 73rd birthday

decided to go for broke.
"The White House or home," Dole vowed in an emotional speech that stopped in its tracks the Republican wailing at President Bill Clinton's massive 31-point lead in the opinion polls. Politicians are herdlike creatures, and within moments the Republicans were chorusing that Dole had pulled off a master stroke, and cut himself loose from an unpopular Congress.

There is some truth in this. In less than 18 months, the historic Republican victory to win control of both House and Senate has turned terribly sour. The architect of that victory, the garrulous and ebullient Speaker, Newt Gingrich, has become the most unpopular politician

By the time Dole had wrapped up his party's nomination this spring and returned to lead the Senate, the Republican-run Congress was no longer a popular place to be. The Democrats were learning with relploying the rule book that Dole had written on the ways a well-drilled minority can stall and delay and frustrate the majority.

Instead of the Senate being the launch pad for the Dole campaign, it became a cross between a prison and a pillory. Dole was trapped in the Senate floor, trying to push through laws that the Democrats could easily block, while the Democrats sat back and tested popular ideas on focus groups. Once they | Mark Tran In New York found one, like the plan to raise the minimum wage, they pushed it at Dole and forced him to block it.

In the image battle, which is the one that matters, Clinton won and the Republicans lost. They were blamed for the closing down of government during the budget wars, and they were blamed for being mean to the old folk and careless of the environment. The Republicans | who had seen a photo of Leslie moved so far to the right that they | Isben Rogge on the FBI's home created a vast space in the centre for Clinton to stake out and tipped off the Feds that Mr

Clinton grabbed more central ground again last week, enacting a law that would require sex oftenders to be registered, so that when they emerge from prison, their new neighbours can be alerted. Then his White House spokesman said that the President opposed same-sex marriages, just when the Republi-cans were launching a "Defence of Marriage" bill. The state of Hawaii is close to legalising homosexual marriages. Under current law, all other states must recognise a marriage that is valid in any one state. The Republicans want to give the other 49 states the right to ignore

Clinton's most audacious move to the centre came at his round-table conference on corporate respons bility. He gathered more than 100 chief executives but carefully dent was so cautious that he began by saying some companies needed to cut staff, and concluded that he had no right to demand that bosses

show some wage restraint.

"Some of these big companies have got to downsize," Clinton acknowledged, and boasted of his own success at slashing the federal government payroll by 11 per cent. "I am in no position, and Congress is certainly in no position, to make udgements on what any particular executive should be paid. That's

crazy," he said. Instead, Clinton used the bully pulpit of the presidency to cajole business into employee-friendly corporate practices. He announced a new annual prize, the corporate citizenship award, to be named after the late commerce secretary, Ron Brown, who died last month in an air crash in Croatia.

"Thirty years ago, the average CEO made about 35 to 40 times what the average worker did. Today that's up to 200 times," Clinton said. "There is a general feeling in America among a lot of people that they have worked hard, played by the rules, but have not benefited from

the country's general growth."
Clinton deliberately avoided any class war rhetoric, and shrank from the opportunity to make downsizing into a modern morality tale for a populist politician in an election year. That originally had been the plan. And why not? In the first three years of Clinton's presidency, AT&T and IBM each laid off 120,000 peo-

THE FBI at the weekend

list, a bank robber hiding in

someone living in Guatemal

unveiled its first success in

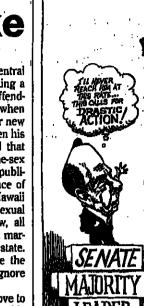
tracking down criminals through

the Internet - the capture of a

fugitive on its Ten Most Wanted

The breakthrough came after

Rogge was living in the country.



FORMER

tions hauled themselves out of recession and back into profit.

Clinton had ridden the 1991 recession all the way to the White House with his 1992 campaign slogan: "It's the economy, Stupid." This year, Pat Buchanan threatened to do the same, with his attack on corporate greed and his exploitation of downsizing as the new fear of the US workforce. The drumbeat of alarm intensi-

fied with a week-long series by the New York Times in March, with headlines like "Millions of Casualties . . . The Company as Family, No More . . . Big Holes Where Dignity Used To Be". It claimed that "threequarters of all households have had a close encounter with layoffs since 1980 . . . workers with at least some college education make up the majority of people whose jobs were eliminated . . . Roughly 50 per cent more people, about 3 million, are affected by layoffs each year than the

The labour secretary, Robert Reich, who has been campaigning for tax breaks to reward companies that show loyalty to their staff, planned the conference as the way for Clinton to catch this radical mood. Reich has campaigned tirelessly on the gaping chasm between the high-employment prosperity hailed in the official statistics, and the general verdict of economic gloom and grumpiness expressed in opinion polls. Moreover, after lentless support of free trade, an assault on corporate greed would have helped relations with the Democratic party's core constituency.

"I go around the country and I ple, General Motors axed 100,000, hear people say the company isn't Boeing shed 60,000, and Sears lost loyal to me, so why should I be loyal

FBI traps bank robber through the Internet

Armed with this information,

the Guatemalan police launched

an extensive manhunt with the

help of security personnel from

the US embassy and Americans

Mr Rogge, "feeling the intense pressure", turned himself in to

the US embassy. He returned to the US in handcuffs on Sunday

and was set to appear in a Miami

The PBI started its home page

- address http://www.fbl.gov

— a little over a year ago. It con-

sists of information about the

living in Guatemala.

court this week.

50,000 as the US's giant corporation to the company?" Reich said as his conference opened. Under his arm was a copy of that day's Wall Street Journal, which published a poll in which 75 per cent of voters said that US family incomes were falling behind the cost of living, and 51 per cent said their own family income was noticeably falling behind. Another 62 per cent thought that companies should do more to share profits with their workers, which was one of the "good corporate habits" that Clinton thought he

> Even Clinton's conciliatory approach was not enough for some business leaders, who insist that their responsibility is to the shareholders, and that the way to take care of the workforce is to keep the company profitable enough to pay the wages. "Every one of those CEOs at Clinton's conference should be taken out and spanked for not standing up and defending free enterprise," said Al Dunlap of Scott Paper. He is known to his former employees as "Chainsaw Al" and "Rambo in Pin Stripes" for slashing the workforce by a third.

LINTON'S opportunity to sound like a Democratic president, to rally the leftwing of his party and to denounce corporate greed, simply fizzled out. The reason was purely political. Clinton is campaigning for re-election on the claim of a strong economy, with nearly 9 million new obs, low inflation, and unemployment down to a 20 year low at 5.4

Gloom about downsizing does not fit into that narrative. There is a further embarrassment. The biggest downsizer in the US is Clinton himself, who has cut the federal

bureau, speeches, a freephone

Wanted fugitive list, with pic-

tures of the criminals and de-

accused of committing.

scriptions of the crimes they are

Mr Rogge, aged 56, appeared on the list in 1990. A convicted

bank robber, he escaped from

1985. Since his escape he has

been charged with the robbery

federal custody in Idaho in

of the Exchange Bank of

other bank robberies.

Eldorado in Arkansas, and is

wanted in connection with two

workforce by more than 200,000 jobs — 11.7 per cent. He is proud o the way he has reduced government bureaucracy to its smallest size since Kennedy was president,

To ram the political point home Clinton's own economic adviser has formally reported that downsizing was a myth all along. Dr Joseph Stiglitz, who came from Stanford to be chairman of the Council of Economic Advisors at the White House, published his survey of the US labour market from 1993-96 late last month. His basic conclusion is that the US job market is booming. jobs a year.

flipping" jobs actually fell between

Clinton was particularly upset last politician looking like him boasting at a political dinner of the 8 million hind him, the overworked waiter

"The percentage of employed persons working multiple jobs has remained in the neighbourhood of 6 per cent since the late 1980s," retorted Stiglitz. Not that his report was all sunny news. Jobs losses in the recession of 1991 were unusually high among older workers. white collar employees, and those with some college education. Nor, said the small print, did they easily find new jobs.

"Roughly a quarter of those displaced during 1991 and 1992 had either stopped searching for work or had not found work by the time they were surveyed in 1994 ... Six or more years after displacement, a displaced worker's earnings remain roughly 10 per cent below what they could have otherwise expected to "A dynamic labour inevitably

others, and the costs of job losses are both significant and persistent," Stiglitz concluded, the balanced verdict of an eminent but very orthodox cconomist. Indeed, his textbook is often cited by Republicans when they want to attack the Democrats' plea to raise the miniployment," they cry.

President agrees with the Republi-

33 years ago.

"The news is encouraging employment has grown disproportion ately in the industry-occupation job categories paying above median ower paying service industry, a maority of the net employment growth has been in management and professional speciality positions, which typically pay above median wages, he survey said. "Contrary to conventional wisdom, the new jobs are not disproportionately part-time, low skill positions," the report went on. "Employment in "hamburger-

year by a cartoon that showed a new jobs created in his term. Begrunts: "Yeah, and I've got three of

destroys some jobs while creating mum wage. "The President's own adviser says this will increase unem-Deep down, one suspects the

cans. He is proud of cutting the federal government, proud of cutting the federal budget deficit in half. proud of being able to say that he has carried out his pledge to "end welfare as we know it". He is proud number, and the FBI's Ten Most of enacting his free-trade strategy. even if this does intensify the impact of low-wage competition on US workers. All in all, Clinton has gor-erned like an orthodox and traditional liberal Republican, which explains why Dole was reduced in his act of desperation. With Clinton abandoning the left and spreading himself all across the centre in ech nomic policy and the centre right in social policy, he has left very life room for Dole to campaign in.

Iran's feminists challenge the mullahs

didates in recent elections. The

most spectacular success was

scored by Faiza Hashemi Rafsan-

jani, the president's daughter, who

Kathy Evans

NEW generation of Iranian feminists led by the daughter of the president is demanding the right to run for the highest posts in government, including the presidency. Only a few months ago the idea of

a woman candidate for the presidency would have raised a few aughs and little else. For the past 17 years since the Islamic revolution Iranian women have been forced by law to abide by certain dress codes. barred from certain jobs, and kept on the sidelines in decision-making. Now, to the horror of the conser-

recently with a declaration in the country's leading feminist magazine that there was no religious objection rative clerics, women are demand-

ing change in the wake of the un-precedented success of women can-"Women should now be getting to the higher levels, including the this would boost the status of women executive level, the presidency," she told Zanan (Women) magazine, the Iranian feminist journal. She did not deny recent press

won the second highest number of speculation that her success in the votes. She was second only to Nateq general elections could pave the way for a presidential bid. Much will Nouri, leader of the Combatant Clergymen's Association, who has depend on her father. President already announced he plans to seek Hashemi Rafsanjani, she said. He is the presidency.

Ms Hashemi signalled the launch barred by the constitution from standing for a third term as presiof her campaign for high office dent next year and his political future seems uncertain.

Many Iranian analysts believe that Ms Hashemi, aged 33, is well-placed in Islam to a woman becoming for an attempt to secure the parlia-

deputies enormously and signal a new tone of liberalism and modernism - just the kind of development conservative clerics oppose.

Since the election, Iranian feminists have been particularly outspoken. A leading woman lawyer, Mehrangiz Kar, recently criticised the Guardians' Council, one of the highest clerical and parliamentary bodies in Iran, for not including

Ms Hashemi's emergence coincides with an unprecedented debate in clerical circles about the status of mentary speakership, or at the very women and whether the Islamic government has proved oppressive and

nagazines challenging the Islamic Republic's attitude to women

To Western eyes, Ms Hashemi might appear an unlikely feminist. She always wears the black chador the symbol of conservative Muslim womanhood, and forswears cosmetics. The only public hint of her liberal views so far came in her election campaign, when she was the only woman candidate to show her chin in her election posters.

She was attacked recently by the radical clerical-backed group, Ansar Hizbullah, for urging that women be allowed to ride bicycles and motorcycles. Radicals compared her with the Prophet Mohammed's wife, Ayesha, a figure viewed as anti-Shi'ite by Iranian Muslims.

Report calls for end to Iraq embargo

Maggle O'Kane

AREPORT published last week by medical experts and aca-Britain has condemned six years of international sanctions against Iraq.

Their continuation, as a war against the Iraqi people, is "tantamount to shooting down a plane full of innocent people because there are hijackers aboard", says the main author, Roger Normand, policy director of the New York Centre for Economic and Social Justice.

The findings of researchers from Harvard University and the London School of Economics support World Health Organisation claims that more than 500,000 children may have died in Iraq in the last six years ecause of sanctions.

Teams measured mortality and health in identified clusters. The main causes of death in children were found to be infections and illnesses flourishing due to malnutri-tion and weakness. Basic medicines were not available to the vast majority because of cost — hyper-inflation makes a doctor's monthly pay worth around \$4.50.

The centre has launched a legal challenge to the UN, claiming that the sanctions breach recognised international human rights principles.

Britain and the US have been the strongest supporters of sanctions. arguing that they must remain is force as a means of control until President Saddam Hussein cooperates fully with international inspection teams and reveals all information on his chemical, biological, and nuclear weapons capacity.
Fearing that President Saddam

will manipulate for his own benefit a deal which allows Iraq to sell oil to pay for food and medicine, Britain and the US have insisted on tough terms. The UN has agreed on conditions, but the deal has yet to be: accepted by Baghdad.

In the Iraqi capital there is little evidence of hardship among the ruling elite. Palaces are being built and - according to a report on human rights — President Saddam's eldest son, Uday, controls a black market in hard currency which ensures unds for the military and elite.

Adbul-Haq, editor of the Arab Review in London, said: "He [Saddam] is stronger than he ever was. People are weakened by the sanctions and airaid to do anything. Instead they are blaming the West, not Saddam."

Personal Investment Planning with VIP Service

Are you considering using an offshore bank? In that case contact Jyske Bank. Jyske Bank offers all

that you would expect of an offshore bank; security, quality and discretion. And as a bank with Danish roots, we offer you something extra; always a professional and friendly service.

VIP Service

You will be assigned your own personal account manager who will monitor your investment, and make suggestions with regard to any changes to be made. After careful consideration of your investment horizon and risk profile, a tailor-made investment proposal will be forwarded to you.

In Jyske Bank you can build your portfolio from a wide range of investment products - from highinterest bearing current accounts with Visa card, to mutual funds and individual securities portfolios.

Geared **Investments** If you are financially capable of running a

degree of risk, you may gear your deposit up to 4 times. This offers you the possibility of investing a larger amount and of obtaining a higher return on your investment.

Are you looking for an offshore banking partner? For further information, mail or fax the coupon or pay us a visit on the Internet: "http://www.Jyske-Bank.dk/PB".

You are also welcome to contact Jyske Bank (London), 10-12 Alie Street. Freepost: LON 5323, London E1 8BR. Freephone: 0 800 378 415. Fax: 171 264 7717. This advertisement is approved by Jyske Bank (London), who are regulated by the SFA for the conduct of business

The value of fund investments can go down as well as up and an investor may not get back the original amount invested. Depending on the investor's currency of reference, currency fluctuations may adversely affect the value of investments.

Private Banking the Friendly Way

lyske Bank is Denmark's fourth largest bank and employs 2,600 people in 122 domestic branthes and a number of subsidiaries in various European countries, lyske Bank is a public company quoted on the Copenhagen Stock Exchange with more than 160,000 shareholders.

The Bank's international customers are undinly being serviced from the below mentioned units.

Any deposit account established in lyske Bank (Gibraliai) or lyske Bank (Schweiz) is not protected under the Deposit Protection Schemes run in the United Kingdom and Deimark. The investment services undertaken on your behalf (or provided to you) are not covered by the rules and regulations made for the protection of hivestors in the United Kingdom, lyske Bank (Gibraliar) is licensed by the Financial Services Commission, License No. FSC 001 00B.

Jyake Bank, Private Banking (International)

9. Vesterbrogade = 1780 Copenhagen V = Deumark Tel.: +45 3378 7801 • Fax: +45 3378 7811

| Jyske Bank (Schweiz) | Jyske Bank (Gibraltar) | 12. Wasserwerkstrasse | 8035 Zürich | Schweiz | 76. Main Street | Gibraltar | 12. +41 1362 7373 | Fax: +41 1362 5150 | Tel.: +350 72 782 | Fax: +350 76 782

COPENHAGEN • ZÜRICH • GIBRAFTAR • LONDON • HAMBURG • LUFNGIROLA

	TO A DOM A TIVISTOCICE .	ITUENGIROLA .
I would like to receive information material from	1 101 1	
Jyske Bank in:	Name (resembler) delicer, del	I could be seen a linear with a second
유리 살아이는 아는 이 전에 집회를 들어 들어서 이 사원으로 하다면 그래요? 그 병원인데	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
Copenhagen Zürich Gibraitar	ا برود او در دادی او در دادی دو دو او در او در دادی دو دادی او در دادی دو دو دادی دو	1
Commercial explores the first than the control of t	Address	I have a second of come in
Concerning to the state of the	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Investment loans General Information	Postal code/City	l met de eig ook Hayay was gip oo o
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	The Company of the Co	hand the first of the second o
Please send the coupon to:	Tel	the state of the state of the state of
Section will be made the best and section to the section of the se		

Please send the coupon to:

Jel.

Jyske Bank, Private Banking (International) • 9, Vesterbrogade • 1780 Copenhagen V • Denmark • Fax +45 3378 7811

and David Hencke

HOUSANDS of public bodies, from universities and schools to housing associations, were told last week to set up whistleblowers' charters to help ensure proper use of nearly £16 billion of taxpayers' money.

The Nolan committee on standards in public life called for an end to a culture in which managers "shot the messenger" when staff alleged fraud or impropriety. Employees must not be disciplined or victimised, provided that they acted without malice and in the public interest.

Lord Nolan, in a letter to John Major, said there was no "fundamental malaise", but his report called for more openness in the running of 4,600 bodies, including grantmaintained schools, further education colleges and training bodies.

The Prime Minister promised to give the report "the close study it deserves", while Labour's Derek Foster, shadow chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, said the party would ensure that local authorities had the power to scrutinise "policies and actions of such quangos". He said: Without such teeth, local accountability will remain a pipe-dream."

The bodies studied by Nolan are governed by unpaid boards but mostly funded and supervised by national quangos.

The committee said these were responsible for identifying and remedying malpractice "yet in the few cases where things have gone badly wrong . . . it has frequently been the tip-off to the press or the local Member of Parliament . . . which has prompted the regulator into action".

There should be more careful use of gagging clauses, and there should be opportunities for staff to raise concerns confidentially inside, and outside, organisations. An approach that invited all staff "to act responsibly to uphold the reputation of their organisation and maintain

public confidence . . . might help to avoid cases when the first reaction of management faced with unwelcome information has been to shoot

Meanwhile, in a move which forestalls the Nolan Committee, the Serious Fraud Office (SFO) and the National Audit Office are investigating possible multi-million pound fraud and corruption scandals involving hundreds of homes bought less people in the West Midlands.

The investigation raises questions about the monitoring role of the Housing Corporation after allegations that it failed properly to deal with one potential fraud after lending millions of pounds to one of the

The scandal centres on the West Midlands' biggest housing association, Focus, after a number of whistleblowers and its chief executive, Richard Clark, passed files to the police alleging that a fraud ring involving members of his staff, valuers, solicitors and vendors, is operating in Birmingham.

More than 500 property transactions involving seven housing as sociations are under investigation. The SFO is understood to be concerned that the ring could be operating on an even wider scale.

A confidential report details 116 property deals where it is alleged hat nearly 30 per cent of the sale price has been creamed off to the cartel. Three members of Focus have been dismissed. Other allegations of mortgage fraud, corruption. and lavish lifestyles financed by public money in a defunct Birmingham housing association, Shape, are also being investigated by the police and

Robin Corbett, Labour MP for Birmingham Erdington, who passed some of the information to the audit office, said: "The disclosures emphasise the need for much tougher guidance and control over

Gangs in benefit swindle

RGANISED criminals are swindling the state of millions of pounds a year in bogus housing benefit claims, prompting MPs to demand more high profile prosecutions and exemplary sentences for

Frank Field, chairman of the Commons social security committee, said that an investigation of private landlords responsible for more than 20 homes on which benefit was claimed would reveal "more housing benefit than through the greed and deceit." National Lottery".

Laws on data protection and confidentiality should be reviewed to help stop the fraud, the committee said in a report last week. Up to a fifth of the £10 billion housing bene-

fit bill may be slohoned off illegally. The all-party committee believes that "third parties" — private landlords or their agents --- are responsible for most malpractice.

The committee pressed for more claimants' tex and national insurance details.

Payments almost doubled in five years, and increasing subsidies to tenants in the private sector meant

much was going directly to land-

Many serious frauds, including false addresses, fictitious tenancies multiple identities, false income dec larations and forgery of cheques could only be maintained for long periods with the active support of andlords and their agents.

The report said: "These most se rious cases have nothing to do with poverty or desperation. They are

 Thousands of sick or unemployed home owners face crippling mortgage demands following a bungle by the Department of Social

DSS officials said overpayment of mortgage interest remained the biggest problem in the running of the income support system for

home owners. Thousands of income support claimants have faced demands for powers to check on landlords' and | repayment of benefits and then repossession when they could not meet the debt.



Chirac gets choice cut of pomp

BRITAIN pulled out all the stops for President Jacques Chirac's four-day state visit. The Anglophile republican President - the first head of state to arrive in London by rail, travelling on a scheduled Eurostar train clearly enjoyed the pomp and pageantry. He blew kisses of delight to the crowds from the Queen's open carriage, and even allowed himself to be stuffed with British beef at Buckingham Palace without a word of protest.

The President and the Prime Minister, John Major, put on an impressive display of affection. Not in 50 years had relations between the two countries been so good, enthused Mr Major, while President Chirac urged solidarity and the creation of a mysterious "global partnership" between France and Britain. The great love-in could not, however, diaguise the crisis across Europe, and particularly in the Tory

party, over beef.

Mr Chirac offered a few helpful words. He endorsed Mr Malor's "step-by-step" approach towards persuading the European Union to lift the ban imposed on the export of British beef because of the scare over "mad cow disease". But many Tory Eurosceptic backbenchers are n no mood for negotiation and want to confront the EU and begin retalia-

They have demanded a variety of etaliatory measures including stopoing Britain's contributions to the BU budget; slashing EU beef exports to Britain; threatening sanctions; or pursuing an "empty chair" policy at EU negotiations. So far, however, the Cabinet has favoured Chirac reminded his listeners that the scare had hit the German and French beef markets as hard, if not

harder, than Britain's. Meanwhile, the Agriculture Minater, Douglas Hogg, offered to double - from 40,000 to 80,000 - the number of cattle over 30-months-old which Britain is prepared to cull to

restore public confidence in beef. There were cautious hopes that the EU veterinary experts would

veterinary committee voted down proposals to ease the ban on exorts of beef byproducts until more detailed eradication measures are agreed, plunging Britain into furher confrontation with the EU.

ETER MANDELSON, Labour's clever election strategist and close confidant of the party leader, Tony Blair, last week generously praised the qualities of Gordon Brown, the shadow chancellor. Mr Brown was equally generous in his praise of Mr Mandelson, saying: "I get on with him. He is one of the nost brilliant electoral strategists and has done a tremendous amount for the party.'

It was all part of an exercise by Mr Blair to put an end to gossip about petty feuds between members of his shadow cabinet. He told them sternly that, with the approach of a general election, the collective leadership needed to demonstrate self-restraint, and that "what was once seen as no more than harmless gossip now has the potential to damage the Labour party".

Mr Brown is said not to have entirely forgiven Mr Mandelson for backing Mr Blair for the leadership in 1994. The deputy leader, John Prescott, did his own bit of stirring when he criticised Mr Brown's plan to give the Treasury more power in

There is nothing new about tension among big egos at the top in politics. Mr Prescott and Robin Cook, the shadow foreign secretary, may be distancing themselves slightly from the leader in case he should push his modernising zeal ences here are minimal compared with the distances that separated prominent members of previous Labour governments,

ATTACKS on the Government's running of the National Health Service were renewed by the doctors' trade union, the British Medical Association, which claimed that hospitals across the country were Commission to lift the ban on British gelatine, tallow and beef semen. But on Monday the EU's facing "financial meltdown" and that patient care was being put at risk because they were being pressed to treat more patients for less money.

budgets by 3 per cent each year. They are not allowed to make a surplus, and the fees they charge to family doctors and health author ties must be sufficient only to cover costs, not to replace equipment or expand services. According to the BMA, the most efficient hospitals treating the greatest number of patients, become financial loses and are driven towards bankrupky because they are forced to charge unrealistically low prices.

In some hospitals, surgeons claim to have been ordered by managers to create waiting lists. artificially by working slowly as a way of making money. Other hospi tals complain that the only way they can balance their books is by discharging patients early.

The Audit Commission joined

the attack, asserting that the G fund-holding system — claimed ministers to be the "driving fore behind NHS reforms — was falling to produce improvements for most patients because some doctors has neither the skill nor the motivation to make the scheme work

GP fund-holders are given be gets to "buy" hospital care and specialist services from whereve they can get the best deals. The commission accepts the principle fund-holding, but questions doctors skills and competence in imple

ORD RUNCIE, the former Arch L. bishop of Canterbury, admitted that he had knowingly ordained homosexual priests in direct contri vention of the Church's ban, a policy

There had been times in his m istry, said Lord Runcie, when acted in a 'don't-want-to-know an why should I inquire way like added that he never liked the base pect of inquiring into what hap pened in a man's bedroom unless he

icy is to accept gays for the lait, is not for the clergy, Lord kunces mission provoked a storm of a

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

GUANDIAN WEERLY May 28 1995

Labour to end free degrees

Patrick Wintour

ABOUR is to bite the bullet after three years of party wrangling and commit itself to making graduates pay back part of the cost of their university education. The move signals the end of "free" higher education.

Party leaders are planning to tackle the crisis in higher education unding by agreeing that students in uture must pay back a proportion f their maintenance contributions hrough the national insurance system. The idea was ditched at the ast moment in 1993 when John Smith, the then leader, was not prepared to make an issue of it.

Tax plan to cut car use

The proposals form part of a document on life-long learning predaction policy, and senior leftwing members of the pared by the shadow education secretary, David Blunkett. They form part of Labour's evidence to the Government-established but bloartisan Dearing Commission on higher education funding. They come at the end of

troubled fortnight for Labour dominated by disputes over policy and Separate proposals to limit child benefit for children over 16 and switch funds to training and college education for 16- to 19-year-olds have already provoked unrest within

policy forum appeared at the weekend to accept the logic of the proposals, arguing they will help rather than hinder children from poor families reach higher education.

Labour is pleased that it has stayed one step ahead of the Tories The move is likely to receive

38.600 in 1985 to 227,000 last year.

on this issue and is pointing out that tuition fees will not be subject to broad support within the party as

he only way to continue to fund the ncreasing number of students. The number of students has risen from

The National Union of Students

and university heads have already reluctantly embraced the idea o paying back some tuition costs through national insurance or the tax system to help fund a boom in student numbers. Labour's proposals are modelled

on an Australian government higher education contribution scheme. which has succeeded in not deterring children from poorer families. The party is to propose that repayment of maintenance grants should be related to earnings, with the grants paid back through the national insurance system. Unemployed graduates will not be required to make repayments.

The paper argues that the Government's National Student Loans Company has effectively collapsed with take-up at less than half the number of students eligible. Many students are unable to meet the five year repayment requirement schedules and defaults are increasing.

UK NEWS 9

Labour points out that the number of students will have to continue to rise If Britain is to compete with other countries.

Vice-Chancellors have been threatening to impose £300 per head student levy in 1997 to confront the financial crisis, a threat that forced the Government to set up the Dearing inquiry.

Labour's national policy forum at the weekend also saw delegates denouncing the party leadership over its handling of plans to withdraw child benefit from parents of children aged over 16 still at school. Chris Smith, the Social Security Spokesman, reassured delegates that a review of Child Benefit was under way, but with no decisions made.

general and carefully prepared not to conflict with shadow chancellor Gordon Brown's spending

ABOUR is preparing a wide-ranging plan using the tax system to persuade people to use public transport and leave their cars at home.

It has targeted a review of company car taxation and vehicle excise duty to encourage "less intensive" car use. If it wins the election, Lahour may also let local authorities keep toll and parking charges — if they

are spent on transport schemes. In the rail industry, one of the plan's most controversial proposals is for staff to sit on a newly constituted British Railways board "to make the new BR a model of the stakeholder company of the future" aiming at a new relationship beween management and staff, who will be "justly rewarded" so they work with a full commit-

ment to the industry's success. The proposals were in a docunent, Consensus for Change, drafted by Labour's policy forum it the weekend. It contains ideas or a 20-year strategy in transport.

It comes a month after abour's plans for a reform of ompany car use was revealed. But the current draft is more

INANCIAL support for the Con-

servative party among Britain's

biggest companies has collapsed,

leaving the Government with only a

handful of backers in the run-up to

Research by the Guardian shows

that just 12 of the top 100 companies which have so far published annual

reports for 1995 are continuing to

Of the groups which have still to

loyal. The defections mean the Gov-

The Tories have clearly been

mubbed by a number of big corpo-

rations allenated by government:

policies. The brewer and retailer,

Whitbread, for example, cancelled

give money to the Tories.

made donations.

Lisa Buckingham

the election.

In its foreword, Clare Short, shadow transport secretary, says: "The car cannot be wished away and proposals that seek to punish car use will not win public aupport. But [people] must be persuaded to use them differently.'

The document recognises that for many jobs a company car is essential. But it wants to study he structure of company car taxation "to encourage more energy efficient and environmentally sustainable car use". It also criticises the flat-rate system of vehicle excise duty, saying It takes no account of mileage or energy efficiency.

Ms Short is opposed to notorway tolls, but backs local authority direct charges for road use or their entering publicprivate partnerships to raise vestment for transport.

Other proposals include a local authority ban on lorries through small towns and villages, amid more efficient use of road freight.

beer industry in successive budgets

tensify. The drugs giant Glaxo Well-

come gave £8,000 last year but has

said it will no longer contribute. The

insurance group Legal & General.

which gives about £30,000 a year,

decided not to seek shareholder

Shareholders are helping to turn

the screw by questioning the valid-

ity of donations to any political

party. This has prompted a number

of companies to split their political

financial year, by the politically

its! long running £100,000-a-vear

It was also confirmed that ac-

countants Touche Ross told the

Conservative party in July 1993 that

approval for future contributions.

Next year the pressure could in-

Firms stop cash for Tories

provide details, the Government can | contributions more evenly.

rely only on Dixons, Marks & The acquisition of the Forte em-

Spencer and Tomkins to remain | pire, which gave £80,000 in its last

ernment will probably collect just neutral Granada group will also af

£520,000 from Britain's biggest | feet Tory finances. And the four-way

companies - roughly half the sup- split of the Hanson empire, coupled

port it gained in the run-up to the with the retirement of founder

last election, when 29 corporations | chairman Lord Hanson, could end

whitbread, for example, cancelled £365,000 it had been given by fugits long-standing support following tive tycoon Asil Nadir had been

a perceived failure to help the stolen from his company.

donation.

Tiers of joy.

BALANCE	RATES
£500 – £0,000	5.25%
£10,000 – £39,999	5.83%
£40,000 = £90,499	5.95%
£100,000 - £249,999	6.10%
£250,000+	6.20%

Read it and reap. Woolwich Guernsey has consistently offered excellent rates of interest in all these tiers.

Last year, in particular, our £500-£9,999 tier offered 5.75% interest, the highest rate of any offshore building society subsidiary Which, incidentally, made it the industry best buy for 1994;

And, had you invested £10,000 over the past 3 years in our £10,000-£39,999 tier, you'd now be crying with laughter, becaus it was also rated as industry best buy in '94."

In fact, you can now earn an impressive 5.85% in this bracket Quite obviously then, you could do yourself a wealth of good by investing with Woolwich Guernsey. And you can rest assured your investment is secure. All deposits are 100% guaranteed by Woolwich Building Society?

Not only that, the beauty of this Woolwich Guernsey account is that it gives you instant access to your money. You're free to withdraw all or part of your investment at any time you like with no penalties at all.

To find out more, call us on 01481 715735 during weekly business hours. Alternatively fax us on 01481 715722 or clib the coupon.

Woolwich Guernsey. We wipe away the competition's tiers.

Please send me details of the Woolwich

Guernsey Sterling International Gross Account.



Return to: Woolwich Guernsey Limited, PO Box 341,

La Tonnelle House, Les Banques, St Peter Port,

Guernsey GY1 3UW

Best International Roles. Chaste de Vers. "Money-Facts Offshion Building Society Beat Buys, Inhestment International Deposits made with the effices of Wookwich Guermany Limited are not covered by the Deposit Protection Scholars Act 1987, Protection 22 of the Building Societies Act 1986, all Habilities of the company are guaranteed by the Wookwich Building Society. Wookwich Building Society Wookwich Building Society Wookwich Building Society Wookwich Building Society Protection Protection of Deposits and Protection of the Company Law 1994, Representative office, Let Portselle Bookwick of Guerrany Law 1994, Representative office Wookwich Building Society, Corporate Headquarters, Westing Steel, Bedgittenic Kart DAS 7RR; 18t: 0161 288 8000, Paid up Stear Capital and reserves accessing \$20m. Incorporated in Guerrany, registration not 25581. Copies of the Company most recent audited society actively active to made shough Wookwich Building Society Branches, Rates shown are corect as at 14.96 but are visuable. Gays payment of Interest is sufficient of incorne Lax.

Alan Travis and John Mullin

ONFIDENCE in the British criminal justice system was dealt a devastating new blow last week when the Home Office announced that the discovery of contaminated forensic equipment could lead to the convictions of at least a dozen IRA bombers being

Michael Howard, the Home Secretary, ordered an independent in quiry into the disclosure that could affect some of the most high profile cases of the last six years.

The Home Office said scientists at the Ministry of Defence's Fort Halstead Forensic Explosives Laboratory, in Kent, had discovered by accident on March 14 that the centrifuge machine used to gather explosives evidence in bomb cases had been contaminated with Semtex for more than six years.

The discovery was first reported to Mr Howard two months ago. He admitted that evidence from the laboratory was used to secure convictions in at least a dozen terrorist explosives cases.

But Home Office sources confirmed that the inquiry may find more cases are involved if it proves that the contamination spread to other parts of the laboratory.

A total of 38 people charged under the Prevention of Terrorism Act have been convicted of offences involving explosives since the contaminated centrifuge was brought into service in 1989. It is believed that the dozen cases identified by Mr Howard are among them.

Cases called into question are believed to include the Cricklewood bomb blast, the Warrington gas explosion and the attack on the Israeli embassy in London. Many of the cases will go to the Criminal Cases Review Authority before being referred to the Court of Appeal. For any sentence to be set aside it will have to be shown that the flawed forensic evidence was a crucial factor in the conviction.

The centrifuge machine at the centre of the scandal had been in use until 1989 at a nearby laboratory. Scientists have not been able to pinpoint the origin of the contam-

the size of a microwave oven — was already contaminated when they

"By normal standards the explosive detected was tiny," said Mr Howard in a Commons written answer. Later, he added: "The chances that there has been a miscarriage of justice are very small. But I don't want to take any risks or leave any stone unturned.

Gareth Peirce, who represented Daniel McBrearty, a Londonderry man who was held for three months in 1989 solely on what proved to be a false test for Semtex ingredient RDX, said: "In the aftermath of the Maguire and Birmingham Six cases, the laboratory had a chance to clean out the stables, but this shows they never took the opportunity."

Mr Howard ignored clear warn ings from Lord Taylor, the Lord Chief Justice, that action was urgently needed to improve the foren-sic service 18 months before the

Lord Taylor warned Mr Howard in November 1994 that specific remedial action was "urgent and overdue". He told the Academy of Forensic Scientists that the Home Secretary's "silence on the issue

Mr Howard's lack of action led to accusations in the Commons that he had displayed a "disastrous combi nation of arrogance and ineptitude in his handling of the matter.



Tit-for-tat to end spy row

Patrick Wintour

nuclear weapons".

WO of John Major's three

most senior ministers clashed

on Europe last week when the

Home Secretary, Michael Howard,

became the first member of the

Cabinet to call for a repatriation of

His demand came as the Chan-

cellor, Kenneth Clarke, attacked

Tory Europhobes and warned that

disengagement from Europe would leave Britain as a "Switzerland with

Conservative officials insisted

that Mr Howard's outspoken attack

on the powers of the Strasbourg

judges had been cleared with the

Foreign Secretary, Malcolm Rifkind,

and did not contradict the Govern-

powers from the European Union.

ian Black

COUR British diplomats are being expelled from Moscow and four Russians from London in a negotiated conclusion to the most serious East-West spy crisis since the end of the cold war. Both countries hope relations can now return to normal.

Russian officials in London called the British move "unjust, unfounded and unacceptable

Britain never denied Russia's allegations that it had arrested a Russian spy in the act of broad-London. But Britain did challenge Moscow's initial demand for the expulsion of nine Britons as disproportionate.

The Foreign Office said that Russia's final position had been given to the British ambassador, Sir Andrew Wood, by the deputy foreign minister, Sergel Krylov.

The Foreign Office minister, Sir Nicholas Bonsor, then called Anatoly Adamishin, and gave him the names of four embassy staff to be withdrawn, avoiding the harsher word "expel". Neither side has published the

names of those being expelled.

Oxfam presses retailers

ment's European white paper. But sceptics were delighted that Mr of Justice, accusing the Strasbourg

agenda.

Helen Nowloka

Oxfam's Clothes Code campaign

their overseas suppliers.

The amount of clothing chain stores buy from abroad varies. Marks & Spencer says 77 per cent of its garments are made in the UK, while the Burton Group, whose atores include: Debenhams, Top Shop and Burton Menswear, imports about two thirds of stock. In an intensely competitive and

fast-growing market factory owner minimise overheads by forcing staff to work 12 hour days or longer in sweatshops for minimal wages.

judges of overstepping their power

and pursuing their own political

Mr Howard insisted Britain

should remain within the union, but

also claimed the beef ban made i

much more difficult to make the

His remarks, inevitably seen a

an attempt to keep up his profile in

the crowded battle to lead the scep-

tics, came as the Chancellor battled

to voice the case for Europe inside

Mr Clarke said: "In an era of

rapid change, the European option

offers us a leverage on world events

which we could no longer, an

would never, enjoy on our own."

case for membership

the Conservative party.

Conditions frequently contravent the UN declaration of human rights and the International Labour Organ isations conventions on minimu standards, which governments in many of the countries with the poorest standards have signed.

the Clothes Code campaign, sald retailers are being asked to address their responsibilities. Oxfam favours co-operation between suppliers and retailers backed by independent monitoring and spot checks rather than boycotts of the worst factories, which would lead to job losses.

find their contracts terminated.

In Brief

N EARLY 2,800 asylum-seek-ers were deported last year after their applications were rejected — an increase of more than 35 per cent over 1994.

BRITISH Airways' 3,100 pilots are threatening to bring the airline to a halt, despite being offered bonuses of up to £6,000 each as part of their share in a £94 million employee dividend, one of the biggest ever paid by a UK company.

OVERNMENT plans to give MI5 sweeping new powers constitute a serious infringement of civil liberties and breach Britain's obligations under the European Convention on Human Rights, legal experts say,

THE former chairman of Barings Bank, Peter Baring, admitted that he and other directors must "share responsibility for its collapse after disastrous trading deals by its Singaporebased trader, Nick Leeson.

A THIRD of 15-year-old boys admit carrying weapons, according to research by Exeter university, which suggests teenagers feel safer when armed.

WO paedophiles who lived out a fantasy of abducting, sexually abusing and murdering a small boy were given three life sentences each. The case has led to calls for a national register of convicted child sex offenders so their moves can be monitored.

A PUBLIC health inquiry has been launched in Cornwall ollowing the discovery of a cluster of leukaemia cases in one class at a secondary school in Camelford, the town at the centre of a major water pollution incident eight years ago.

ARNING letters are to be sent to 100,000 homes offering free tests to households that may be exposed to danger-ous levels of radioactive radon gas in areas previously thought to be radon-free.

OLICE have began a murder inquiry after a man was stabbed to death in front of his drifriend in a "road rage" attack. Comment, page 1

A POLICEWOMAN who to nine months of humiliation and victimisation by three male colleagues jost her case for sexual harassment. The case raised disquieting claims of routine sexual bullying in the force.

THE BRITISH writer Helen Dunmore was awarded the first Orange prize for women writers of fiction.

CTOR Jon Pertwee, best A known for his role as Doctor Who, has died at the age of 76.

Railtrack set to yield £1.9 billion

Patrick Donovan

ORE than 600,000 small investors were sitting on instant profits averaging more than £100 as the Government's most controversial privatisation to date, the £1.93 billion sale of Railtrack, provoked renewed accu-sations that valuable state assets were being sold on the cheap.

The Railtrack shares soured to a hefty premium as the privatised utility made its stock market debut on Monday, because of an unexpected surge in demand which allowed the Government's financial advisers to orice the issue at 390p — at the top

Bankers said that the decision

about £1.93 billion from the sale of | the rail network formerly controlled by British Rail.

The sale will raise less for the Freasury than the £2 billion of taxpayers' money it pays out each year to keep the railway running.
The Government's adviser, SBC

represented the maximum that could reasonably be achieved. It had previously indicated that the fully priced shares would be sold at 350p-390p. But Labour has renewed claims that the issue was under-The Transport Secretary, Sir

f an earlier valuation forecast. neant the Government would raise | £8 billion over the next five years.

partly paid shares was priced over the weekend at 190p for British retail investors and 200p for insti-

reduced in order to meet demand Warburg, insisted that the sale price from small investors.

George Young, said that privatisation would save the taxpayer money because Railtrack needed to invest

tutions. The number of shares available to big City investors was

With the proportion on offer to the general public subscribed three times over, the shares allocated to retall investors was increased from 30 per cent to just under 60 per cent of the entire issue. This meant there were fewer shares for international nstitutions, which had exceeded their share allocation by 14 times.

Keith Harper adds: The ceaseless and bitter rivalry between British Airways and Richard Branson's Vir- | Glasgow.

As part of the staggered-sale gin group is descending into anoffer, the first instalment in the other flerce battle as both sides vie for control of the railways.

Britain's largest airlines are locked in a head-to-head contest to run the crucial parts of the rail network that serve the country's airports. Their ambitious plans include new stations and perhaps fast links between terminals at Gatwick, Heathrow, Birmingham, Manches ter and Glasgow.

Both sides are to bid for Thames Trains, which offer direct links between London and the two largest airports in the country. But even more significant is their interest in British Rail's West Coast main line, the important artery joining London, Birmingham, Manchester and

Bullet surgery for war orphan | Sinn Fein moves on arms



A FIVE-year-old African girl with a bullet lodged behind her right eye last week underwent a successful operation after

surgeons warned she had a 'time bomb" inside her head, writes Chris Mihill. Doctors at the Norfolk and Norwich hospital, said they decided to operate on Tenneh Cole

as there was a significant risk of her dying through brain infection. A team of three surgeons led by Geoffrey Cheney performed a 2½-hour operation, cutting out a wedge of bone on her right cheek to remove the 2cm bullet, Mr Chenev said there was already

right eye, raising fears it would spread to her brain "It was a bit like a time bomb It could have gone off any time.

It may have taken weeks, or He said he was hopeful the operation had reduced the risks of infection by 80 to 90 per cent,

and Tenneh may be able to return to her home in Sierra Leone next month. She was hit by the stray bullet 16 months ago during the civil war in which her parents died. A British couple, Mark and Caroline Cook (with Tenneh, above), who run a children's home there, arranged for some infection behind Tenneh's her treatment in England.

David Sharrock and Petrick Wintour

S INN FEIN'S president, Gerry Adams, said on Monday that his party was prepared to sign up to the six principles established by an international body to resolve the deadlock in Northern Ireland over llegally held weapons.

The announcement was immediately countered by John Major's office, which made it clear that such an undertaking would not be enough to get Sinn Fein a place at the all-party talks, which begin on June 10. 'The need for a ceasefire is paramount," a spokesman said.

The Dublin government said the Sinn Fein move was welcome, but added: "The government hope that the statement can be built upon and that the IRA reinstate its ceasefire o that the circumstances will be right for the success of fully inclu-

sive all-party talks on June 10." Mr Adams's decision may boost his party's standing in the Northern Ireland Forum elections on May 30, which will also elect negotiators to the talks, but appears at this stage not to have any direct implications for a restoration of the IRA ceasefire.

"I will sign up to the Mitchell principles provided everyone else is the context of proper all-party talks. because those issues are entirely within Sinn Fein's public policy," Mr Adams said.

The Mitchell principles are named after the former US senator George Mitchell, whose three-man team set out the basis for paramilitary decommissioning.

The Ulster Unionist leader, David Trimble, was sceptical, saying Sinn Fein would have to give "their total and absolute commitment to principles", including ending punishment

beatings. Some believe Mr Adams's announcement is a sign the IRA does not intend to renew its ceasefire in time for the start of the talks, thus embarrassing the Government by forcing it to decide whether or not to bar Sinn Fein, which would undoubtedly stage a demonstration at Stormont and claim its renewed

electoral mandate was being ignored. The move could also be seen as further movement towards a formal separation between Sinn Fein and the IRA, which many observers say would be very difficult to achieve.

UK expels Sudan diplomats

lan Black

RITAIN is expelling three diplomats from the Sudanese em-bassy in London in line with new United Nations sanctions designed to pressure the Khartoum regime to hand over suspected terrorists, it was announced on Monday.

... The Foreign Office said the diplomats were being given a month to leave; the remaining 12 will have to give prior notice of trips outside London while entry visas will be lenied to members of the Sudan government or military. The UN Security Council voted

on April 26 to impose diplomatic The appointments should also and travel sanctions on Sudan belower the temperature between the cause of concern over complicity by those who remain. The measures Government and the judiciary over the Islamist military regime with can be toughened after 60 days.

o Ethiopia three people suspected frontational in style than predeces. of trying to assassinate the Egyptian sors such as Lord Taylor and Lord president, Hosni Muburak, during a onaldson visit to Addis Ababa last June. The US sald last week it was ex-Sir Thomas emerged as a more. Sudan insists it does not know pelling a Sudanese diplomat. In April,

expulsions on a proportionate basis though the London embassy is Sudan's biggest in the West.

Sudanese officials, who had been braced for one expulsion following the United States decision to throw out a diplomat, threatened retaliation. Britain's embassy in Khartoum has seven staff. . .

Foreign Office sources said there would be no justification for tit-for-

danese diplomatic missions and restrict or control the movement of

what it called acts of terrorism.

Diplomats say Sudan is feeling the pressure and may act against fundamentalist militants. The US is concerned about Khartoum's links with Iranian-backed groups.

it expelled a Sudanese official at the runner, Lord Justice Rose, a critic of gence agencies say this is a lie. UN, accusing him of helping Mus-Both men are noted for their will- the Home Secretary's "three strikes, ... Britain's European Union part- lim extremists plot to blow up the ingress to approach matters from Landout sentencing proposals... ners are expected to follow suit with 1 UN and other New York landmarks.

Heseltine courts Beijing

WITH 280 business executives | more than £1 billion worth of new in tow, Michael Heseltine arrived in the Chinese capital on Monday to drum up trade for British firms, eager to capitalise on exports more to Taiwan than China. noisy Sino-American squabbles to | which buys far more from Gerscoop up lucrative deals, writes As- many, France and Italy than from casting secret information to drew Higgins in Beijing.

The deputy prime minister's visit, which will also included Shanghai and Hong Kong, came only days after China and the US announced tit-for-tat economic sanctions in a rose 18 per cent. row over copyright piracy. The latest round of trans-Pacific fistshaking is unlikely to result in a full trade war but should help distract attention from Britain's quarrels with China over Hong Kong.

British merchants have long grumbled that Governor Chris Patten's attempts to expand democracy in the colony have hurt their commercial interests in China.

business during a mission to Beijing last year. Britain continues to be the laggard in the China trade. It

British exports to China fell by 2.4 per cent in 1995. At the same time, Chinese exports to Britain more than double its imports -

China has sought to drive wedge between Europe and the US, dangling multi-million-pound deals for countries willing to take a less robust stand on human rights.

Last month Beijing placed an in the Russian ambassador, order for 33 European Airbus Anatoly Adamishin, and gave planes, ending its previous preference for US Boeings. The switch, though probably motivated more by price than politics, was presented by Despite Mr Heseltine's boasts of | Beijing as a rebuke to Washington.

A LEADING charity is putting pressure on high street fushion retailers to guarantee decent working conditions in factories in developing countries which supply their

Chancellor Kenneth Clarke was hustled into Nottingham Trent University to receive an honorary degree amid protests by students opposed to the award, made for services to the county PHOTOGRAPH: DAVE JONES

Howard has taken up their claim.

Speaking to the European Re-

search Group in London, Mr

Howard said a multi-speed Europe

"could allow those countries which

wish to amalgamate their institu-

tions to do so while permitting other

states for example to remain within

a single market, but outside a politi-

cal union. This may indeed mean that some states would be able to

repairiate powers which are cur

The Prime Minister has endorsed

the idea of a multi-speed Europe,

but Mr Howard is the first Cabinet

minister to spell out the possibility

of reclaiming powers.

Mr Howard also delivered

ently exercised by Brussels."

Cabinet clashes over Europe

urges retailers to ensure that staff n Third World factories are not exploited through excessive hours, intimidation or breadline wages. Consumers will be asked to write to chain stores asking how the people who made the goods on sale are treated, and where clothes were

By increasing awareness of the poor treatment garment workers routinely endure, Oxfam hopes to create a tide of public opinion which will persuade all stores to implement codes of conduct.

The charity has already questioned the UK's five leading clothes retailers, the Burton Group, C&A, Marks & Spencer, Next and the Sears Group, about conditions at

Shelagh Young, co-ordinator

There is evidence that fear of consumer criticism is having an impac Last week C&A announced it was updating its code of conduct for suppliers and had enlisted an independent auditing company to ask factory managers about working practices." Those unwilling to co-operate w

There are limited signs that some factory bosses want to improve con ditions. In Bangladesh the Bantai factory, which makes baseball caps for export, offers staff discounts on treatment at the local hospital a cooperative store with low prices and s hostel for single workers. The factory's output is 58 per cent higher than at comparable businesses.

New judges herald reform

Clare Dyer

HE top lobs in the English judiciary are to go to two of the most radical thinkers among senior judges, heralding what could be an xedented era or legal i In an announcement likely to be made this week, Sir Thomas Bing-

ham. Master of the Rolls, is to be-

come Lord Chief Justice, and Lord Woolf, the new Master of the Rolls, The shake-up has been precipi-tated by Lord Taylor's premature retirement through illness after only four years as Lord Chief Justice. The change means that Sir Thomas will move from heading the civil side of the Court of Appeal to running its criminal division, while Lord Woolf transfers down from the

House of Lords.

first principles, sweeping aside the traditional assumptions which have blocked fundamental reform of the

overhaul of the civil justice system for a century, making it cheaper, quicker and more accessible.

sentencing policy. While both men what it called acts of terrorism. are staunch defenders of judicial It demanded that Sudan extradite independence, both are less confrontational in style than predeces

Lord Woolf, who chaired the Strangeways inquiry, will soon un-

acceptable candidate than the front where the men are. Western intelli-

tat action since the move was the result of a UN resolution. The sanctions, which took effect tries to "significantly reduce" the number and level of staff at Su-

Shine put

on single

currency

L lished on May 15 by the

European Commission in Brus-

sels may well give rise to opti-

mism and restore confidence,

portant ingredient of recovery.

They make reasouring read-

ing: after the economic dol-

drums that lasted from the

strongly — boosted by a

beginning of 1998, when

cal environment.

a single currency.

second half of 1995 to early

1996, activity is set to pick up

favourable economic and politi-

The take-off is expected to

Brussels is doing its sums in

the Euro, at least seven coun-

tries, and possibly more, can

reasonably be expected to meet the Maastricht criteria and thus

move on to the promised land of

It is only when that aim, on

which everything else now de-

pends, has been achieved, and

the European Union is consoli-

dated, that the proceedings of

Conference responsible for re-

tions to allow for the possible

forming the community's institu

European countries will be able

The Commission's optimism

is not false, even if it is hard to

he Intergovernmental

membership of Centrai

to get off the ground.

preparation for the transition to

occur on such a scale that by the

which is itself regarded as an im-

COMMENT

Mr Karadzic loses his grip

S Radovan Karadzic really on the way out? That would be a remarkable outcome from the Bosnian confusion and intrigue at the weekend. Unfortunately the optimism of the mediator Carl Bildt is unlikely to be justified without a great deal more effort from the international community that he represents. The shakeup in the Bosnian Serb leadership began last week when Mr. Karadzic sacked his prime minister, the more moderate Rajko Kasagic. Now Mr Karadzic himself has stepped down, probably under pressure from Serbla's President Slobodan Milosevic. But the result is still to leave hardliners in charge of the Bosnian Serb regime at Pale --- and Mr Karadzic at best still in the wings. Nor does it does make any more probable the prospect of a multi-ethnic Bosnia! as envisaged in the Dayton peace agreement.

ready negligible before US intelligence officials in Washington said so — and made sure their version got out in the New York Times. Both the Bosnian Serb Republic and the Sarajevo government have been quite happy to see the Sarajevo suburbs stripped of their industrial machinery, and then abandoned by most Serb residents under pressure from Pale. Those who remained were soon subject to intimidation by the incoming Muslim administration. The Serb regime has preferred instead to concentrate the new refugees in areas such as Brcko and Srebrenica to ensure their ethnic dominance. The Bosnian federal authorities in all except one of the Sarajevo suburbs refused to negotiate with the Serb side, and ignored Dayton's provisions for Serb participation in the city's management. As the War Report journal noted last month, "Sarajevo is re-unified, but Bosnia-Herzegovina itself has moved ever closer towards

The international force in Bosnia has turned a blind eye to the worst violations. Nato proves to be as weak as the much-maligned UN -- indeed weaker, since it is now operating under conditions of peace which should make its task easier. There is still no attempt to deter Serb intimidation of refugees passing through their territory or seeking to return home. The Implementation Force (Ifor) has adopted the lowest possible profile on the apprehension of war criminals. All hopes are still vested in President Milosevic, whose intervention will, it is supposed, somehow magically result in both Mr Karadzic and General Ratko Miadic being handed over to the War Crimes Tribunal in

If cracks in the Bosnian Serb regime really are beginning to appear, then it is all the more important for the member states behind Ifor to speed up the process by adopting a tougher stand. First, they must declare their intention of ensuring by military means if necessary that the Dayton provisions are carried out, particularly on the return of refugees. Second, they should postpone the arbitrary cut-off date of December 20, after which the Nato peacekeeping force is supposed to disappear. As Washington (which set the date) is beginning to realise, this will be a bug-out to disaster.

The battle for cyberspace

WILL FUTURE generations look back on this no traffic jams or road blocks. There is the power, week as the week when a death warrant was signed for the hitherto omnipotent personal com- the "distance" which it creates between people in puter and with it the dominance of Bill Gates and | different cars. No driver needs to look the other in his Microsoft group? Oracle Corporation, the world's second largest computer software company clearly hopes so. Larry Ellison, Oracle's chairman, regards personal computers as much too expensive and far too complicated for most people. In order to open up a truly mass market. Oracle has stripped the PC of most of its expensive clothes like hard disk drives and expensive internal chips. Instead he is planning to introduce a "network computer" (or NC) which wouldn't even need today's pricey shop-purchased computer programmes. The NC links up to the world-wide Internet network of computers through a modem behaviour. The same principles should be applied on immigration. The US Senate has loaded in Aiready an army of software developers is working on globally mobile software (called "ap-

plets") which can be called down from anywhere in the world where there is an NC.

To prove he means business, Mr Ellison at the weekend announced a dizzy array of the world's most powerful electronic manufacturers who have agreed common standards for the new generation of \$500 computers. They include IBM, Motorola Nokia, Digital and Sun Systems, manufacturer of Java software (which is predicted to dominate the software of Cyberspace just as Microsoft dominated the PC). At the moment some 80 per cent of PCs are occupied by Microsoft's operating system and software. But stand by for the war of the computer glants as Microsoft fights back to avoid being timbled from its perch just as it outflanked IBM in years gone by Although Microsoft is also develop-ing Java, the new NCs won't run Windows, the ftware on which Microsoft critically depends. Computer pundits think that Java software will nitially find it easier to crack corporate markets than the home if only because the 70 per cent of homes without a computer will have to plug the new NC into existing television sets and phone lines (thereby risking family disputes about who uses what), since buying an expensive monitor would undermine the concept of cheap computing.

We are about to witness the digital equivalent of Star Wars as Oracle and others fight Microsoft for control of cyberspace. The one sure winner from all this will be the consumer, who can look forward to falling prices and the prospect of the digital revolution being spread to people who until now have felt themselves too poor to buy a computer of

How to curb motorists' rage

THE first use of the phrase in a broadsheet newspaper was less than two years ago. Since then there have been more than 700 references to the so-called new phenomenon; road rage. It is said to be sweeping the country, with even the most law-abiding citizens indulging in the offence: individuals who use their vehicle to attack other cars or even get out and assault drivers who have infuriated them. A confrontation at the weekend which led to the death by stabbing of a driver, is bound to prompt more gloomy predictions of the decline of civilisation and the rise of violent man. Time for some perspective.

What is frequently ignored by commentators is the rise in road traffic: up 50 per cent in the last two decades and due to rise by 100 per cent in the next 20 years. Two-thirds of all households in Britain now have access to a vehicle. Some 25 million vehicles are registered in the country — up 5 million in a decade. Not only is there more chance that people with quick tempers, identity problems or pathological fantasies will have access to a vehicle but they are also, with the decline alternative transport, more likely to be using

Undoubtedly there is a small minority of pathoogical drivers, who need to be identified because of their suicidal — and homicidal — driving habits. There is a second group of yobs, intent on causing trouble to the vulnerable by tail-gating or other dangerous tricks. Mobile phones are the best deterrent to these troublemakers. But there is a third group of drivers, conventional and normally law-abiding, who may flip. It would be worth some

There are some obvious ways in which cars can make people more aggressive, even if there were no traffic jams or road blocks. There is the power, the eye. There is enormous power at the touch of a once an immigration "chain" is set pedal. Worse still, airbags and seat straps can give up, for whatever reason, it is virtua false sense of invulnerability. Then there is over ally impossible to stop, even when chart of inadequacy. The choice crowding, with Britain's roads among the most conditions in the stricken country over-used in Europe. Add these ingredients — improve. potency, distance and overcrowding — together and it is no wonder that aggression rises. People lose inhibition as they get angrier. There are few

more powerful weapons than a powerful car. Yet all is not lost. People do modify their behaviour. Britain has just conducted a very successful "don't drink and drive" campaign. There has been an enormous shift in stitudes. People have recog-

West makes drama out of refugee crisis

Martin Woollacott

↑ HEN the family of Nur-VV uddin Farah, the Somali writer, ran away from a ruined Mogadishu, they left, in the words of his sister, with "our beds unmade, the chairs in our dining rooms upturned; our kitchens unswept, our dishes in the sinks our future undone".

They went in ships from Mo gadishu to Mombasa, just as Liberians are now going from Monrovia, and just as the boat people now peing forced to go home once left

All of these different people were ouched, as Nuruddin Farah's father said of his own family, by "the virus f fleeing". That terrible combination of fractured domesticity, of loss of faith in the future, and of the infectiousness of the urge to escape, is something that more and more

Such people have another thing n common: that after the heart break of leaving a home, and after the initial dangers of flight, the ordeal is rarely over. Then can come despair as refugees are turned away from country after country, or suf fer the long slow loss of hope, or o eason, in detention camps.

Yet the numbers of refugees and the internally displaced — those who are refugees in their own country -have now reached 50 million, according to the United Nations High Comnissioner for Refugees (UNHCR). That is about one in 115 of the world population. Twenty years ago the figire for refugees was 2.5 million. There has been nothing on the present scale since the years after he second world war. After that, it was thought, there would be occasional emergencies but never again an international vista of suffering. homeless people.

Now events continuously generate refugees, and it is hard to think of this as a problem that will one day be over. Somalia had looked after hundreds of thousands of Ethiopian refugees before being overwhelmed by disaster itself. And, among those ficeing Liberia in the overcrowded that have set out from Monrovia, there are men and women from Sierra Leone who had first fled to Liberia from the civil war in their

The ship which the Ghanaians have just allowed to land is called Bulk Challenge. It is aptly named. The challenge of refugees sharpens precisely because of the growing numbers. Rich and boor countries alike fear the costs and the disruption of accepting refugees on a large scale. They also fear the precedent,

As is well known, everywhere in the world governments are taking | management, one that will not almeasures to keep out immigrants.
The German constitutional court last week upheld that country's new regulations, while the French government is wavering at this moment. ernment is wavering at this moment over contentious recommendations

immigration. The European police agency recently declared that the smuggling of illegal immigrants was its "main concern".

None of this is supposed to affect he "genuine refugee", but naturally t does. In any case one kind of immigrant status tends to blur into another. What, for instance, would be the status of those on board the Liberian ships? Most would certainly not qualify for asylum. They are merely fearful people fleeing a bad and dangerous place, and looking for somewhere tolerable in which to begin new lives or to wait until things are better at home. Those who successfully flee was and chaos tend to include many of a country's educated class, the natural leaders, the technically qualified — the human material that is vital to reconstruction.

Considerations of this kind reinforce the argument of the UNHCR that the movement of refugees is a problem that should never be considered in isolation. The reports commissioned by Sadaka Ogata, the year describe the same tragedy is

N the first phase, there is specialist knowledge of impending disaster but a refusal by governments to listen, on the grounds that warnings are two a penny, and what is only potential can be ignored. Then comes the crisis and an intense flurry of public concern, fundralsing, and aid-giving. For example, in the first two weeks after the scale of the Rwanda tragedy became clear, \$2 billion was pledged, a sum of money which, as some relief workers have sourly pointed out, could, if spent previously in Rwanda, have seriously altered the social and poitical situation there for the better.

Finally the third phase sets in Public interest fades, aid drops off. but the refugees remain, as they d in Zaire, where a million Rwandan refugees still struggle to survive h the camps. The UNHER and the non-governmental agencies, are then left to cope, with dwindling funds. This last phase is also a critical time of mistrust between th countries in the affected region and hose distant from it.

Anxious to deflect the refugee stream from themselves and to show their own public opinion that something is being done, distant countries work manfully to per-suade those in the region to take the refugees. Money will be found, they promise, help will be given, and hi time, a quota of those displaced will be accepted in Europe or the US. Such promises tend to get forgotten or compromised as time goes on.

ments act and public opinion reacts only at the height of a crisis is a not between a cold closing of the doors and open house: it is between a rational policy of prevention an defeating pattern of alternating eff gagement and disengagement will

Le Monde

New Bosnia party upsets nationalists

The government and the opposition have been wrongfooted by an ex-prime minister's ambitions to unite the country's ethnic communities, writes Rémy Ourdan

the popular former prime minister of Bosnia, Haris Silaidzic, that he was forming his own party with a view to fighting this year's general election threatens to disrupt the political equilib-rium established by the nationalist

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

Both President Alija Izetbegovic's Party for Democratic Action (SDA) and the opposition parties are fully aware that Silajdzic's Party for Bosnia-Herzegovina (SBIH) is in a good position to influence the outcome of the election, which is expected to be held by September at the latest.

Now that the first unofficial election salvo has been launched, the SDA, a nationalist Muslim party, is mobilising its troops and looking into possible campaign themes. At its first public meeting, held in Zenica the day after the SBIH's founding convention. Izetbegovic addressed 20,000 people.

Overshadowed by the powerful SDA. Bosnia's opposition parties hardly opened their mouths during the war. It was a time when they were concentrating all their energles on thwarting Serb and Croat separatist designs.

Those parties — the Social Democratic Party (SDP), the Independent Republicans, the Social Democratic Bosnian (UBSD), the Liberal Party and other tiny parties - now have two good reasons to snap out of their torpor. First, the three nationalist parties are poised to win the elections once again, thus confirming Bosnia's division into three ethnic entities. Second, Silajdzic might be seen by the electorate as the only person who embodies a multi-ethnic alternative --- which would have the effect of pushing the Social Democrats, Republicans and Liberals even

further on to the sidelines. The opposition parties and Silajdzic's SBIH may soon come to an agreement with a view to setting up a "national Bosnian bloc", which would set out to defeat the nationalist parties.

Selim Beslagic, mayor of Tuzla firmed these partnership plans on I

Lucas Delattre in Bonn

HE recent announcement by | May 12. The possible alliance will probably not be formalised until the official opening of the election campaign in June or July. Problems remain over the control of key ministries if the alliance wins the election.

Silajdzic, a former close adviser o Izetbegovic, clearly represents a danger to the government. His declsion to form his own party has al-ready thrown the SDA's executive committee into confusion. Ten leading members have left the ruling party to join Silajdzic, while others have been forced to step down.

This jockeying for position has had the effect of making the SDA eadership much more radical. The ruling party, long riven by different tendencies, has rallied round its hardliners and become more homogeneous. This is evident from an internal memo setting forth the arguments the party plans to use during the election campaign. It refers to the 1990 elections, which brought o power a coalition of three nationalist parties — the Muslim SDA, the Serb SDS and the Croat HDZ which shared a determination to underline their ethnic differences.

Six years later — four of them spent fighting — the SDA is again pasing its argument on the defence of the "Muslim people", while apparently giving little thought to a possi-ble "Bosnian people". Worse still, the memo urges Muslims not to repeat the mistake they made in 1990, when some of them voted for nonnationalist parties, "those opposition parties whose ranks included future var criminals".

Social Democrats and Liberals who have consistently defended a nulti-ethnic Bosnia are thus described as "war criminals", whereas no mention is made of the separatist policies of the SDS or HDZ.

Faced with this new de facto coalition of nationalist movements, the opposition thinks it is in with a chance of winning the elections and preventing the planned splitting up

fied Bosnia the opposition will have to look farther afield than just the territories controlled by the Bosnian

TN THE light of the latest tax review. But in addition to the plan to represents 3.2 million public-sector

German finance ministry on May | end of April, further cutbacks will | for a 4.5 per cent rise in salaries this

members of the ruling coalition dur-

revenues of the federal state and the | he may not have expected to arouse | members to show their determina-

Länder will be lower than earlier as much opposition as he has from tion, and it has promised "a long,

According to the federal finance minister. Theo Waigel, the new fore-muscles. Strikes have been break-main aim is to block a plan to re-

casts will not deflect government | ing out all around the country at the | duce sickness benefit, which is due |

unions and the Länder.

Home economics tests Kohl's resolve

enue forecasts published by the save DM 50 billion outlined at the

5. it looks unlikely that the auster- | no doubt prove necessary -- unless

the country's public deficit from | been suggested by several senior

the economy and the high cost of However, when Kohl announced

unemployment, the estimated tax his exceptional austerity measures

forecasts of DM 21.7 billion (\$14.2 | two of the government's main part-

billion) in 1996 and DM 66.5 billion | ners in negotiations: the trade

Because of the depressed state of | ing the past few days.

Helping hand . . . an Egyptian UN soldier hands out sweets to more if plans for of a multi-ethnic Bosnia are to succeed

and in "Herzeg-Bosna", the statelets | may have been discreetly encou controlled by Serb and Croat separatists.

But that will not be possible until the basic liberties (freedom of movement, a free press) have been restored. In Serb and Croat territories, totalitarianism has such a stranglehold that the opposition's ambitions seem doomed to failure unless the international community firmly commits itself to a process of democratisation.

employees. The union is pushing

year. The state, meanwhile, is I

The DGB federation of German

trade unions, which represents vir-

tually all the country's union organi-

sations, has called on its 9 million

With the SDA becoming increasingly radical, the Bosnian press has But to achieve its aim of a reunibeen speculating on the personal role played by President Izetbegovic. government's army. It will have to find allies in the "Serb Republic" Some papers have reported rumours that the creation of Silaidzic's party

policy. Rumours had suggested the instigation of the seamen and port

even keel,

aged by Izetbegovic himself.

A recent opinion poll published by the weekly Dani gave Silajdzic the highest rating of those running for the top job (42 per cent), well ahead of Izetbegovic (27 per cent), while no other politician managed more than 5 per cent.

tional structure and no branches in the separatist territories. It looks as though only a coalition of opposition parties will get the better of Bosnia's powerful nationalists, whose victory in 1990 — with the firm backing of Belgrade and Zagreb - led directly to the bloody war that has just ended (May 15)

nies to make redundancies.

next month.

hot summer"; the wealth tax), and they will fight.
Limited industrial action is due to them as hard as they can, particu-

culminate in an all-union demonstra. | larly in the Bundesrat, the federal

Bonn.

But it is with the Länder that

negotiations will be the most tricky.

They are not prepared to accept the

sacrifices demanded of them, and

will have a chance to reiterate their

The leaders in the Länder feel

that the government's plans will rob

them of substantial tax resources

(chiefly as a result of the abolition of

to become law in the next few weeks, and to get the government to scrap legislation making it easier

being seriously eroded. Chancellor Helmut Kohl

seemed in a determined rather his Brussels visit two days ago. ity measures announced by Bonn | the government decides to increase | looking at a "zero increase" so that | their president-ministers said as problem of unemployment. The last month will be enough to absorb VAT from 15 to 17 per cent, as has It can put its finances back on an much when they met recently, They outlook is bleak in that departviews to Kohl when they meet him

> for employment" proposed by its president, Jacques Santer. He may have felt discouraged by the icy welcome his auggestions got from employers. Yet this is the area that offers the best chance council that represents them in of nipping serious problems in

(May 1.7)

subscribe to it wholeheartedly. On paper at least, given some particularly favourable factors such as very low interest rates and the dynamism of the EU's trading partners, and given also the member countries' avowed determination to reduce their oudget deficits, there are But Silaidzic's SBIH has no opera-

grounds for looking forward to a ion-inflationary recovery. But there are two important preconditions: the medicine imposed on public finances must not kill the patient before it effects a cure; and the patient must not resist treatment.

It would be a big mistake to discount the warning spelled out to the French government by last December's wave of strikes. Similar unrest could occur elsewhere - even in Germany, whose celebrated social consensus is for small and medium-sized compa-

> than an optimistic mood during More than once, he stressed the ment. The Commission knew it had to look into the problem, despite the difficulties involved. That was the aim of the "pact

French disdain for tarnished Riviera

Holiday-makers are abandoning the sunny south for the stark beauty of the Atlantic coast, writes Marie-Pierre Subtil

TEANNE AUGIER, owner of the Negresco in Nice for the past 38 years, is not a happy woman. Ir 1994, for the second year running. her world-famous luxury hotel made a loss of \$1 million. Only her personal fortune allowed her to avoid laying off any of the 200 staff.

Nice is the hardest hit of the Côte d'Azur resorts. But the whole coastline is smarting from recession and the changing tastes of French holiday-makers, who account for half its tourists.

Although the Côte d'Azur remains the second-most visited region of France after Paris, it is losing ground. In 1985, 8.5 million people stayed on the coastline of the Var and Alpes-Maritimes départements. That figure was widely expected to rise to 10 million by the end of the century. Instead, 1994 and 1995 stagnated, at just under 8 million visitors. To make matters worse, people now come on shorter trips than they used to.

Local tourist industry professionals think the French are staying away because of competition from cheap Third World countries, because of steep prices ("an unfair reputation") and because the Côte d'Azur has lost its "glamorous

ently. Patrice Miran, a Green regional councillor says: "Nowadays the Côte d'Azur is the same as Paris, except it offers a view of the sea and has no Métro. In July 1994 the ozone content of the air in Nice was 197 micrograms per cubic metre, well above the European standard f 180. The inhabitants of nearby Monaco were warned, but nothing was done in Nice."

The area is now paying the penalty for the 1980s building spree that made many people rich but igpublic transport and garbage disposal. As one tourism worker puts it, "the Côte d'Azur is a city 80km long, a bit like Los Angeles".

Tastes have changed, as can be judged from the success of "green tourism" in the mountains of the

northern Alpes-Maritimes, which caters for people looking for green-ery and quiet surroundings rather than night-clubs and sleek hotels.

Gérard Yvos, manager of the top-notch Hôtel Martinez on the Croisette in Cannes, claims that "there are still plenty of people who like to swank about in their convertibles and yachts".

But that kind of demand has plummeted in the past 10 years. The occupancy rate of luxury hotels is now about 50 per cent, and certain prices have tumbled

Property prices are down to their 1987 level. Parisians are increasingly losing interest in the area: they accounted for 16 per cent of buyers in 1988, and only 7 per cent

Many in the tourist industry are eating humble pie. "We had it too admits one. "The world moved on and we were left standthink you'll stay at the top for ever. When you've got everything going for you, you don't make any effort to

Figures suggest that the Var has been less hard hit than the Alpes-Maritimes. But locals complain just as much about the slump in trade. For the first time. La Calanque, a three-star hotel in Le Lavandou, was not full this Easter. Gone are the days when it was patronised Cocteau and Picasso.

Annie Ravier, who runs a chic ready-to-wear boutlque in the town, says: "Celebrities still come here, but they stay in their villas. All we can offer them are traffic jams and the smell of chips." Ten years ago, friends and relations queued up to get invited to stay at her attractive home: "There were always at least 20 of us. Last summer, the most guests I had at any time was six, and this year no one has so far called me to see if I have room."

So, where have all the tourists gone? Many have chosen Brittany. When Eric, a Parisian executive in his thirties, got back from a holiday on the Mediterranean coast in 1994. a colleague raved to him about a little island off Brittany. Within weeks Eric had visited the island and bought a barn there. What really pleases him is the tide chart he puts above

the mantelpiece each time he goes. The islands of Ré, Belle-Ile and Noirmoutier are now like St-Tropez in the seventies. Instead of roasting



Burn out . . . the Côte d'Azur is no resort by French tourists

in the sun and napping in the shade | the trend, Lefebyre talks about "a of olive trees, the "in" thing to do nowadays is to clamber over rocks, rathering mussels.

The Atlantic coast, and especially Brittany, seem to offer the "return to basics" that television commercials keep on plugging in these stressful times. Adman Vincent Grégoire reflects a general feeling in the advertising profession when he says: "The Mediterranean has an image of lazing around, the eighties, Bernard Taple. Nowadays successful captains of industry like François Pinault, the Leclercs, Yves Rocher and the Bolloré family al

hail from Brittany. There's something genuine about the Atlantic when things go wrong, you confront

Elisabeth Lefebvre, editor of the oimonthly magazine Maisons Côté Ouest, says: "In the old days people would fantasise about living in a Provencal bastide; now they can't wait to put on their wellies and oil-

return to nature, to the simple things in life". The author of one of the articles in her magazine claims that only the élite is concerned by this vogue. "Most human beings fascinated as they are by the sun king, continue to stampede south, writes Eric Ollivler. "But an enlight ened minority would never dream o preferring permanent blue skies to the continuous invention of wind and cloud, to the countless vintages of appellation contrôlée rain."

"An enlightened minority" is perhaps not quite the right word, even f it confirms the opinion of those who see the whole phenomenon as

In the summer of 1994, the wes coast had 8.6 per cent more visitors than in 1993; and in 1995 7.8 million people spent their summer holklays Brittany, compared with 7.2 million in 1994 and 6.8 million in 1993. The local tourist authority modestly put this trend down to good

Colombia's Church fails in its 'duty'

Anne Proenza in Bogotá

A DOCUMENT published by Colombian Church leaders mecting recently in Bogotá, unexpectedly suggested that the nation's notoriously corrupt political community may have been the victim of a poor Catholic education.

The document concluded: What has happened to our Church's teaching and evangelical duty? Is it not a fact that most of the country's political leaders, who can now be seen to have played a leading role in the present upsurge of cynicism. corruption and mendacity, were ducated in our schools and received evangelising messages ir ur parishes?"

President Ernesto Samper, who is under investigation for allegedly having used drug money to get himself elected, studied, as did several of his inisters, at Bogotá's Javeriana Iniversity. It is run by Jesuits – some of whom took part in the recent meeting of Church

The Catholic Church takes an etive part in Colombia's political and public life.

But never before have its leaders adopted such a self-critical tone. Up to now they have lambasted the government's role in the drugs corruption scandal for almost two years. The Church has even come to

be regarded as a spearhead of opposition to the president, ever since Monsignor Rubiano, archbishop of Bogotá, when asked if Samper could possibly have been unaware that his campaign was financed by drug money, replied: "It would have been similar to not seeing an lephant in one's living room."

The Colombian bishops put out an official statement in Pebruary denouncing "the coun try's moral disease". But because they were concerned not to get involved in the scandal they always identified only one culprit — "drug trafficking".

The Church has consistently rejected repeated accusations that certain parishes have benefited from traffickers' largesse. It has also preferred to ignore rumours that traffickers go to light candles in certain churches before sending off a big consignment of cocaine.

That being the case, the Church's statement would seem to be yet another example of the wave of self-recrimination that and which has prompted many political observers to argue that the judiciary's investigations into corruption in characteristics of a collective psychoanalysis.

Le Monde

The Washington Post Medals Row Rumbles on After Suicide

Bili McAliister and John Mintz

DMIRAL Jeremy M. "Mike" Boorda, who killed himself Boorda, who killed turned after questions were raised about two of his Vietnam-era decorations, may have had a right to wear the combat "V" pins after all, according to a 1965 Navy awards manual and interviews with former top military officers.

That disclosure came as the military mourned the loss of Boorda, the Navy's highest ranking officer, and struggled to understand the reason for his suicide. Boorda, 56, shot himself at his home in Washington on Thursday last week. He did so shortly after being told two magazine reporters were coming later in the day to question his right to have worn two tiny bronze pins normally awarded for combat duty.

Defense Secretary William Perry, speaking last week at Armed Forces Day celebrations, dedicated the day to Boorda and said his death was "a loss to the Navy and the

Boorda killed himself after leaving two notes expressing concern that the controversy over the combat "V" pins would destroy his reputation and damage the Navy. Reporters with a small news service that searched the awards record contended Boorda did not have a right to wear the pins, saying that his award citations failed specifically to give him that right.

However, the Navy awards manual issued in 1965, appears to vindicate Boorda's decision to wear the "V" pin on at least one of the ribbon decorations at issue - his Navy Commendation Medal. The manual says that the "V" pin

can be worn on the Navy Commendation Medal, if the award "is for acts or services involving direct participation in combat operations." Former chief of naval operations

Elmo R. Zumwalt Jr. said in an interview last week that the language in the 1965 manual leaves "up to the interpretation of the individual" whether the "V" can be worn. According to the citations for both the medals at issue, Boorda served

WHEN I was growing up, we' had a neighborhood father

Yet when his son got into Har-

vard, the man underwent a meta-

morphosis in the neighborhood's!

who was, by general consensus, ar

OPINION

Ellen Goodman

something right."

hurdle to overcome.

quoted Navy Secretary John Dalton as saying that whether Boorda was entitled to wear the "V's" is "something that will have to be reviewed."

Zumwalt's views were backed by everal former officers, including lames K. Jobe, commander of the ship on which Boorda served when he won his achievement medal. Pentagon and law enforcement fficials, speaking on condition they

on ships off Vietnam that engaged

The manual did not list the other

decoration at issue, the Navy

Achievement Medal, as one for

which the combat "V" would be

awarded. But Zumwalt said he was

confident Boorda also could prop-

erly wear the "V" bin on that ribbon.

"You just assumed a ribbon autho-

rized in a combat area las Boorda's

was carries with it the V.

Zumwalt said. He said he routinely

told sailors they were authorized to

Joseph Trento, bureau chief for

he National Security News Service

- the organization that challenged

wear the "V".

innocent mistake."

Sins of the Child Visited Upon Parents

know about good parents whose

These are the mixed feelings, the

mixed experiences that every par-

ent brings to the story of Susan and

Anthony Provenzino, the Michigan

couple who have been found guilty.

their son's crimes. Under a "parental'

church-robbing, one-boy crime wave.

of being bad parents.

wonder, "Well, he must have done nos were convicted of a crime for

It was as if the father's IQ had responsibility law", they were fined been raised on the back of his son's for falling to supervise their son.

SAT [Scholastic Assessment Test] In this sorry tale, one thing was scores. This bewildered us because clear: Alex Provenzino, now 16, was

we knew the main thing this father out of control and is now serving a

had provided for our friend was a one-year term. He was a drug-using,

Now I recognize this as the flip side of the blame that a child's failure casts on his parents. When the

kids went wrong all by themselves.

not be named, offered new details o the two suicide notes that the admiral left. In the notes, Boorda suggested he was not killing himself because he believed he had been caught in a lie, but because he feared the media would be so skeptical that his act would be blown out of proportion, military officials said.

3oorda's medals and tipped off Vewsweek magazine and ABC News - rejected Zumwalt's argu-"The sense . . . was that reporters ments. Trento said that only the secwouldn't believe it was an honest mistake, and perhaps sailors wouldn't either," a Pentagon official retary of the navy had authority to award the "V" pins in the written citations — and Boorda's citations did said. "Boorda [wrote that] he didn't not mention the pins. "The Navy is want to give Navy critics another opgoing to have to face up that he [Boorda] was wearing medals he portunity to give the Navy a beating." Boorda, the only former enlisted wasn't entitled to. This was not an

parenting's long haul also know about the close calls, the there-butfor-the-grace-of-God moments. We

man to rise to the Navy's highest ranking job, spent much of his time The Dallas Morning News in the post disentangling the ser-

golf club and was released from po-

ice custody to home in a matter of

hours. These were parents raising

It took the jury less than half an

hour to side with the prosecution.

But I suspect it will take the country

onger to deal with a case that is an

Today, we're worried about fami-

lies that break down and violence

responsible for child offenders. But in 50 states, new laws also treat child

criminals as responsible adults. In

hree other "perfect" children.

ments over issues including sexual arassment and naval aircraft crashes, and Navy officials believe e feared questions about his medals could cause the Navy the kind of bad publicity he strove to

Boorda wrote one note to his wife Bettie and another was addressed to two of Boorda's Navy friends, and a Pentagon official described it as saying at the top, "For the Sailors."

"That's vintage Boorda," said the official, referring to the admiral's well-known concern for the welfare of even the most junior seamen.

Navy officials have said Boorda was informed by a senior aide of reporters' questions concerning his medals only hours before his death. However, officials have also said Boorda had known for at least 10 months of media interest in the medals. Cmdr. John Carmon, the admiral's spokesman, informed Boorda in July that official records about his decorations were being sought through a Freedom of Information Act request filed by the Na-tional Security News Service.

parents' rights bill now before Congress demands: "No federal, state or local government . . . shall interfere with or usurp the right of a parent to

direct the upbringing of the child." We are embracing such contradictory efforts out of a flailing uncertainty. We don't know how to put together the Humpty Dunipty of amily. Nor do we know the fail-safe formula for child ralsing. What combination of parents and genes and communities produces the perfect

We have always held parents responsible for child abuse, child neglect, child support. But the among the young. We're trying to | Provenzinos are not Fagin-like parget control every way we can. So in ents who set the church up for their 10 states, laws can now hold parents | son to knock off. They're not evil. At] worst, they are ineffectual.

Nevertheless, a country that knows little about restoring relationmost states, the courts will take a 6-1 slaps and has done even less to help year-old out of the hands of neglection parents succeed has turned to puntul parents. But in these 10, the law lishing failure. Susan and Anthony demands that parents keep their Provenzino's crime was having a child does wrong, we almost always the prosecutor said, who had maritimate the prosecutor said the prosecu

Drugs Trial **Opens Race Divisions**

EDITORIAL

1885, a Chinese national living in San Francisco successfully challenged a city ordinance prohibiting the operation of laundries in wooden buildings. He demonstrated that 200 Chinese who had applied for permission to open such a business were turned down, while 80 other applicants who were not Chinese were granted permits. The U.S. Supreme Court held that the law was being enforced in a racially discriminatory manner and struck it down.

Twenty years later, another Chinese national in the same city sought to overturn his conviction for setting up gambling tables by alleging that the law was enforced only against the Chinese. But he lost in the U.S. Supreme Court because he failed to show that people who were not Chinese violated the law but were not prosecuted.

The Supreme Court cited these precedents last week when lt decided yet another California case of alleged selective prose-cution. Five African American defendants charged with federal crack offenses sought to obtain extensive files from prosecutors to prove their claim that they had been unconstitutionally targeted because of race.

It is true that those convicted of crack offenses, 90 percent of whom are black, face sentences far more severe than those convicted of cocaine offenses, most of whom are Hispanic and white. But here the court found the defendants' evidence was incomplete. They demonstrated that all 24 individuals convicted on crack charges in a single year were black. But they produced no evidence that whites, Hispanics and Asians similarly situ-

ated were not prosecuted. This is a preliminary ruling: the challengers will now have an opportunity to produce this evidence, which Chief Justice Rehnquist says should not be 'an luauperable task's.

Congress and the Clinton adninistration are equally to blame in this situation. The penalties for crack possession and sale are far out of line with those provided for offenses in volving other narcotics. The U.S Sentencing Commission sought to correct this disparity last year. but its proposal was fought by the Hill.

It may be true that prosecutions simply reflect fact: that: crack is the drug of choice for blacks while other races prefer powder. But because of that very fact, it is incumbent upon the government to show that these disparities are justified and that the racial impact is incidental. We don't believe that case can be made. No matter what the lawmakers set out to do, they have crafted a law that is perceived as, racially discriminatory, and they should change it.

German left calls for debate on Wehrmacht

Lucas Delattre in Bonn

66T ETS rehabilitate deserters their call for a public debate on the | the Wehrmacht are hoping for some army's role during the second world | sort of gesture from the governwar. More than 50 years after Ger- ment. Since 1945 they have been reparties have not yet managed to agree on a formula that would allow sentences passed on German soldiers by the Third Reich's military tribunals to be quashed.

The left (the Greens and the Soarmy's morale" acted heroically in duty for German soldiers. extermination. They argue that the | in the ruling coalition, who contend |

50,000 death sentences passed on | that the Wehrmacht was above all

The 300 surviving soldiers who slogan used by the German left in were sentenced for desertion from many's surrender, the main political | garded as having a criminal record. Part of the controversy has focused on what kind of financial compensation they should receive.

cial Democrats) feel that those alms were not in line with interguilty of "desertion, conscientious" national law, and that desertion was objection or destruction of the consequently not only a right but a

refusing to get involved in a war of | That is not the view of the parties

deserters between 1939 and 1945 | the country's legitimate army, even should be quashed en bloc.

But the affair is chiefly political. Some have called for an official statement that the Wehrmacht's

though it was deflected from its duty by the Nazi regime. Their point of view was echoed in François Mitterrand's speech in Berlin on May 8, 1995, to celebrate the fall of the

Wehrmacht's troops that "they were brave, they loved their country".
Chancellor Helmut Kohl and his Christian Democratic Union feel that each case should be examined individually. No one disputes that some deserters left the army to avoid being tried for serious crimes, such as the murder of a fellow soldier. Even the Nuremberg Tribunal

> "a criminal army" in its entirety. But the CDU has gone further.

Third Reich, in which he said of the

Although it does not deny the ini quity of sentences passed by military courts at the time, it is reluctant to rehabilitate deserters en bloc out of respect for those who continued to fight in the German were serving their country's cause. Few today would go as far as

Hans-Carl Filbinger, a former minister and president of the CDU in mer military judge - who in 1978 argued that "what was right at the time cannot be regarded as wrong today". He was forced to resign as a

Coming in the wake of 1995, a

Baden-Württemberg — and a for- high places has many of the

year dominated by occasions celebrating the end of the second world dier. Even the Nuremberg Tribunal war, the present controversy shows refused to regard the Wehrmacht as how difficult it still is for Germans to bury their past. (May 15)

(May 15)

Directeur: Jean-Marle Colombail World copyright by C Le Monde, Paris All rights strictly reserved

Unable to

Gabriel Escobar in La Paz

Rest in Peace

B URYING a loved one in an illegal cemetery involves all kinds

of perils, and this morning Yolanda

Flores has run into most of them.

She cannot find the grave of her

grandson, who died of pneumonia

just weeks ago. Worse still, the drug

addicts and alcoholics who live off

the dead are surprisingly alert, and

their thin grins and offers of help

are menacing.

A lot happens to the bodies buried in La Paz's 48 illegal grave-

yards. Dogs get at them. Addicts

use the newly interred to upgrade

their wardrobes so frequently that

many families now bury relatives

the way they began their lives. Gold fillings are pried loose. Occasionally, there is commerce in skele-

tons, with medical students the grateful buyers.
All of which explains the surreal

dialogue that Flores falls into when

one of the men ambles over. Too poor to pay for a legal plot, the fam-

y is now paying the consequences. "It was around here. Have you taken

him away?" Flores asks. "How could

"No one has taken anyone away,

And then suddenly: "Here it is!

Here it is!" Flores says. She bends

over a tiny mound of dry dirt. Dead

flowers had covered the shiny can

The Little Flame, as this ceme-

tery is known, is grim proof that

people in the poorest country in South America continue dying far

beyond their means. The neighbor-

hood association in the slum tries

its best to maintain order - Flores,

for example, said she was told to

bury her grandson in an "empty

But these ad hoc efforts only ac-

complish so much, and Jorge Dock-

weller Cardenas is not impressed. A

city councilman who is trying to get

his colleagues to address the ceme-

tery crisis, Dockweiler says clandestine burials, aside from being

inhumane, present an enormous health problem. There is, for one thing, the problem of leaching.

Bodies are burled without cas-

kets. Inevitably, rain washes away

both the grave and the decaying re-mains of the deceased. Dockweiler

calls it "an organic juice with all

Dockweller, an architect by train-

ng and an authority on La Paz's

rban woes, argues that these im-

proper burials may affect every single resident and may even be

responsible for chronic stomach ail-

ments in the population. Pigs root-

ing around the edges of the Little

Flame show how bacteria can be

There is no easy solution to the

problem, partly because the cash-

poor city tries to attend more to the

living than the dead. Dockweller

says one solution is regulating "ac-

ceptable" illegal cemeteries like the

Little Flame — it apparently is a

model compared to others - and

He also proposes a tax on burials

n the fancier private cemeteries,

with the money used to pay for indi-gent interment. But he is not hope

ful that a solution will be found

soon. "La Paz has so many needs,"

he says. "Everything is important."

eradicating the rest.

transmitted up the food chain.

kinds of bacteria."

you have taken him away?"

señora," he replics.

that served as a vase.

Over the years International Health Insurance

matters of health, need the ultimate

danmark a/s has incorporated all the elements

demanded by people who, when it comes to

Stephen Buckley in Kawaala, Uganda

ARIA NAKANWANGI, 60. did not plan to be the sole provider for her five grandchildren. She did not plan to be trudging through 10-hour workdays at this age. Nor did she plan to spend her last days weary and wor-

But when AIDS killed her two sons in the late 1980s, Nakanwangi's dream of a trangull, loyful later life died with them. Her sons' dren because the women were bat- | privileged status endangered.

tling AIDS, too. Other relatives could not afford to take them in. That left her.

"It was then my obligation to take them," said Nakanwangi, who lives in this village outside Kampala, the Ugandan capital, "I was expecting a lot from my children in old age. I expected to have peace. Now I will spend my last days working very

Nakanwangi's lament is echoed throughout sub-Saharan Africa, where the elderly, once the only protected class in most of the contiwives could not care for the chil- nent's societies, today find their

AIDS, which has killed thousands of African couples, has made many elderly people full-time parents again, particularly in the areas of East Africa most affected by the

Urbanization throughout the continent has made children feel less obligated to their grandparents, most of whom live in rural areas. In places such as Kenya and Uganda, an estimated 80 percent reside outside urban centres. And increasing poverty has eroded a time-tested system that once compelled adults to provide financial support for el-

Those factors, combined with poorly run or nonexistent governsocial security systems, mean many of Africa's elderly are left without a safety net.

The tradition of supporting and caring for the elderly has become weaker and weaker," said Camillus Were, director of HelpAge Kenya, a nongovernmental organization that works with Kenyan elderly. Researchers estimate the elderl

at 5 to 10 percent of the conlinent's 720 million people. The United Nations has projected that by 2025 Africa will see a massive increase in people over 60.

Historically, African societies have conferred great prestige on the aged. They were wiser. Their pre-independence levels.

Africa, where tribal customs and ri-

valries supposedly make multiparty

political systems impossible, and in

Arab nations of the Middle East.

Across the Third World, nations

have betrayed the hopes and

promise of the era of decolonization

by failing or refusing to establish

political systems that respect and

protect opposition forces and their

supporters. Many of these states

then invented phony rationales of

India provided stunning evidence

o the contrary this month with its

11th free election in which the rul-

ing Congress Party lost control of

other key battleground in the strug-

gle of ideas about the nature of

culture and its adaptability to

The Soviets built a gulag universe

to contain and destroy their opposi-

tion. But they wound up destroying

themselves. Out of power, they have

been part of a rotten, obstructionist

and insurrectionist opposition to

President Boris Yeltsin. Their muti-

nous actions pushed Yeltsin into

increasingly authoritarian acts to

Russia has thus been locked in a

cycle of provocation by a destruc-

live opposition and overreaction by

Yeltsin. This pattern recalls the

Orwellian predictions frequently

heard in the Soviet era that a loyal

opposition could not take root in

Russians cannot simply defeat an

be another fight another day or

But the fact is that for all of the

likely to continue to do so. The best

Russian observers of Yeltsin I know

discount threats by some Yeltsin

aides to cancel the elections to pre-

some sort of compromise.

hold on to power.

Russian soil.

democracy and human rights.

political and cultural underdevelop-

ment to keep power.

thought to hold enormous force They helped rear grandchildren, Young people sought their advice.

But during the 1970s, young adults flooded African cities, with their promise of jobs and the faster pulse of urban living. The ties that bound them to their elderly relatives frayed. "Basically, the elderly were left behind," Were said.

Then, as many of the continent's economies sagged, jobs dried up. Suddenly, even many children committed to caring for their elderly relatives could no longer afford to, In many countries — such as Uganda Kenya and Nigeria — annual per-capita income has dropped to below

Opposition Is Key to Neighbors Simply the best **Strong Democracy** health insurance COMMENT money can buy Asia's "traditional values." Jim Hoagland Similar arguments are heard in

N THE swamp of dubious campaign promises and assertions inflicted on electorates around the world in this year of democracy run amok, one verbal jewei sparkles as incontrovertible, irrefutable and irreducible.

It comes from Svetlyana Goryacheva, deputy speaker of the Russian Duma and Communist Party honcho. She is senior enough in the party to have been dispatched by candidate Gennady Zyuganov to Washington earlier this month to reassure Americans that the Communists will abide by democratic rules if they win this summer's presidential election.

"We want to clear up misunderstandings in American circles," Goryacheva told a gathering of think-tankers assembled by the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. "We recognize we made mistakes. We know we need an opposition."

No argument there, Svetlyana. Seventy years of Soviet Communist rule made the point for you. In a different way, Russia's four years of non-Communist rule have also underlined the importance of a loyal but free opposition.

The quality of a nation's politics and ultimately its governance can best be judged by the quality of its organized political opposition. That reality is spotlighted by this year's wall-to-wall electioneering in India, Italy, Israel, Japan, Russia, America

A society can be administered efficiently and even fairly for a relatively short period by one likeminded group operating with complete power — Sparta, Napoleonic France and early Colonial America come to mind from history, while Singapore is a contemporary example. But without a vigorous and constructive opposition to and Zyuganov have thus far fought shape and present alternatives, even it by democratic rules — and are the most efficient political system

will corrupt itself. Even as it is accepted - rhetoriopposition is a necessary gauge of societal health is increasingly disputed by Third World ideologues like Lee Kwan Yew of Singapore, who treats political opposition and the other former Soviet its societal constitution of the commonwealth of Independent integration of the commonwealth of Independent Indep cally at least — by Russia's Commuwho treats political opposition not shape global assumptions about culonly as superfluous but auto- ture and democracy. What the

David Hoffman in Moscow

election challenge.

effort to hide fears that election of the Communist Party candidate.

Zyuganov has called for "voluntary" restoration of the Soviet Union parliament. Russin's election is auand advocated a "great power" nationalist ideology that is wordsome to the newly independent states. Many of them have sizable Moscow if Zvuganov is elected.

Armenian President Levon Ter etrossian said the former republics 'shall never rally around Communist Russia . . . We shall part company with Communist Russia."

The heads of state endorsed statement committing themselves to supporting democratic and market reforms in Russin. But their com ments left no doubt of their endorse ment of Yeltsin. "We support the current political and economic course of the current president Boris Yeltsin," said President Leonid Kuchma of Ukraine, "and count of its successful continuation.

"I hope the people of Russia will Heydar Aliyev.

"We are horrified to think that the

and the other former Soviet to publics except the three Ballic states, was formed after the 1991 collapse of the Soviet Union. It has been sent to the soviet Union. matically seditious. Propagandists in Singapore and China reject human rights and full democracy as, been a weak umbrella group as the states have sought a way out of 800"

Want Yeltsin As President

THE LEADERS of 11 former Soviet republics, fearing a Communist victory in next month's Russian election would threaten their independence, called on voters ast week not to abandon President Boris Yeltsin, who is facing a stiff re-

In a meeting at the Kremlin, the other leaders of the Commonwealth if Independent States made no Gennady Zyuganov, would lead to chaos in Russia and potential conflicts elsewhere in the former Soviet

ethnic Russian populations and fear pressure and domination from

make the right decision and support the course of reform of Boris opponent, I was told on a number of occasions by Soviet diplomats or in-Yeltsin," said Azerbaijani President tellectuals. Russians are culturally obliged to smash and destroy an opponent, to make sure there will not

Nursultan Nazarbayev, president of Kazakhstan, said "the entire world is concerned about the future of Russia," and "no one wants to see a civil war."

Russian people may be carried away by the nostalgia for the past," he added, saying that a victory for the Communists would lead to the "dis-

INTERNATIONAL / The Washington Post 17 Bolivia Poor Bargain on Canada's Border

Bill McAllister

ASOLINE is sold by the liter, the beers at the local taverns are priced in Canadian dollars and the community supermarket features refrigerated tubs stocked with the store's best seller: two-pound slabs of Kraft American

Point Roberts, or "The Point," as its 950 year-round residents call it, is the northwesternmost corner of the continental United States, a tiny, tree-covered peninsula nestled against the Canadian border. Created in 1846 by Washington diplo-

marking the boundary between the United States and Canada, the Point today has become a schizophrenic community, a 4.9-square-mile American enclave that allows Canadians to escape their country and its often

It's all quite legal, overseen by customs and immigration officials from both countries who stand watch at the one border crossing on the British Columbia road that most residents of the Canadian province know leads to cheaper

Everything — and everyone — in Point Roberts depends on the Canamats who refused to put a dian dollar and its value against the downward divot in the parallel line American dollar. "Whatever the

Canadian dollar does, Point Roberts does," said real estate salesman

Even with interstate-quality high-ways connecting British Columbia to Washington state, getting to the Point takes about an hour from nearby Bellingham, the seat of Whatcom County, Washington. That assumes quick stops at the two border stations, one at Point Roberts and another at Blaine, north of Bellingham.

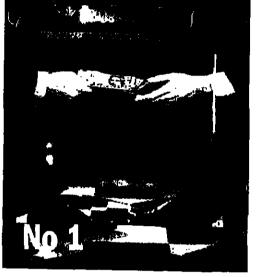
Then there is the telephone problem. A call to nearby British Columbia is billed as long distance. Julius's solution: two cellular telephone accounts, one for Americans, the other for Canadians.

That's nothing, of course, com-pared with the weekend problem Especially summer weekends, when the Point is jammed with British Columbians escaping from Vancouver to the hundreds of summer cottages they own along the community's three beaches.

Vancouver Sun writer Larry Pynn, who spent many a weekend here, described the behavior of young Canadians as not much better than college students on their annual pilgrimage to Fort Lauderdale. Florida.

"The Swedes do it in Denmark, the Brits do it in Spain, the Germans do it, well, pretty much everywhere, so why shouldn't Canadians do it in Point Roberts?" Pynn wrote in a 1993 newspaper article. "After all. the place should rightfully be ours anyway, right?"

Common myths about Offshore Banking No.1



"There's no legal way to avoid UK taxes"

Thankfully there is a simple and legal way of reducing the likelihood you will have to pay tax in the UK - simply move your UK savings and investments to an offshore bank while you are living overseas.

To help you see if you could benefit from this, try answering the following questions

in the feet and it feet desire delitating the tall this, dy all	iswaiiiñ me ioi	iowiuô dae	istions:
 Will you be overseas for a full UK tax year? 	YES 📋	NO	
2. Do you have savings in the UK?	YES 📋	NO	
3. Do you have property in the UK?	YES 📋	NO	☐
4. Do you have any investments in the UK?	YES 📋	NO	Ф
If you ticked 'yes' to the first question and one other, there's a good chance you			

may have a tax liability you could legally reduce by banking offshore. This is just one of the benefits. You will also receive income from your savings and investments without the deduction of tax and you will not normally have to pay capital gains tax on investments held offshore. Midland Offshore can advise you on your finances to ensure you are getting the most from these and the other benefits available.

To find out how you can legally avoid UK taxes, contact Midland Offshore now, for a free copy of our brochure 'How to minimise your UK tax bill' and details of the many benefits Midland Offshore can provide.

Name:		
Address:		_
		
Postcode		

Call 44 1534 616111 or fax 44 1534 616222 24 hours a day or return the coupon to Midland Offshore, PO Box 615, St Heller, Jersey JE4 5YD, Channel Islands. *E-mail: midloffsh@iti.net



OPPSHORE THE SECOND SEC Helping you make your money work harder

Member HSBC (1) Group

needs when they're away from home, we are able to respond with plans to suit each and every individual. Get more information about the most important card in you and your family's life - fill out the coupon today and discover how the world's best health insurance can help you to face the future with confidence. The card that gives credit to your health stlonal Health Insurance danmark s/s 64s Athol Street, Dougles, Isle of Man, British Isles (M1 1)E Tel.: +44 1624 677412, Fax: +44 1624 675856 international Health Insurance danmark a/s is owned by "Sygeforsikringen danmark", international Denmark's largest national bealth insurance Insurance

We insure expatriates of all nationalities in more than 140 countries worldwide. | . . . danmark a/s

By listening to our clients, and closely monitoring all their health

Beneath a Jamaican Moon

Lies | Schillinger

HOW STELLA GOT HER **GROOVE BACK** By Terry McMillan Viking. 368pp. \$23.95

S A HAPPY woman in charge of her own fate de facto an unsynt-Lpathetic character — someone people don't want to read about and cannot empathize with? If so, the defenders of serious literature will no doubt join in unison to eject Terry McMillan's rip-roaring new book, How Stella Got Her Groove Back, from the Eden of politically and academically correct approval. Because, in the book, no women weep; and Stella, in fact, revels. She revels and even gloats at being a woman, revels in being in solitary posses sion of her mind, her body, her child, her house, her finances, her beauty, her creativity, and finally, of her sexy, strapping young dream lover, whom she finds and triumphantly lashes to her side. If this is unserious literature, it is unserious literature of the most serious kind, perhaps even, in its own way,

Terry McMillan is the only novel ist I have ever read anart from writers of children's books, who makes me glad to be a woman. Children's fiction overflows with examples of authoritative girls who control their worlds, fictional and real; from Laura Ingalls Wilder's own Laura, to C.S. Lewis's Lucy, to E.E. Nesbit's Anthea, Lloyd Alexander's Eilonwy and of course L. Frank Baum's Dorothy — or, perhaps more remarkable, Baum's Ozma of Oz, who actually chose to be transformed from a boy to a girl to claim the Emerald City throne.

But the moment the cloak of girl hood is thrown off, and writers choose to write about grown-ups. tunity or strength in the semale characters is bestowed only to be smashed sooner or later, as the women run through such hurdles as pleasing men, struggling to find a mate, supporting children, and, more often than not, coping with emotional, physical or intellectual bullying, or paying the wages of

The Good News According to Mark

The Good News According to John

An Honest Account of a Good Life

RUNNING tandem with Reynolds Price's luminous literary

production has been an abiding in-

terest in the Bible. He not only leans

tried in different ways to penetrate

the mystery of its appeal. He

learned Koine Greek (the street lan-

guage of the Gospels, in contrast to

the literary Greek of Homer) and

rendered his first translation of

Mark 20 years ago, in A Palpable

His newest book, Three Gospels,

contains an updated version of

"An Honest Account of a Good Life."

The last is Price's own, strung along

the bones of Mark's narrative, with

Larry Wolwode

THREE GOSPELS

By Reynolds Price

Scribners, 288pp. \$23

And the Word Was Fresh



sion might have been an absurd exaggeration; but then I looked at my ookshelf of favorite books - books have read and reread, and care about deeply — and was astonished to find my theory abundantly confirmed. In the As to Fs alone - Amis this country's upper-middle class; both), Austen, Bronte, Cervantes, Dickens, Dostoevsky, Dos Passos. Duras, Eliot, Faulkner, Fitzgerald and Forster — I remembered male characters who, however interesting their tales might have been, principally sought male sauction of

suffered, one way or another. Further down the alphabet. Shakespeare and Wharton, Graham Greene, Hemingway, Virgil, and Maugham, I recalled doomed Lady Macbeth and Lily Bart, prostitutes and spurned wives, the weeping women of the Trojan wars, weeping women, in fact everywhere. (In fair ness, Trollope also makes me glad to be a woman; the exception proves the rule. But then, in his time, and even now, he was often dismissed as an unserious writer). This seems to beg the question: Does serious literature want women to be subject or else abject? McMillan abundantly

proves that if it does, it shouldn't. Fans of McMillan's previous novels, the hugely popular Waiting To Exhale and the more critically esteemed Disappearing Acts and Mama, will recognize McMillan's

all informed by Price's reading in

historical and scholarly and theolog-

ical sources, and his first-hand expe-

rience of the weather and

"The simplest justification for the

effort, and one that has lain behind

the thousands of attempts on Jesus

that have burdened libraries for the

past two millennia, is that the career

of a particular Palestinian Jew of the

first century and the effects of that

life on world history have proved so

magnetic in their mystery as to

translating the Bible's usual

"scribes and Pharisees" as "scholars

some of his sources, he says he is

geography of Palestine.

tion," he writes.

Mark, a new translation of John, and | and Pharisees." In acknowledging

I was afraid at first that this impres- | every page of How Stella Got Her Groove Back. It is the voice of the kind of woman all of us know and all of us need; the warm, strong, bossy mother/sister/best friend. Fans and enemies alike will also get their share of the brand names that McMillan uses to signify arrival into

BMW and Calvin Klein, Nord-

trom's and Macy's. Having just spent an evening with a friend who crowed eestatically all night over a new pair of Gucci oafers, which did in fact seem to end her some special glow, I don't find the product emphasis fatuous or crass. Even Emerson recognized hat for a woman, which McMillan ndubitably is, "the sense of being perfectly well-dressed gives a feeling of inward tranquillity which religion is powerless to bestow." But readers of this book will find more than wise words and icons of wealth; they will find the rare and perhaps unique example of a courtship in which the woman hunts down her own love obiect herself — and finds the man willing to be woord.

At the outset of the book, we learn that Stella, 42, an affluent single mom in San Francisco, has gone a little stale, like champagne that's long. She's content, but she spends more time taking care of business and conducting lengthy Molly Bloom-like internal harangues with

nineteenth and early twentieth cen-

turies before the mainstream of

German, British, and American

scholarship succumbed to its pre-

sent obsession with a punitively

unreasonable degree of historical

Doubt to this degree does not

prevail, as he points out, in literary

scholarship. The earliest papyri of

Homer's Iliad, for example, date

from about 500 years after its com-

position, and all the fragments and

Greek manuscripts of the New

number more than 5,000, and the

are there any disturbing variants

Price deletes the most substantial

extant variant from his Gospel of

variations number 643

from text to text.

A great beauty of Price's book is number keeps growing. If copies

its ability to view the Gospel narra- made into Latin and Syriac and

tives as stories encountered for the Ethiopic and Slavic and other lan-

first time. His prefaces to each are | guages from the second and third

excellent. He laments the state of | centuries are added in, the number

present Bible scholarship, even | grows to more than 24,000. In none

herself and external harangues with her sisters than trying to find happiness for herself. So, defying he stagnation, she packs herself off to a luxury resort in Jamaica, where from get-go, every young stud's eyes swing appreciatively in her direc-tion. Sure enough, Stella soon finds the "real thing" in the form of a noble, gentle, fine 20-year-old man, Winston Shakespeare. When Mc-Millan describes Stella's first vision of the boy wonder, you want to how with laughter at her audacity, and shout, "Go, girl!":

.. When I look at him I almost have a stroke. He is wearing baggy brown shorts and has to be at least six three or four and he is lean but his shoulders are wide broad and as he walks toward my table all I can think is Lord Lord Lord some young girl is gonna get lucky as 1 don't know what if she can snag you . . . when he smiles he shows off a beautiful set of straight white teeth that've been hiding behind and under those succulent young lips."

Name another time you've read : man objectified by a woman in this way, if you can. Stella, of course, turns out to be the lucky girl, and soon finds that she's hooked. Back in California, her sister Vancssa encourages her, while her sister Angela moans in despair at the folly of a May-December romance in which her sister is not May, Vanessa boldly comes to Stella's defense: 'Men have been dating younger women for [expletive] centuries and does anybody say anything to them?" she spatters. Women may talk like this to each other, but few

of us write like this. To those who say this could wever happen in real life, I ofter the evidence of the young divernaster I met last summer in Belize under an apricot moon, whose gallantry and openhearted effusiveness restored my own faith in romance. McMillan's book may be the stuff of fautasies, not reality; but if fantasies be bought whole, every woman in the country would be ining up to buy them from Terry McMillan. And maybe then other writers would dare to write them, too. And maybe this is happening right now — and fiction at last about to understand that women are ready to read about themselves not only as schemers or sufferers, but as the adventurous heroes of their

the miners, Bill Jaxon, who resents storyteller's concerns and a trans ator's conscience; some modern ranslators' attempts to find a "dy call of Hannay in the great house namic equivalence" for 1st-century above the town. At dinner he meets Greek "are logically suspect in the extreme," he writes, "but have been vanished curate was intended pursued so often by individuals and There is an immediate, and for the groups that now we have in English popular versions of the gospels that constitute what are well-intended but almost certainly najor distortions of their originals."

This clear-eyed view causes Price's reader to sit up straight, as sion in the Hannay mine, which look his translations do. He views Mark. who was anciently known as the lives of 76 men. Blair quite res Testament — some papyrus fragments of which have been dated to "stump-fingered," as not necessarily sonably supposes that it had some sonably demand ceaseless watch and ques- the middle of the first century — the possessor of thick digits but all thing to do with the curate's suddents. thumbs with language. His elo absence. Yet all 76 were identified quence, Price suggests, "rises from | and accounted for Nevertheless, the struggle between Mark's head-long intent and his gravely hobbled into the mine to search for his man command of his medium" — a — or his remains. In fact, he makes two trips, and the second yields the Galilean Jew using Greek.

Three Gospels, falling near the secret. There is, however, a secret. more surprising revelation awaling us at the book's end. Rose has apex of Price's career, is a wonderfully engrossing book. It moves with a care and lucidity that should offend few and should provide a especially indebted to "those stud-ies by the almost unimaginably well-verses, which do not appear in some book brims with maturity, with makes it a joy to read, yet it is allow portions of other accounts included | prepared scholars of the late | of the earliest manuscripts. He has a | unconcealed concern and warmth. | a good deal more than just its plant

Secrets of the Coal Mine

Bruce Cook

By Martin Cruz Smith Råndom House, 364pp. \$25

M ARTIN CRUZ SMITH quite took our breath away when he revealed that he had managed to do only about two weeks of on-the-spot research for his convincingly Rus sian novel, Gorky Park, before he was asked to leave by the KGB. Two weeks? He must have taken everything in through his pores, forgot ten nothing and written it with daily prayers before an icon. Well, you can be sure that Rose

every bit as convincing in its way, took a good deal longer to research For one thing, the novel is set in the 19th century in a corner of England that became known to most of us in America only in this century, For another, it shows a casual mastery of the details of coal mining in the 1870s, as well as a commanding overview of life in those communities where all depended upon it.

the Rev. John Edward Maypole, a

curate who vanished two months

before. Maynole, it develops, was

engaged to be married to the

Blair hears that the last perso

with whom Maypole was seen was

Rose Molyneux, a "pit-girl" - one

of the many women who worked

sorting the coal dug from the mile

deep tunnels of the Hannay mine

He falls - or perhaps better put

slides unwillingly - in love with

her. This is inconvenient for his in-

vestigation, for as he gets deep

into it Rose seems to be more cer-

tainly involved than had been previ-

ously suspected. And it proves also

to be dangerous for him personally.

because Rose has a suitor among

As Blair pursues his investiga

tion, he is also expected to be at the

Charlotte Hannay, for whom the

most part mutual, hostility between

them. It is only toward the end of

his stay that the two begin to come

On the day that Maypole dis

Secret of her own.

This novel is blessed with the sort of strong narrative line that

to some degree of understanding.

appeared there was a terrible explo-

Blair's attentions to her.

pishop's daughter, Charlotte.

Education (OISE). Her experiment has shown, Although rich in historical and soshe says, that an effective cial detail. Rose is nevertheless cast teaching method eliminates in the form of a mystery. Smith has these factors, which are frechosen as his sleuth one Jonathan quently cited to explain Blair, a mining engineer raised in hildren's slow progress. And it America who has been completely is a British method that has captivated by his experience of convinced her. Africa, Blair wants only to return to ' Three years ago, she was the Gold Coast. He is offered a berth back by Bishop Hannay if he will go to the bishon's demeste (Hannay is also a coal lord) and find

shown Jolly Phonics, devised by two primary schoolteachers from Suffolk in England, and published in Chigwell, Essex.

Canadian trials of a

and writing, writes

Peter Kingston

teaching, according to a

kindergarten tests.

British teaching method

have produced startling

improvements in reading

FA five-year-old cannot read

properly, there is only one

acceptable excuse - poor

Canadian academic who has just

conducted some compelling

Poverty, single-parent families, book-free homes,

language . . . none of these factors is a justification for

Institute for Studies in

English as the child's second

illiteracy, according to Professor Dale Willows, of the Ontario

Her interest was immediately aroused, she says. She reckoned the bright and colourful books might be an answer to a problem she had been grappling with: how to combine what she was convinced were the crucial components of a reading and writing programme into a package that would atimulate teachers and

Atlantic crossing for

early learning scheme

She was asked by the books' publisher, Christopher Jolly, to do a trial on Jolly Phonics. The results from 36 senior kindergarten (five-year-olds) and Grade 1 (six-year-olds) classes, half using the book, the others continuing with their own strategies, were startling, she

She had deliberately selected schools with high incidences of the factors regarded as plausible reasons for low performance anemployment, English not the

mother tongue, etc.
In standardised tests, barely a fifth of the children in the control group who did not use Jolly Phonics could spell the first four words: and, in, him, make. However, up to 60 per cent of

the other children could tackle these and made good attempts at circle, light, must, reach, enter — the next five words on the test.

As a result, she says, teachers

机性机机机机机机机

Child's play . . . Canadian schoolchildren are benefiting from the Jolly Phonics programme devised by PHOTOGRAPH KRYN TACONS

working in three large education authorities in the Toronto region have adopted the British method.

Since the early 1980s at OISE, she has been interested in bridging a gap that she perceived between basic research on reading and teaching

"For the past 20 years in Canada, teachers have accepted the fallacy that reading is a natural process just like learning to talk. It has been assumed that if the right conditions are provided children will naturally develop their reading and

"Twenty years of research have now shown us that this appealing idea is wrong. We need to teach reading and writing," says Prof Willows.

She became alarmed at the worsening results of reading

ests and the burgeoning numbers of children being labelled as "reading disabled"

"Since studies began, clinicians and researchers have known that the incidence of severe reading disability is between 5 and 10 per cent. I was seeing 25 to 30 per cent of pupils in classes being categorised by their teachers as having some sort of reading

Prof Willows became increas ngly convinced of the need for structured teaching methods with phonics at their core.

SHE developed what she calls "The Balanced and Flexible Literacy Diet", the key processes in teaching reading and writing which, she says. teachers must understand. She presented the diet earlier this year in a seminar at London

University's Institute of Edu-

There are 13 components in the diet. These include: the awareness that language is composed of sounds and these sounds are represented in letters; the need to learn a small group of common words by sight; and the importance of stimulating children with "real" books rather than cat-on-the-mat

Christopher Jolly reckons that his programme has gone into a fifth of British primary schools since it was launched in 1992. But in Canada, where he started later, sales are rising faster. This year they are up 400 per cent, and now he sells as many books in Canada as at home.

The Phonics Handbook is available from Jolly Learning Ltd, Tailours House, High Road, Chigwell, Essex



STANBRIDGE EARLS SCHOOL

Romsey, Hampshire SO51 02S Member of SHMIS, GBA, BSA, CReSTeD Corporate

Member of British Dyslexia Association LACKS CONFIDENCE? **UNDERPERFORMING?** DYSLEXIC?

WHY NOT SEE THE EXPERTS?

The school is a Registered Charity providing education for children (No. 307342). Prospectus available from the Headmaster, H Moxon MA. Tel 01794 516777 Fax 01794 511201

TEFL DIPLOMA

Study TEFL, ESL or TESOL by Distance Learning All materials, cassettes etc. and. FROM 4240 all materials, any residence Worldw Also: ESP Business English (TEACH Business, Sales or Technical scaft). Cert TEFL (Management) for skilled EFL staff. Prospectus from: ILC, 12 Rutland Square, Edinburgh, EHI 28B



Study at Home Worldwide for a DIPLOMA in a range of COMPLEMENTARY THERAPIES Including Professional Stress Menagement INTERNATIONAL YOGA SCHOOL he English Language Ctr.
itandbrook Hs. Suite 3c.
2-5 Old Bond Street,
London WIX 3TB



Centre for Cambridge and LCCI exams Convenient for Heathrow & central Condon Tallor-made programmes for groups: and individuals , Protection by the British Council 38 The Mall

Tel: 0181-566-5684 | Fax: 0181-566-1911

BRITISH STATE EDUCATION **NEAR LONDON**

Hockerill Anglo-European School Dunmow Road, Bishop's Stortfort Hertfordshire CM23 5HX

is a co-educational grant-maintained 11-16 school

with strong links with local sixth forms has a strong, caring and traditional boarding section

is particularly strong in Science, IT and the International Dimension (including a bilingual has excellent facilities on a beautiful site

has no tuition fees and less than £1,500 per term boarding fees.

For further details please contact: the Admissions Officer at the school Telephone: +44 1279 658451 Partner School Fax: +44 1279 755918



HOSTA HOTEL & TOURISM SCHOOL LEYSIN SWITZERLAND

Looking for a rewarding career in the rowing Hospitality & Tourism industry! Ve offer 1 to 2 years courses in Hotel Manageme

JOURNALIST or WRITER?

Home study courses in Creative Writing, Freelance & News Journalism, English Literature & Poetry Start today - send for free prospectus THE LONDON SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM V. 22 Upbrook Mcws, Loudon W2 314 +44 171 706 3780 Emait info@lsjournalism.com

THE GIFT OF LANGUAGE

SUMMER COURSE AT AN ENGLISH PRIVATE SCHOOL

Give your children a wonderful summer holiday on an exclusive English Language Summer Course at one of England's most beautiful Private Schools.

On a well supervised, highly equipped but small and friendly campus, boys and girls between 11 and 17 benefit from the highest standards of individual teaching and enjoy an action packed programme of sports and activities.

Contact: Richard Jackson, Headmaster, Hurtwood House, Holmbury St Mary, Surrey RH5 6NU, England. Tel: 01483 277416 Fax: 01483 267586



DEGREE COURSES.

Earn that vital degree qualification entirely by distance learning. Our Bacholors, Masters or Doctorate degree programmes are directed at self-motivated monand women who have already moved some distance towards their own goals. There are no formal examinations or residence rements. Full credits and exemptions are allocated for Academ Life and Work experience. Buquiries to:-

KNIGHTSBRIDGE UNIVERSITY Dept GWS1, U.K.Administration Office, 4, Usburne Square, Torquay. TQ1 2PT, 1 Fax: +44 (0)1803 201831 Dept GWS1, U.K.Administration Office, EMC Ltd. 4. Lisbarne Square, Torquay. TQ1 2PT, ENGLAND

«(Kaighinbridge University does not offer U.K. anthorized degrees)

Q E

DYSLEXIA

DYSLEXIC CHILDREN - THE SIGNS

Indications that the child is lezy or "late developer"

Slow writing and use of restricted vocabulary of small words, cannot spall longer words, reversed, rotated or twisted letters when writing, churnainess, left-handedness, difficulty in telling left from right.

e family history of learning difficulties difficulty in learning lists and labels in the right order A widening discrepancy between the child's inte

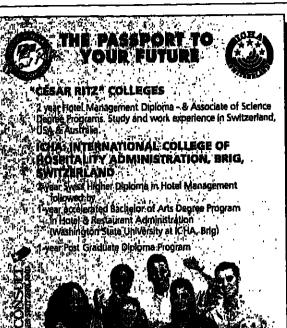
All funds of youth They were kinds of goodles. Some

King them are there are lines setter stonet them change, of works and doctors benefity quals. Thin book me woll

TO THIS ... Long sighted means that things in the distance are charant near things are fuggy.
The light fewers byome the relina to cored this their glasses must be

MAPLE HAYES SCHOOL

ABNALLS LANE LICHFIELD STAFFS WS13 8BL UK Tel +44 (0) 1643 264387 Principal Dr E N Brown PhD MSo BA MINS MSCME AFBPsS CPsychol DIE-approved boarding and day school especially for dyslexic children 7-17 yrs



HOTELCONSULT SHOC COLLEGES, CH-1897 Le Bouveret-C

Phone (+41) 25 81 38 62 or 81 30 51 Fex (+41) 25 81 36 5

SWITZERLAND

P

COLLEGE DU LÉMAN

lo-American Section: Kindergarien to Grade 13

College Board Examinations: P.S.A.T., S.A.T. I/II

Swiss-French Section: Jardin d'enfants à Terminale

Cours intensifs de français

Summer School: 3 Sessions (July-August,

Computer Studies, Afternoon cultural & recreation activities, Sports & Excursions

Intensive French & English Courses (all levels).

The European Council of International Schools (ECIS)

The Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools

Collège du Léman, 74 rte de Sauverny - CH-1290

Geneva/Switzerland Tel: (+41 22) 755 25 55 Fax: (+41 22) 755 19 93

Web: http://www.cdl.ch E-mail: Info@cdl.ch

YOU CAN'T PUT A PRICE

ON THE VALUE OF A

GOOD EDUCATION...

... and at Wymondham College we don't. As a grant maintained boarding school, tuition is free which means the only cost to

Our record of academic success is the envy of many and our

range of extra-curricular activities, such as sport, music and

Within a stimulating and caring evironment, we encourage young people to achieve all of which they are capable through the provision of an education they will value for life.

you, as a parent, is your child's boarding provision.

Good class sizes - One teacher for 13 pupils

First class facilities for sports, music and drama

Free tuition - parents pay only for boarding

drama, is exemplary by any standards.

Admission at 11, 12, 13 and 16

Maturité fédérale suisse & Baccalaurést français

ivanced Placement Courses; I.G.C.S.E., "A" Level,

FAIRFAX UNIVERSITY (USA) int. Home Study degree programs
 Crecits for prior learning/experient
 BA, MBA, PhO als programs in rospectus from UK representative offices EES Offices (GUW), P.O. Box 400 Paterborough PE2 6GD U.K. Tele/Fexi +44 (0) 1733 239923

TEFL Job Information for over 100 countries Recruitment Agencies & School looking for ESL teachers Explains TEFL/TESOL

New 7th Edition

ELT GUIDE	
Contact: ELT Guide Dept. G	£12.95 (UK)
10 Wrights Lane London W8 6TA	£13.95 (EU)
relephone: + 44 0171 937 6506	£16.45 (O'seas)
Facsimile: + 44 0171 937 7534	E

SEVENOAKS SCHOOL

SIXTH FORM ENTRY September 1997

Fully co-educational

 Boarding and Day Places International Baccalaureate and 'A' Levels
 Scholarships: academic, music, art, sports

applications are invited now for entry to the Sixth Form in September 1997, Besides 'A' Levels the school offers the International Baccalaureate Diploma, a broad based curriculum of particular interest to strong all rounders who prefer to keep their academic options open. The school attracts many overseas and expatriate applicants to its Sixth Form, who, together with British pupils, go on to universities in the UK, the USA and Europe. Many obtain places at Oxford and Cambridge. Sevenoaks offers an innovative style of education with an emphasis on attainment, whether this be academic, musical.

artistic or sporting. For further details of general entry procedure, together with nformation for those wishing to be considered for awards or Assisted Places (scholarship assessments will take place in vember 1996) please contact:

Nigel Connell, Sixth Form Admissions Tutor, Sevenoaks School, Sevenoaks, Kent TN13 1HU. Tel: 01732 455133; Fax 01732 456143 Sevenoaks School is a Registered Charlty (No 307923) for purposes of education.

Centre for Language in Education (Faculties of Arts and Educational Studies) ● MA in Applied Linguistics for Language Teaching

● MA(Ed) in Language in Education (part-time)

Research degrees (MPhil/PhD) in Language/Literature/Applied Linguistics

These courses are recognised for the award of ESRC

For further details, apply to: Ms Rachel Ryan, Faculty of Educational Studies, University of Southampton, Southampton SOI7 IBJ. Tel (01703) 592763. Fax (01703) 592687.



University of Southampton

Mrs Sandra Kerridge, Admissions Officer, Wymondham College, Wymondham, Norfolk NR18 9SZ. Tel: (01953) 605566. Fax: (01953) 603313.

Por further details contact

Excellent exam results

A TRADITION OF EXCITENCE FOR A FUTURE OF ACTUALYTMENT

Surrey Language

Centre Sandford House, 39 West Street, Farnham Surrey GU9 7DR, UK 18th Nov - 19th Dec Tel: +44 1252 723494

ATEFL

There will be a memorial service for WR (Bill) Lee, founder of the International Association of Teachers of English as a Foreign Language (IATEFL) at The British Council, 11 Portland Place, London W1N 4EJ on Friday 21 June at Spin. Friends and colleagues who knew Bill or appreciated his work, either is language teaching or for the many other organisations he supported, are welcome to attend.

BORDEAUX

INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

UPGRADE YOUR FRENCH AT SUMMER SCHOOL

Specially geared to help you achieve higher grades at GCSE and A level, our Summer School courses are rewarding, effective and fun.

Combine intensive study with opportunities to enjoy the historic city of Bordeaux and the surrounding area. Your stay with a welcoming Bordeaux family allows you to experience the French way of life and increase your fluency in the language.

The all-inclusive cost of a two week course is about £600. For a copy of our Summer School brochure, call (33) 57 87 02 11



Bordeaux International School. 53 Rue de Laseppe, 33000 Bordeaux Tel: (33) 57 87 02 11 Fax (33) 56 79 00 47 UK Tel: 0181 681 5915

ASTON UNIVERSITY

MSc in Teaching English for Specific Purposes

The leading Master's degree in this distinctive field.

October start, one year full time.

In Birmingham, which has more to offer than you ever imagined.

Language Studies Unit, Aston University Birmingham B4 7ET,

Tel: +44 (0) 121 359 3611 ext 4236. Fax: +44 (0) 121 359 2725 Email: lsu@aston.ac.uk

THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF BASEL SWITZERLAND

I.S.B. is a day-school providing an Englishlanguage curriculum for children between the ages of three and eighteen. Courses are offered leading to the I.G.C.S.E.; A.P.; High School Diploma and the INTERNATIONAL BACCALAUREATE.

For further information contact; Headmaster, Geoffrey Tomlinson, Telephone ++41 (0)61 421 84 88 Fax ++ (0)61 421 76 85

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

APPOINTMENTS/INTERNATIONAL SCHOOLS & COLLEGES 21

SCF works to achieve lasting benefits for children within the communities in which they live and endeavours to make children's rights a reality all over the world. SCF has a long tradition of relief work through which it aims to contribute to long-term development and the establishment of sustainable services

UNACCOMPANIED CHILDREN POLICY ADVISER (UNHCR)

£19,661 pa + benefits (6 month contract)

Bukavu, Rwanda

Worlding closely with the ICRC, UNICEF and NGOs, you will ensure that Tracing and Reunification agreements already in place are implemented and complied with. You will also develop strategies for the selection and placement of children within both families and self sufficient groups within the refugee population. Specific programmes for

repatriation and for street children may also be set up in collaboration with local NGOs. You should have at least two years' iritemetional programme experience of refugee relief situations, preferably involving the reunification of children with their families. As you will be negotiating with aid organisations and local NGOs, you should also have the ability to communicate fluently in English and French, and to prioritise your work in stressful situations where circumstances may change quickly and dramatically. Ref: ENA/BUK

FOOD SECURITY INFORMATION OFFICER

£17,886 pa + benefits (12 month contract)

South Sudan

Based in Lockichoclo, you will make frequent trips to the war zone in South Sudan where food economy fieldwork is carried out. You will work closely with and support those producing and interpreting Food Economy Information. This will involve field surveys and composing regular reports. In addition you will be expected to develop an ongoing training programme for new and existing staff, mainteining a Food Economy atabase and developing leating links with other organisations and forums involved with Food Economy work (such as UNICEF, Food Security Forum and other NGOs).

Educated to postgraduate level in a relevant subject, eg. rural development, you must have proven experience of rural assessment and information analysis. Previous experience of training and excellent communication skills are also essential. If you have worked in a war zone or, particularly, South Sudan, this will be an advantage. Ref: FSIO/SSUD

Both posts are unaccompanied status. Salaries should be tax free and come with a generous benefits package including accommodation, food supplement, flights and

For further details and an application form, please send or fax your CV, quoting the appropriate reference, to Claire Hoffman at: Overseas Personnel, SCF, 17 Grove Lane, ondon SE5 8RD or fax 0171 793 7610. Closing date for both posts: 16th June 1996.

SCF aims to be an equal opportunities employer.

Save the Children

■ Working for a better world for children

BORDEAUX

INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

FRENCH A LEVELS.....

PAR EXCELLENCE

When you are considering where to do your A

Levels, think about the special opportunities the

Bordeaux International School can give you, quite

A wide range of A Level courses, including

Business Studies. A school with 100% pass record

in a all A Level subjects and a high level of

university entrance. The experience of living in a

Mrs Marion Strudwick B.A."

Bordeaux International School 53 Rue De Laseppe, 33000 Bordeaux, Tel (33) 57 87 02 11 Fau (33) 56 79 00 47 UK Tel: 0181 681 5915

vibrant, historic and sunny European city.

invaluable European dimension.

Find out how to give your A Level year an

apart from fluent French.

To place your advertisement TEL +44 (0) 161 834 8686 or FAX +44 (0) 161 839 4436 The Guardian Weekly, 164 Deanagate Manchester M60 2RR England

REGIONAL MANAGER West & Southern Africa (London-based)

Developing and managing our activities in West & Southern Africa you will encourage and enable local decision-making whilst ensuring the development of an overall oliesive regional programme that provides long-term solutions, dost-effectively.

A highly effective project manager with considerable staff management expertise you will have at least two years' experience of working on community-based

fou will be a self-starter with good organisational ability, qualified to degree level is engineering, health or other social science and will be capable of managing a multi-disciplinary team, usually from a distance

in the first instance, please write for an information pack to: Jackle Andrews, WaterAld, Prince Consert House, 27-29 Albert Embankment, London SE1 7US. Closing date: 12 July 98. Interviews; w/c 22 July 98.

WATERALD HAS A HO SMOKING AT WORK POLIDY.



Waterlid is an independen charity working with people impress their quality of life to water, sanitation and hygione using local skills are

Charity Reg No 201701



Programme Representative, Azerbaijan

Based in Baku - 2 year contract Salary: £16,609 p.a. (non-taxable) + station allowance

An experienced relief and development worker is sought to represent Oxfam and manage and develop Oxfam's programme in Azerbaljan. Programme includes public health and relief work almed at improving the living conditions and beath and rethe living conditions and health of the refugee and displaced population. Oxfam is now studying the social conditions of refugee and displaced people with a view to a more developmental programme which the new Representative will take forward.

The Representative will have at least 2 years relevant overseas experience (experience of income generation, disability

Oxiam UK and Ireland is a member of Oxiam international.

Oxiam works with poor people in their struggle against hunger, diseases, exploitation and poverty in Africa. Asia, Latin America and the Middle East through relief, development, especies and middle advestion.

and gender Issues is desirable): experience of managing staff; budgetary skills; understanding of community development; commitment to promoting gender equity and strategic analysis skills. A knowledge of the former Soviet Union and understanding of the UN, EEC and major international For further details and an application form. please send a large SAE to: International Human Resources, Oxfam. 274 Benbury Road, Oxford OX2 7DZ quoting

reference number: OS/PR/A/HM/GW. losing date: 20 June 1996. Interview date: 27 June 1996.

Oxfam UK/Ireland is striving to be an equal opportunity employer

English as a Foreign Language

Oaklands is one of the largest Government funded Further Education Colleges in the UK and is only 20 minutes from London by train

- 5 Levels of EFL course leading to exams
- English Plus includes a vocational course
- Full and Part-time courses run all year
- Residential Summer Schools in July/August 1996
- College or family based accommodation • College facilities include sports/social clubs, libraries, counselling etc

International contact Nos: Tel: +44 1727 844214 Fax: +44 1727 855677

Special arrangements can be made for groups and enquiries from Agents are welcome

Colling of the influence of the control of the cont

ge

ENGLISH

LANGUAGE

INSTITUTE

International Teacher Training Centre

Malta provides the ideal setting for training in the teaching of English as a foreign language to adults: Experience the practice and theory of mainstream and progressive language teaching methodology in Malta.

Ooug 1 Sop 36 Applications are being accepted for all courses NOW

Price: UK£ 855

Low-cost private accommodation also available DSTS

Alan Marsh or Louis Grech (afternoons) International Teacher Training Centre
NSTS English Language Institute,
220, St. Paul Sci Vellètia VLT 07, Malia Tel:(4356) 33 61 05 / Fax:(+356) 34:13 92

Teacher Training Trinity College 4 week TESOL Cert. courses: 24th June - 19th July 29th July - 23rd Aug 30th Sept - 25th Oct

Memorial service for WR (Bill) Lee

PO Box 316, 4103 Bottmingen, Switzerland

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

Field Office Directors

Save The Children has Immediate need for high caliber management professionals preferably with Middle East experience.

Selected candidates will manago/cirect oil aspects of STC programs. Responsibilities include financial management, budget control; fund raising/flatson with donors including USAID, Dutch and British governments, the UN; management of a large grant portfolio/ sponsorship program; & extensive representation/networking with donors & Government authorities.

A BA in appropriate discipline & minimum 5 years broad development experience, including proven edministrative, financial management, strategic program development & fund raising skills required. A experience in dealing with governmentaleuthorities in difficultivense a stuations essential. Understanding the intricacies of pertneringheating total development with NGCs, governments, biliateral donors & familiarity with operations research necessary. Strong conceptual abilities, excellent interpersonal, writing & communication skills deared. Arabic language skills or willingness to learn is ESSENTIAL.

Salary commensurate with experience & excellent benefits pedage. Please send resume with salary history & requirements, to: Jill Solomon, Global Recruitment Specialists, 96 Oskview Tensos, Short Hills, NJ 07078, Fax: 201-379-1854. EOE MF.

The University of Sheffield

Division of Education

Full Time MEd/Diploma in Educational Studies

[°] 30 September 1996 - 1 October 1997

The MEd/Diploma in Educational Studies is a major programme within the top-rated and long established Division of Education.

For further details please write to Lisa Pass, Division of Education, The University of Sheffield, 388 Glossop Road, Sheffield S10 2JA,

Founded in 1905, the University of Sheffield provides higher

ducation within a research-led environment. We encourage equality

of apportunity for all.

HIV/AIDS TECHNICAL

ASSISTANCE CO-ORDINATOR

pased in Ho Chi Minh City aims to raise the knowledge and awareness of

HIV/AIDS issues, particularly those affecting children; develop effective and

provide advisory input to the programme with staff and local partners.

HM/AIDS programmes in developing countries, preferably in SE Asia,

needs and co-ordinate training and strong negotiating and advisory skills.

confidential methods of care and support; and work closely with government

partners to promote non-discriminatory policies and practice. The programme is

dependent on the effective partnership between affected populations, mass and

You will have substantial international experience of advising or supporting

demonstrating strong co-ordination and organisational skills; the ability to assess

a salary of £17,886 which should be tax free. You can also expect a generous

benefits package including flights, accommodation and other living expenses.

Your role will be to co-ordinate local and external technical assistance and to

This post has accompanied status and is offered on a 12 month contract with

For further details and an application form please write to Jenet Curtis-Broni,

Overseas Personnel, SCF, 17 Grove Lane, London SE5 8RD or fax 0171 793 7610.

SCF's community based HIV/AIDS prevention and management programme

UK or tel: +44 114-275 9178 (answerphone), or fax +44 114-279 6236, quoting reference number MEdGW3

community organisations and SCF.

Closing date: 22nd June 1996.

TECHNICAL ADVISOR, WINDHOEK,

World Learning, Inc., a US-based organization, seeks 2-year Community-Based Natural Resources Management (CBNRM) Advisor for the Living in a Finite Environment Project currently being implemented by WWF and partners. The position is located in

oversee/support development of CBNRM activities;

analysis, institutional strengthening;

develop/implement participatory M&E systems

TA/training/facilitation in CBNRM, community development,

Indigenous knowledge and management systems, gender

NAMIBIA : Deadline 1 June 1996

Windhoek, Nemibia.

SCF aims to be an equal opportunities employer.

The programme is taught by lecturers who are actively researching and publishing in their area of expertise. The six

month taught course is followed by six months supervised

Egypt & West Bank Gaza

The international institute for Democracy and Electoral Assistance is an international organization that works for the promotion and advancement of sus-tainable democracy world-wide and within this context improve

ral processes. International IDEA was founded in 1995 by the governments of Australia, Barbados, Belgium, Chile, Costa Rica, Denmark, Finland, India, the Netherlands,

Norway, Portugal, South Airlea, Spain and Sweden. The institute is to include as

members, on a basis of equality, ing a new pattern of inrnational co-operation. The ter-American Institute of Human Rights (Costa Rica) and Parliamentarians for Global Action (New York) have recently

A programme was approved the Council in November 1995 and focuses initially on four

main areas of work:

Developing Rules and Guide-lines – assist in the develop-ment of rules and guidelines for normative democratic practice and electoral processes;

vice and assistance to enhance local capacity for democrate development and culture, and

for the management and mo-nitoring of elections;

Applying Research and Learning from Practice — serve as a bridge between academic and practitioners in making re search findings accessible, identifying at an early stage bottlenecks that would benefit from applied research, and in developing methodology for the

formation services -- the crea tion of a databank, harvesting of experience on good prac ces, and making the information available to those working on the promotion of democracy

DEMOCRACY AND ELECTION **EXPERTS ROSTER**

THE ROSTER:

The Institute is building up a small professional staff, and will rely extensively on external experts for many of its future activities.

International IDEA is in the process to build up a Roster of Experts for use in its activities, and plans to make available on request names of experts on the Roster to other international or national organizations operating in the democracy and electoral assistance field.

QUALIFICATIONS:

The Roster will be composed of experts with senior professional practice (over 8 years experience) in the fields of democracy and/or electoral assistance and experts with limited experience.

Experts would normally have an academic qualification in political, social or economic sciences, or in international law, international relations or related

They would have acquired substantial expertise in one or more of the following fields: the architecture of democracy, the constitutional foundations of of democracy (legislature, executive, ju-

diciary, party system), the electoral prormation and media in democracy, and civic culture and civil society.

Persons with specific country or regional experience relevant to democratle development are also invited to re-

As one of the primary aims of IDEA is to build bridges between the academic community and practitioners, both scholars and persons with applied experience and skills are encouraged to re-

HOW TO REGISTER:

Interested professionals are requested to send a CV written in English, highlighting qualifications, experience and skills, areas of specific interest and names of references. Respondents may wish to attach to their applications relevant articles, reports or books on democracy/electoral issues that they have aut-

Applications and/or requests for background information on the Institute can be sent by mail to International IDEA, 103 34 Stockholm, democracy, the institutional structures Sweden, or be faxed to +46 8 202422, or



UNITED NATIONS VOLUNTEERS NEEDED IN ANGOLA

The UN Volunteers programme (UNV) is supporting the Government of Angels and the UN Agencies' efforts aiming at rebuilding the war-torn country of Angels. Specific activities include community rehabilitation, assisting demobilized soldiers in their reintegration into civilian life, reconstruction and development. Within the above, UNV invites applicants in the following fields of specialisation:

Administration Project administrator/Financial specialists

Participatory Development/Programming

Project Advisors
Project Evaluation Specialists (community rehabilitation and national reconciliation

Business/Management, Community/Social Development

Community Development Advisers/Planners (project development and management with rural

Micro-enterprise specialists

<u>Agriculture</u> Rural Development Specialists (agricultural extensionists)

Civil Environmental Engineering

Water & Sanitation Specialists
Environment Rehabilitation & Protection Specialists

Physical Science/Environment Lond mines awareness and risks Educators

Health

General Practitioner

Public Health Specialists (sanitation, education, training of medical personnel)

Inidemiologist/Vector Control Specialists

HIV/AIDS Specialists (home based care/support to patients)

Education Teacher/Trainers in Vocational Subjects

Curriculum Development Specialists (Vocational/Technical Subjects

QUALIFICATIONS

The Vacancies

Recognized diploma in the above mentioned fields of specialisation (+ computer and negociating skills for posts in the Administration, Business and Management fields). Minimum 2 years of nal experience. Ability to train and to work in a team. Tolerance, adaptability and capacity cos and conditions. Volunteer motivation and commitment. to work under difficult circ

LANGUAGES Fluoncy in Portuguese. Knowledge of English or French desiruble.

CONDITIONS OF SERVICE

24 Months contract, monthly lump sum ranging from US\$1,65% to US\$2,461 depending on the civil status and the duty station (this amount comprises Monthly Living Allowance (MLA), accommodation, utilities, furniture, transport), Settling-in-grant (SIG) ranging from US\$1,882 to US\$2,828, Hoalth/life insurance, Roundtrip airfare, Resettlement allowance (US\$100 per menth of service). Some provinces are non-family duty stations (dependents are not allowed to join). **APPLICATIONS**

Please write or fax with a CV merked "UNV/Angela" to:

Recruitment Resources Division/UNV Palais dos Nations CH-1211 Geneva 10, Switzerland Fax: 41 22 788 28 01 E-mail:sylvan@unv.org Closing date: 07.00.06.

Smallholder Marketing & Certification Project

This project in Kenya is to assist rural families improve their livelihoods, through their processing and marketing of conserval

One to four month fixed term appointments are available for self-starters able to design, implement and report upon surveys in the

emale and male candidates must be able to produce a report of their own work in one of the subjects, demonstrate work

remain and many calculates must and hold relevant qualifications in a natural resource or socio-economic discipline. Experience asperience in rural development and hold relevant qualifications in a natural resource or socio-economic discipline. Experience articipatory methods, computer literacy, excellent written English, and willingness to travel which using public transport are

desirable characteristics, were experienced women and then team note to make a whom our strong communion to design backstopping and reporting of a survey will be welcome candidates.

Mail a handwritten application to indicate your solvantages and disadvantages, salory expectations in accordance with prevailing Mail a handwritten application to indicate your solvantages and disadvantages, salory expectations in accordance with prevailing MGO conditions, a detailed curriculum vitate, the names and addresses of three reference of substance, and a confact telephone amount of the conditions of the conditions of the conditions and the saloration for Better Land Husbandry, P.O.Box 39042, Natrobi, Kenya.

lestrable characteristics. Well experienced women and men learn leaders able to make a short but strong contribution to design.

consumer perception of todas and their root consumption patterns
operational modalities & raw material needs of food processors, horticultural exporters, hotols, institutions
marketing operations and patterns in selected leval and major public markets
fermers own perception of their marketing patterns, problems & opportunities.
saif-help group action: benefits and problems
farmers own perception of organic conservation practices

Smallholder Marketing & Certification Project

This project in Kenya is to assist rural families improve their livelihoods, through their processing and

The Vacancles Senior Processing & Marketing Officer

To play a managing role in project implementation and in the development of brands, standards and certification systems for conservation products,

PRA monitoring & evaluation specialist To develop dynamic participatory monitoring and evaluation systems for this project and others. Successful candidates will have an interest in both environmental sustainability and the economic advancement of people through self help group action. Short listed candidates will satisfy several of the

five years experience in community development

rev years experience in community development.
 self-help group development & networking
 evidence of skills utilised in a participatory development process
 large scale horticultural production by smallholders for factory processing/export
 practical food technology experience, preferably at a cottage industry scale
 assisting rural people to market their horticultural & other products

palifications and experience in any of: horticulture, conservation farming, agriculture,

food technology, group dynamics and organisation experience of service as a trainer of farmers and extensionists

idates are required to have or obtain quickly:

• basic fluency in Klawahili

qualifications to ride motorcycles and drive 4WD vehicles

computer literacy
 excellent use of English and reporting skills

sound interpersonal skills

Mail a handwritten application to indicate your advantages and disadvantages, salary expectations according to NGO standards, a detailed curriculum vitae, and the names and addresses of three referees of substance to.

Association for Better Land Husbandry, Box 39042, Nairobi, Kenya

English Courses in Leeds

Country House, Vicar Lane, Leeds LS1 7JH, Regiand

Recognised by the British Council
Term courses/summer charses
All levels

* Accommodation syranges

* RSA & Trinity Continues coun INTERNATIONAL LANGUAGE INSTITUTE

Fax (0113)234 7543 Tel (0113) 242 8893

Tel +44 (0) 161 834 8686 Fax +44 (0) 161 839 4436

To place your advertisament

The Guardian Weekly. 164 Deanagate, Manchester M60 2RR England

UNIVERSITY OF DUNDEE Department of Civil Engineering

consumer perception of foods and their food consumption patte

LECTURESHIP IN CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY The successful candidate would work within the internationally renowned and thriving Concrete Technology Unit of the Department of Civil Engineering. The Department is interested in candidates who are committed to research and have innovative and entrepreneurial qualities. Candidates should preferably have a PhD and could be from any of the following disciplines: Civil Engineering, Material Sciences, Inorganic Chemistry or Geology/Geochemistry.

The appointment will initially be for 3 years and will be on the scale £15,086 \cdot

Informal discussion can be made with Professor R K Dhir (Fel +44 1382 344347, email r.k.dhir@dundce.ac.uk).

CV (3 copies), complete with the names and addresses of 3 referees, abould be sent to Personnel Services, University of Dundes, Dundes, DD1 4HN, Tel (01382) 344015. Further Particulars are available for this post. Please quote

Closing date: 18 June 1996. The University exists to promote higher education and research and is an equal apportunities employer. AGENTS WANTED

Agents Abroad or with 9 overseas contacts. Sought by smell established but expanding English as a Foreign Language School Generous commission i

preparation.

offered. The school offers year round tuition at all levels, as well as

For details write to:

26 Pottergate

Norwich NR2 10X

I.C.S.E

Regularments:

advanced degree: CBNRM experience: 7 years (leid experience: 3 edvanced degree): 7 years (leid experi years African community development or related field; work with NGOs, CBOs, community leaders, government agencies; excellent summer courses and exem communication and training skills. and the state of the state of

Identify training needs/lead training

Attan.
Phonda Frazee; World Learning Inc., 1015 16th Street, NW, Suite 750, Washington DC 20005. Fax: 1-202-408-5397.

Advertisements

Founded as a teacher training college in 1840, King Alfred's

courses lead to the award of degrees of the University of

The College has an international reputation for high quality

From September 1996 King Alfred's College will be running the

teaching in education, attracting students from over 20

Suitable for those in school leadership and management positions, and for individuals seeking to enter those fields.

MA in Design and Technology Education

within education seeking to develop Design and Technology curriculum materials, structures and approaches for 5 to 19 year

A predominantly taught Maaters course for those working

Suitable for teachers and educationalists wishing to develop

certificate and diploma programmes in the following areas of continuing professional development: Special Educational

of Children Under Five; Curriculum Leadership and

Needs; Evaluating Professional Practice; The Education

For further details and an application form please contact:

Mr. Darren Murphy, International Development Officer Tel: +44 1962 827491. Fax: +44 1962 827436

Mary Brading, School of Education, King Alfred's College, Winchester, United Kingdom SO22 4NR

Tel: +44 1962 827345. Pax: +44 1962 827479

The institution is a registerea charity and exists solely to King Alfred's harmide education facilities in Winchester

In addition The College offers a wide range of intensive

following full time, one year Masters programmes.

MA in Educational Management

MA in Professional Practice

their curriculum expertise.

Mentor Training.

Email: MurphyD@wkac.ac.uk

Email: MaryB@wkac.ac.uk

The institution is a registered

countries world-wide.

College is an independent college in the University sector. Its

is a condition of acceptance. dvertisement orders that the proprietors of The Guardian Week not guarantee the insertion specified date, or at all, although every effort will be made to meet the wishes of advertisers; further they do not accept liability for any loss or damage caused by an error or inaccuracy in the printing or non-appearance of any advertisement. They also reserve the right to classify correctly any advertisement, edit or delete any objectionable wording or reject any advertisement.

Although every advertisement is carefully checked, occasionally mistakes do occur. We therefore ask advertisers to assist us by checking their advertisements carefully and advise us immediately should an error occur. We regret that we cannot scoopt responsibility for more than ONE INCORRECT insertion and that no republication will be granted in the case of typographical or minor changes which do not affect the value of the advertisement

The Quardian

Save the Children I

University of Durham

Department of Linguistics and English Language

Invites you to join them on one of their highly flexible MA degrees: MA in Linguistics MA in Language Acquisition MA in Applied Linguistics with reference to:

● ELT ● EBOL ● EBP

ELT CALL and Educational Technology
 ELT and Materials Development
 Arablo, French, German, Japanese or Spanish Language Teaching Requirements are a good undergraduate degree, thierdy in English and for the LT degrees, three years' teaching experience.

further details contact: Maggie Tellerman, Director of MA in Linguistics

Maggie Tellerman, Director of MA in Linguistics

Martin Young-Scholten, Director of MA in Linguistics

Martin Young-Scholten, Director of MA in Linguistics

Department of Linguistics and English Language

University of Durham Durham DH1 347, UK

Telephone; (+44) 181 374 2841

e-mail: durham linguistics@durham.so,uk **(20%)**



UNITED NATIONS VOLUNTEERS .. NEEDS IN ETHIOPIA

Lecturers in: Law(1 post), Accounting(2 posts), Economics(2 posts)

The Ethiopian Civil Service College (ECSC) has been set up to provide training in law, accounting and economics for civil servants with the purpose to build capacity and fill positions in the peripheral areas of Ethiopia. The UNV Lecturers will be required to:

teach six hours per week and prepare teaching materials;

collaborate with Ethlopian counterparts in the preparation of lectures and the development of teaching materials:

assist students out of class on campus and during field placements:

assist with program development; assist in the practical training program in the courts

designing the off campus seventh semester; overseeing the field placement for seventh semester; helping to develop off campus assignments.

Qualifications:

The candidates are required to have a Masters or preferably a higher degree and a minimum 10-15 years of relevant working experience and should be fluent in written and spoken English. Knowledge of Amharic desirable.

Conditions of Service:

The Duty Station is Addls Ababa, for 2 years, with possibility of extension. A monthly lump sum equivalent to US\$1,703 to US\$2,227 (depending upon the family composition) is provided for in addition to health insurance, installation grant and resettlement

Application:

Please send, latest 7 June 1996, a detailed cv marked "Ethiopia" to: Lars Sylvan, Chief Resources Group.

UNV, Palais des Nations. 1211 Geneva 10 Switzerland. E-mail: sylvan@unv.org

Lectureship

in the Contemporary History and International Relations of The **Baltic States**

£15,154 - £26,430 Ref: AEU0401JG Required for the Baltic Research Unit in the Department of European Studies with effect from September 1996 or as soon as possible thereafter. Applicants must demonstrate an active interest in esearch in the region and a commitment to learning one of the Beltio languages. Preference may be given to specialists in the security issues of the area and its integration into Europe. An openness to collaborative research with colleagues in other disciplines will be an advantage in this multi-

liscipilnary department. The person appointed will be expected to teach modules in both the undergraduate and postgraduate programmes of the department. Supervision of M.Phil and Ph.D candidates within the department's octoral programme will be expected. The Department gives high priority to research and publications among staff members and, at the same time, expects from them high levels of teaching

Application forms and further details from the University of Bradford, Bradford, BD7 1DP Tei (01274) 383091. Closing date: 15 June 1996.

UNIVERSITY OF BRADFORD

Working towards Equal Opportunities

WAKING KNOATEDGE MOBIL

To place your advertisement Tel +44 (0) 161 834 8686 Fax +44 (0) 161 889 4436

Commence of the state of the state of

The Guardian Weekly, 164 Deanegate, Manchester M60 2RR England

(

3

B LAME Dublin. First a great wind came out of nowhere and didn't just blow over but quite shredded one of Europe's biggest, safest, and (let it be said) most uninsured circus tents. Shows had to be cancelled, new tents found. Then a player died. For good measure the festival hosts tried to sue and, for dramatic effect, a hundred armed police surrounded Archaos's army of trucks and wagons one night and ran the show out of town.

The next months were personally tragic, fiscally operatic and almost the end of a rare artistic talent. The circus that had substituted chainsaws, Yamahas and carbon monoxide for horses, sequins and sickly-sweet smiles, went from being one of the largest, most feted companies in the world to financial

Archaos fell to earth in 1991, having just moved into the big time. The directors were beached, the generous French government stuck by them with a minimum grant but the 28 nationalities employed in several huge shows touring three continents at a time were laid off and the bikes and chainsaws sold. Local authorities sighed as the theatrical typhoon passed.

"It was a big disaster," says Guy Carrara who, with Pierrot Pillot-Bidon, started the company and catapulted one of the oldest entertainment forms into the 20th century, probably saving it along the way from heritage chic and death by a thousand secuins.

It has taken Archaos five years to recover, but Carrara is now directing Game Over on tour in London. Pillot-Bidon, who co-wrote the show, is in the south of France trying to organise a parallel circus of old performers, and 1,200 curious Parisians are wondering what's next in the circus anarchists' cookbook.

"Do they still have chainsaws?" asks one man at the Palais de Sports at Vaugirard. "Are they still dangerous?" asks his friend.

No, says one; yes, says the other. Game Over is quite like old times. Archaos is still obsessed with modern life, with the power and influence of technology and the hard edge of the city. It's still loud, if less rough and ready; it's still a circus to run away to -- extreme and human. The wildness may be more of the imagination and less in the performances but the company's respect for circus conventions is as strong

Game Over's thesis is simple

enough: that modern times are dominated and exploited by the phenomenon of television. We are the observed generations, says Carrara - always on "Infinity TV" where the virtual, visual world is taking over the physical one. Here it's always 3.38pm, and though you may see the poor cleared from the street, hear the bombs go off and recognise social disease and crime at every step, the news is that there is no more delinquency, no unemployment, and that violence has been eradicated. Be collectively hypnotised, be happy, says Infinity

circus starts with the physical and works out to the cerebral then it can have a quite unexpected narrative force. Having surfed the new dangers of the urban 1980s, the company is now moving into the video and multi-media 1990s and is becoming far more visually sophisticated, going less for the gut than for the brain and the storyline. The seeds are here for the company to become genuine purveyors of a new opera of the street, with appropriate choreography and massive musical and visual statements.

Archaos learned quickly that i



Headline grabbing . . . Scene from Archaos's Game Over, which tells of the danger of the virtual world

very special period of great change.

In London, Archaos fits snugly

with the circus revival that is hap-

pening on the British club circuit.

Producer Adrian Evans has turned

the Brixton Academy into a multi-

media experience, with huge techno

installations and screens until the

show ends on June 2. There are

BMX bikes doing 30ft flips and risks taken on and off the stage.

Which is how everyone, includ-

ing the French government who

have put in more than \$300,000.

want it. "We cannot work unless it is

dangerous," says Carrara. "We like

this danger. There must be no con-

cessions. We must be free to do

what we want. If a show is no good

then you are dead. Each time you

play it is a play with death." It's the

old Archaos, risking everything and

Since they were last in Britain

Pillot-Bidon and Carrara, who were

born within hours of each other in

France, have met, fallen for and

married the beautiful Brazilian

trapeze artists, the Rache de An-

drade sisters. Both women are now

pregnant and, by a surreal fluke that

seems almost typical of the circus

troupe, are expecting their first chil-

dren within days of each other. It's

sheer coincidence, says Carrara. No

it's not, say the people who know

them, it's the Archaos factor.

daring to be creative.

But Archaos's tap root is still in rock solid love and respect for traditional physical skills: so how better to show the unreality and ludicrousness - and the wonder - of TV sport than to have men playing basketball literally with each other? Or to show how TV sensationalises than to have doctors walking up

■ ITH ITS new leaning to techno and rave culture, Game Over is unashamedly young — even if it seems unhealthily obsessed with that eternal French cliché, the pinball machine. At the end, though, the message is positive: in the world of high technology, it seems to say, is this acrobatic, beautiful, balletic thing called the human body that holds the hope.

"I'm just 42 and here I am be ween two worlds," says Carrara. Society has moved so quickly, he maintains, that it seems that he was educated in the equivalent of the middle ages and is now looking ahead to the 21st century.

Carrara admits he finds Game

Over difficult to understand. "But when I speak to young people they always say it's very clear. They understand the visual much faster. They have learned to live with pictures and the camera. This is a

Juggernaut of metal fusion

MUSIC

Adam Sweeting

The unconverted are no doubt confused by the Pumpkin's insistence on ranging across the crosscurrents of the last 30 years of rock

In thundering riff-driven stufflike metal tradition.

They climaxed with a 20-minute ground had mated with The Doors.

strings and lobbed them into the crowd, then they concocted a mellow four-part harmony for Farewell And Goodnight. You had the sens

BILLY CORGAN couldn't resist a touch of irony after the Smashing Pumpkins were dragged out for the third batch of encores. "You're not supposed to like us in England." he told a heaving Wembley crowd.

Vast as the Pumpkins are in their native USA, Corgan seemed almos overwhelmed by the surging dis-plays of enthusiasm and a steady stream of prostrate ravers being carted over the barriers by a huge security presence. But somebody died of a heart attack at a Pumpkins show in Dublin last weekend, so the band must have viewed the scene with mixed emotions.

They provided a potted history of Pumpkinism on last year's double-disc set, Mellon Collie And The Infinite Sadness, which had every thing from gossamer-fine ballads and pseudo-renaissance instrumen tals to the crunching hard rock that first got them confused with Grunge. Their stage show doesn't bear much relation to their records. Where their studio sound is a tow de force of elaborate sonic layering on stage they're faster, cruder and aint-peclingly raw.

Where Boys Fear To Tread, the Pumpkins plug straight into the

Silverfuck jam, stuffed with loops and riffs as if the Velvet Under Corgan unwound his guitar

GUARDIAN WEEKLY May 26 1996

A Handel on greatness

Martin Kettle

NE OF the few anxieties about David Alden's 1993 production of Ariodante was that all that elaboration and style would make it a hard work to revive. But now Handel's Ariosto-derived drama is back at the Coliseum, looking and sounding even better than ever. This is one of the English National Opera's defining operatic productions of the 1990s, and it is simply not to be missed

As an opera, Ariodante defica easy description, but Alden has conjured it into an erotically charged nightmare of lust, be-trayal and violated innocence, in which the prince's eventual triumph never fully displaces the darker themes. For this revival, Michael Keegan-Dolan has produced wholly new and important choreography, which sup-plements Alden's original vision with raw power, as well as making sense of the work's other-wise problematic dance

episodes. The ENO has pulled out all the stops to assemble one of the strongest casts at its disposal. At its heart, as in the 1993 production, is the wonderful artistry of Ann Murray, whose Ariodante is even more pointed and expressive than she was before. She simply commands the whole thing — the lightness of act one. the suicidal agonies of the great scene in the second act and the virtuosic triumph of her final act aria — all with equal panache and sincerity. Murray alone is worth the price of admission.

But there is much, much more. Three excellent principals return to the roles they played in 1993. Lesley Garrett is on her top form as Dalinda (Garrett is always better in serious roles than in her more coquettish guises) and Paul Nilon as Lurcanto is musically more secure than he was three years ago. And Christopher Robson repeats



his brilliantly characterised, if occasionally vocally strained Polinesso, and is always the motivating force behind the drama. As if this wasn't enough, the addition of Joan Rodgers, in the crucial and demanding role of the wronged Ginevra, gives this revival tremendous extra bite and musical character, while Gwynne Howell makes a more credible King.

Perhaps Ivor Bolton does not quite match Nicholas McGegan's masterly handling of the score in the original production, but it is a very close run thing.

This outstanding revival, fol-lowing the very different but equally remarkable Xerxes, ought to make the ENO realise that Handel in English should be constantly at the heart of its

Over-sexed, underaged and running wild in Manhattan

CINEMA **Derek Malcolm**

ARRY CLARK'S Kids isn't one of those films about which you could have no opinion, but possibly the most valuable one would have come from those who, because of its 18 certificate, will not be able to

You can't blame the censor for that. He would have got into grave frouble, given the hypocrisies of our society, had he placed the film in any other category. But it would be interesting to find out, since Clark is determined to "tell it like it is", how many of the age group to which the film applies agree with his findings.

Few, one suspects, in Britain though most would recognise something, somewhere, even if they refused to admit it to adults.

But this is America - or rather Manhattan, where Telly the virgin surgeon operates. He is introduced to us "sucking face" (necking) with a clearly underage girl. The close-up seems so long and is framed so tightly that what they are doing seems an inevitable prefude to a passionless but urgent approxi-mation of sex. Which it is — but we see less of the mechanics than the first shot implies. "Virgins, I love 'em," Telly eventually says above the soundtrack.

Telly, though the central character, is but one of a group of pubes-cent teens we follow through a sweaty summer's day.

There is also Casper, a skateboarder who likes to hear about Telly's exploits but can't quite manage them, and Jennie, one of Telly's deflowered virgins, who is HIV positive because of him.

Jennie undertakes a long search for Telly and eventually finds him deflowering someone else at a party. In a near comatose state after visiting a rave club and taking

ecstasy, she is raped by Casper. The film moves from the Upper East Side of Manhattan through Washington Square and East VIIlage. But you are never quite sure

__ and this is the chief fault of the film — where the participants come from or how old they are. There aren't many adults about, at least none that play more than a peripheral part in the film. The context is never properly filled in, perhaps on

ARTS 25

But if that purpose was to encourage us to think of the characters as typical of their generation, all over the world, it doesn't succeed. Telly, Casper, Jennie and the others look and sound typical, but they don't do entirely typical things.

What the film is better at exposing are the secrets most children have from their parents, probably mirroring the secrets most parents have from them. It is also very good at suggesting that the adult world is either too busy or too helpless to do much about it.

One of the most effective se quences in Kids is the hospital scene, where the health-care counsellors go about their business like tired zombies, seeming almost to shrug off the enormities and personal tragedies they face as inevitable consequences of life in a

It's a terrible moment when kuby and Jennie go for tests and the promiscuous one passes while the innocent fails. But the film isn't so much about the risks children run as about a lifestyle that is all too real, even if it doesn't always have dramatic consequences. To say that most kids of this age screw around. take drugs, party and self-destruct would be absurd. To deny that they would like to, and sometimes do. would be fatal.

Clark's film-making methods are pretty impressive and his cast is extraordinarily convincing. He says that his relationship with his own children has grown since its making. But that might not apply to everyone else who sees it.

In truth, however, Kids underlines very little. It just stares at what it professes to have discovered. I can't remember a movie that so distances you on the one hand while involving you on the other.

CLASSIFIED

CAR HIRE





RUTTY CAN REPITAL THE OLD COUNTHOUSE HUGHDROEN ROSO HIGH WYCOLINE SUCKS. HP13 SOT

ACCESS CAR HIRE U.K Tel. +1-1 (0) 1734 601 Fac. +4-1 (0) 1734 601 ath Boad, Reading, Berkshire RG30 2FIS SPECIAL OFFERS!! AVAILABLE ON MOST MODELS DURING APRIL & MAY AIRPORT TERMINAL MEET & GREET SERVICE PLEASE WRITE PHONE OR FAX FOR DETAILS

EXAMPLE ESCORT 1.6LXI for 2 WEEKS £280.00 Fully inclusive of comprehensive insurance CDW, delivery/collection to Heathrow, Gatwick or London; unlimited mileage.

LONDON HOTELS & APARTMENTS LONDON TOURIST FLATS

(Wimbledon)
5 mins. station, self-contained, fully
equipped, £130-£320/week,
depending on size and season,
2 weeks miximum.
17 88. Mary's Road, London 58/19 782 Tel: +44 181 947 0573 Fee: +44 181 946 8785 MERSEYSIDE HOLIDAY HONES (WARAL)
15 mins. Liverpool or Chester
(State which brochure required)

ROBERT WHITLEY CAR HIRE HRATHROW - GATWICK GRANADA GHIA AUTO £189
CHOICE OF OVER AV VERCUE. IN INCLUDE
COOVER, UNIDATED MILEAGE, INCLUDE
COOVER, UNIDATED MILEAGE, INCLUDE
FOR EN Immediate competitive quote
telephone 44 (0) 1251 - 794459
[Ass 44 (8) 1252 - 794591
Mobile 44 (0) 831 - 114709
smilne Cottage, Tilkord Road, Rushan,
Eurabara, Sarrey QU 10 289,

To place your sovenjsement Tel +44 (0) 161 834 8686 Pex +44 (0) 161 839 4436 The Guardian Weekly, 164 Deensgale, Menchester M80 2RF England

CAR RENTAL Our raice are inclusive of VAT, CDW, Unlimited Mileage and full AA memship and most and greet service t

WEEKLY DAILY? CINQUECENTO 84,00 FIESTA /CORSA 98.00 MICRA/UNO 112.00 14.00 18.00 140.00 ESCORT/ASTRA MONDEO/PRIMERA 154.00 RANGE ROVERS 525.00 HEATHROW-AUTOHIRE-GATWICK THE VILLAGE GARAGE, HIGH TBLRPHONE:-11 44 1942 893338 PAX:- 00 11 1342 832211

NEW CARS: OLD PRICES HEATHROW/GATWICK Personal meet & greet service expats & diplomats
Unlimited mileage Full 24 hr AA & RAC cover Contact up for fully inclusive rate 58 Meadow, Godalming, Surrey GU7 8HT UK

Tel +44 1483 860046 Fax +44 1483 860187

Cors from 284.68 per week inclusive Rentol Cara undor 6 months ald Pricos inclusive VAT, CDW, Unlimited milespe, Theft Waiver and Personal Accident and Effects cover. Fax: + (0)1256 55496 for brecku Phone: + (0)1256 57013 **PERSONAL** Universities and Colleges

We are able to provide information on these services at Harris Green Ltd. Tel: +44 181 S75 9847 Fax: +44 181 813 2046 UK BOOK PUBLISHER Invites Authors to send menuscript for publication under Atternetive Bookplan. A practicel, tow cost, on demand system. We are experienced in all octopolisms, including sendemto and specialized producing sendemto and specialized producing sendemto and specialized producing sendemto and specialized producing sendemts. He sendemts according to the highest standards. He sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts. He sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts. He sendemts are sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts and sendemts are sendemts.

Gray's bare anatomy of solitude Autoquest Car Rental THEATRE Michael Billington

the original. In the case of Simon Gray's Simply Disconnected, it is

over whelming impression is of the hero's grief and unbreach-.. Property able solitude, Solitude may seem an odd word for a man whose day is an endless series of interruptions. Twenty-five years ago he was desperately trying to listen to Parsifal; now, he is a wid-

owed, retired publisher in a sequestered country retreat. But the, continuous crunching sound of feet, continuous crunching sound of feet, consequences of his actions.
on the gravel path heralds a succession. Gray's structure is calculatedly

The play is a follow-up of Gray's

1971 success, Otherwise Engaged;

but where in that I felt characters

a writer of best-selling travel books THE sequel, they used to say in only to be exposed by his wife. Hollywood, is never as good as Gwendoline, as a total fraud. And a neurotic young man called Julian bursts in with a gun claiming he is Hench's son by a casually discarded

Quite a lot for one day, not to mention the pregnant home-help were often wheeled on to be de-flated by Alan Bates's Simon Hench, Hench's child.

> is almost unreachable, Before, Hench showed a talent to abuse; now he is less an ironic point-scorer than a tragic figure haunted by the

headmaster for molesting a 13-year-old boy. Jeff, Hench's oldest friend and once a literary hack, turns up as

But Gray's point, in the words of the old hymn, is "change and decay in all I see" — his characters, however buoyant they may seem, have been warped and corroded by time. Richard Wilson's production is

not without humour but the abiding impression is of Alan Bates as a wonderfully clenched Hench: his planched features and ghostly stillness relieved only by a final shocking spasm of suppressed sorrow. Charles Kay as the prissy, pedagogic Stephen, Gawn Grainger a As Gray says, the earlier play was | spuriously successful Jeff and Roseabout a man who kept that world at | mary Martin as his dipsomaniac

cruel revenges.

Fact in the theatre is always griptoning; and Guardian journalistory raises a whole series of fascinating palling mass slaughter of Tutsis and burg, an edited version of the War criminals, did the trial implicitly expose the series of the criminals.

deserves credit for the idea — and for producing one of the best theare programmes I've ever seen he has somewhat overegged the pudding by commissioning three short plays on Haiti, Rwanda and former Yugoslavia, Taken together, they make for an exhausting four-

NUREMBURG is so strong it could stand on its own. What emerges, as the defendants go on trial, is the variety of moral evasions they offer. Goering, although Hitler's designated successor, denies all knowledge of systematic liquidation policies, while Field-Marshal Keitel, chief of staff of the bay by pretending it did not exist; spouse all seize their moments, but he is writing, far more searchingly, about a man so weighed down play is its recognition that we are all the victims of our actions and that behind semantic quibbles the whirligig of time brings in its over the meaning of Ausrottung (extermination).

on the gravel path heralds a succession of visitors echoing the patterns of the past.

His brother, Stephen, brings the news that he is about to be ignominated as an assistant in a dramatically convincing.

Gray's structure is calculatedly burg an edited version of the War criminals, did the trial implicitly exponents to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb. But Nuremburg is indistrible to absorb But Nuremburg is indistrible to

These and other questions emerge from Norton-Taylor's skilfully edited text and Kent's scrupulously realistic production: the confronta tion of Colin Bruce's nervously sweating American prosecutor and Mark Penfold's coolly unfazed David Maxwell-Fyfe with Michael Cochrane's arrogantly impervious

Goering is first-rate. Ideally, Nuremburg would be fol-lowed by a nightly debate about the issues involved. Instead it is preceded by three short "responses" dealing with its contemporary impli-cations. One of these, Goran Stefanovski a Ex-Yu about a woman seeking information about her father's sulcide during the Balkan

war, is genuinely haunting Keith Reddin's Halti neatly dramatises the specific case of an American officer who was court-martialled for releasing prisoners from a Haitian jall. But Femi Osofian's Rwanda does

0 3



Marking time in Tuzla

A year after losing their men in the fall of Srebrenica, Bosnian Muslim women and children are still stranded in limbo. Alexandra McLeod reports

would like to go back and find them for myself. Even If they are just bones now, I feel sure that I could

Azralic is the only woman in the therapy centre who has agreed to see me. When she starts to talk, her voice is surprisingly steady, but her hands shake uncontrollably and she speaks for 40 minutes without looking up. She is one of the 32,000 displaced persons from Srebrenica now living in makeshift accommodation in the Tuzia canton. Her husband, son and three brothers fled through the forests to escape the Serbs, and she hasn't seen them

She outlines in detail the events of her life over the past four years. How when she was first moved out of her village she tried to sneak back every day to feed and milk her cow; how the Serbs chanted, "You think you'll be safe in Tuzla but we'll find you," as she finally stepped on to the bus to safety. She is 35 years old but looks 20 years older her face is lined and she has few teeth

Irfahka, a psychiatrist who treats many of the women, explains: This is the worst situation in therapist's terms. Many of the women are in a position of waiting and searching and nothing other than that They can't think about the future. Someone is obliged to find out officially what happened to these men."

Fatima Huseinovic is founder of the Srebrenica Women's Associ tion. She is softly spoken and only loses control of her emotions when she recalls how her husband was led away from her on June 13, 1995. "We took to the streets to demonstrate. It was embarrassing, but no one seemed to be doing anything to try to find out what happened to our men, so we had to do something for

The most extreme of the demonstrations she organised included the stoning of the Tuzla cantonal government HQ and the over-running of the Red Cross headquarters. where the director was trapped in

TS NOT easy when you've lost your son and almost all your family. That's why I Alija Izetbegovic rushing to Tuzla to reassure the women that something would be done. Fatima is still waiting, still disillusioned.

from peasant families, unable to

read or write. It is difficult to see

into city life. Tuzla is surprisingly

sophisticated, and its inhabitants

have mixed feelings about the peas-

ant women. Samra Gluhic, a Tuzlan,

who co-runs the Viva Zene therapy

centre, admits: "They are different

from us." She describes the women

from Srebrenica as "almost like

There is a prevalent embarrass

ment among urban Boanians about

their peasant class, a resentmen

that the entire country is pictured in

the West as a rustic cliché. When

July, they were placed in a UN camp

at the airport, but were hastily and

forcibly removed by local govern-ment. Bosnian officialdom was not

entirely pleased by the worldwide

women in the Bosnian government

She is also a feminist campaigner, and is candid about the difficulties

can't forget them, but our economy

is on zero. Everyone in Bosnia is de-

pendent on outside aid, it's not just

how they will integrate successfull

I have been invited to tea by a group of women who have been moved into two houses on the outskirts of Tuzia by Viva Zene, a German funded organisation. Hordes of children run out to greet me, giggling and calling out. Each family has its own room, with a wood-burning stove. There is a water pump outside, and strings of washing hang everywhere. The fur-niture is sparse but anyone who has ı visitor borrows from the others. As I move from room to room, the same small table is carried around

The general mood among the women is one of determined optimism. Alija Fortana informs me with pride that she has taken a diploma in sewing and is keen to be able to gain enough skills to support her four daughters. "I wouldn't go back to Srebrenica. I must get a job here. I am mother and father to my children now."

In Oskova, 40 minutes' drive from Every settlement visited reinforces this determination that the Tuzla, is a collective centre that epitowomen can make something of their mises the worst problems the Srebrenica women have to face. In one lives. Workshops have been set up large tent, women and children are crowded together into tiny canvas-walled partitions. Smoky and gloomy, next to the living areas, and the air is filled with the sound of sewing machines, looms weaving carpets, the click of knilting needles and chatter. it's hard to believe anyone could live One agency has set up a project for in such conditions for more than a the women to breed rabbits, to provide food for the hospital. Everyone ing, "How do we know they are not the same time, according to Islamic from the aid agencies stresses that going to burn us in our beds?" om ure aiu a these communities are to be self-

No one wants to admit that the until one night all but one mysteri-women may have been filled with ously burned down. The locals say false hopes of a lifestyle that cannot it was an arson attack arranged by are being almost completely sus the aid worker in charge had not tional agencies will withdraw too alive. "We are waiting for someone" quickly and not match economic de to come and take us on to the next velopment," admits Usha Kar, the town, says one woman. "There are representative for Oxfam in Bosnia other women there — in houses.

Herzegovina. But we can't n
The majority of the women are would we go?"

Out of the darkness

Kathy Evans reports on the happy ending for a Filipina maid sentenced to death

IT IS NOT often that papers get to report good news, but the tragic saga surrounding the teenage Filipina maid Sarah Balabagan, cur-rently imprisoned in Abu Dhabi for the murder of her employer, is turning out to have a happy ending. When Balabagan walks out of prison in a few months' time, she will emerge a wealthy woman. The last two years of trials and re-trials. and the death sentence handed down last year, touched the hearts of thousands. The donations from anonymous benefactors in the Philippines itself and as far away as Canada, Australia and Europe have been so huge that a special trust fund, worth several hundred thousand dollars, has been set up in her name to help her relaunch her life. Sarah Balabagan was just 15

years old when she left her rural village in the Philippines to work as a maid in the rich oil states of the Gulf. She had been recruited illegally by an employment agency. At the time, her father, a sharecropper peasant, was earning the equivalent of \$5 per week and sending Sarah to work for an Arab family seemed the only way the family could survive. Her papers were falsified to show her age to be 27, to conform with Emirates law which required all housemaids to be 25 years and over.

She was sent to work in Al Ain, a desert town around 150km from the capital, Abu Dhabi, where she was employed by the al-Baloushi family to look after the needs of their elderly father, Mohammed al-Baloushi. It quickly became app the women first arrived in Tuzia last arent that her employer — despite being in his eightles — expected her to cater to more than his domestic needs: within weeks, he was media attention that their plight making repeated, aggressive sexual

Balabagan complained to the LELIJA BALTA is vice-president of the Liberal Party and one of the few agency that employed her, only to be told: "Why not give the old man a kiss?" Shortly after, her employer cornered her with a kitchen knife and tried to rape her. Balabagan nanaged to wrestle the knife away the Srebrenica women face. We rom him and, desperate to beat him off, stabbed him 34 times.

Overnight, she became a cause célèbre, both in the Gulf and at home in Manila. For the Filipino government, Balabagan's case represented another potential political disaster. Only weeks before, the handling of the case of Flor Contemplacion - a maid executed for murder in Singapore — had cost the career of the foreign minister

and other officials. At her trial, Balabagan was sentenced to seven years in prison. At store room has been set aside in the The translator explained that \$30,000 in compensation for the there used to be many tents here, rape of which she accused her employer. There was an immediate out-cry from UAE nationals and the al-Baloushi family, who demanded be maintained. At the moment they imen from the local council because | what they were entitled to under

Islamic law: blood for blood. tained by foreign aid agencies and been providing enough back. At the subsequent re-trial, or handers. The remaining families dered by the Abu Dhabi ruler live in constant fear of being burned spencies will withdraw too alive. "We are waiting for someone declared that, as Balabagan's papers declared that, as Balabagan's papers showed her to be an adult, the murder had therefore been premeditated. Testimony given at the fare agency in two towns in the Em-But we can't move till then. Where

rape, pointing to the lack of sperm in her vagina. Conflicting testimony given by another doctor for the defence showed evidence of wounds to both her neck and vagina. The judge responded by confirming a new sentence: death.

An immediate international outcry followed. The court's sentence was viewed as barbaric and me dieval, and protest rallies were or ganised at UAE embassies around he world. Anxious to maintain the Emirates' reputation as a liberal country, Sheikh Zayed ordered yet another re-trial. Last October, Bala bagan was finally sentenced to one year in jail and 100 lashes. Despite the lashings, Balabagar

is now said to be happy in prison and looking forward to the new life that awaits her upon release. In the Philippines, a special committee headed by the foreign ministry has been established to handle all the money that has come in from around the world. Much of it has been raised locally by a group of Filipino tycoons, among them plastics manufacturer, William Gatchallan, known for his sharp business dealings and his desire to get along with the government. It was Gatchalian who also paid to the al-Baloushis the \$40,000 required in blood money. In addition, around \$43,000 has come in from a French group called Sauver Sarah. The money has been put in a trust until Balabagan comes

Last month, she celebrated her 17th birthday with cakes and pre-



Sarah Balabagan: looking forward to a new life

working in the town. Meanwhile, gifts and letters continue to pour in from around the globe.

"She gets about 15 letters a week ınd lots of gifts. Last week I took her a box of chocolates which came from a gentleman in Denmark. The week before that, she received a wallet with some cash in it from a family in America," says a Filipino attaché in Abu Dhabi. So numerous have the gifts been that a special

pino film producers cashed in or Flor Contemplacion's execution and the story of Sarah Balabagan presents another opportunity to make money. She is said to be negotiating the film rights to her own story.

Despite the happy ending, however, the bitterness remains on both sides. "Do you think Sarah Balahs; gan's case will bring some civilisation to the Middle East?" one Flipino diplomat asks angrily. Last week the refuges set up by a Filipino w second trial by court gynaecologists rates for maids fleeing abuse by also threw doubt on her claim of their employers housed 22 girls.

A stretch too far . . . A white limousine belonging to a Gulf sheikh and thought to be the longest in the world has been ordered off the road by Californian police because it is too long. The car, measuring more than 66ft and with 36 seats, was stopped by two highway patrol officers who declared that it exceeded the maximum 65ft allowed in the state. "There's stretching and stretching, and this was just too stretched," a highway patrol spokesman said. A California firm, Ultra Kustom Coach, built the \$1.8 million car photographic limits of the United Arab Emirates. It is available for rent when not in use by the sheikh.

Letter from China Tracy Fletcher

Lure of the mirage

OR AMERICANS, the golden West has long been their image of a plentiful Eden. For large places according to the illusion of Hong Kong are fast giving rise to similar fantasies. As China speeds towards a full consumer economy at breakneck speed, inland and rural communities are emptying and their inhabitants are pouring into coastal cities like Guangzhou and Shenzhen, hoping to hit the jackpot.

Teaching English language and

culture to trainee teachers in Chenzhou, an industrial city of 200,000 people on the border between Hunan and Guangdong provinces, I see this worrying progression first-hand. My third-year students, having completed their teaching practice in local high schools, are now seeking employment for the coming academic year. The government will assign each of them to a post as a matter of course. But, for the most part, these are the jobs nobody wants; primary and secondary school teachers in countryside institutions suffering the worst effects of rural poverty, where staff salaries are often months in arrears because the schools simply cannot afford to

Many students tell me that a position, in such a school is tantamount to a life sentence, They complain that once a job in a place like that is accepted, there's little chance of getting out and, few opportunities for

promotion either.
So they are setting off in droves to job fairs in Guangzhou. Such trips are forbidden by the college management in a bid to avert critical staff shortages in country schools but, like many rules in this country, this one seems designed to be by this one seems designed to be broken. My students are well aware that leaching jobs in Guangzhou and the the country's poorest areas. Though the job descriptions are practically the same the salaries are without.

The same the salaries are without the salaries are without

with 350 in Hunan province.

Perhaps most attractive to these youngsters, however, is the fact that, with industries thriving in Guangzhou, they stand a much better chance of shifting direction and changing careers. There the gradulate is might become secretaries or level that there is a not of gold at the standard province.

Total Roman province.

In onen wonder:

Total Roman Hunan province.

In ight and made puddles below the windows and doors of buildings constructed to withstand toul weather, mainly from the other direction.

The cattle egret was exhausted and bedraggled when Suc, found it.

The cattle egret was exhausted and bedraggled when Suc, found it.

In the morning at her fur seal study, attentions the bedraggled when such as the further is a not of gold at the state over the headland below the windows and doors of buildings constructed to withstand toul weather, mainly from the other direction. with 350 in Hunan province.

image of a plentiful Eden. For the Chinese, the booming south and their college places according to their results in the school-leaving examinations. Career choice is a new phenomenon for a country cautiously and conditionally opening its eyes and ears to ideas about democracy from the West.

Take a nine hour train journey directly south from here and you'll find yourself in the "special economic zone" of Shenzhen. From there for passport holders - which excludes most Chinese - it's a short walk across the border into

Hong Kong. Talk of this mirage of a place hangs in the air like an infectious disease. I can teach anything from British Christmas customs to subordinate clauses and somehow loaded questions about Hong Kong will find their way into the discussion. The most popular query is always, will Britain give Hong Kong back to

USUALLY remonstrate that, to my knowledge, the British government has every intention of returning it and that the average member of the British public would be incapable of describing the colony's location, let alone showing any interest in this small but rich plot of land in the South China Sea. However, they remain sceptical and prefer to put their faith in Chinese government propaganda agencies that are currently circulating ru-mours about British non-compliance. It goes without saying that: these young Chinese, like their statesmen, are convinced that Hong Kong belongs to them.

Make no mistake, when Hong

Kong is returned to China every last one of them is planning to head there: to make his or her respective for exception, higher _____1,000 yuan from a Hong Kong-based interna-(\$120) month on average, compared tional corporation I often wonder:

Notes & Queries Joseph Harker

S THERE any evidence that the gravitational pull of the moon and/or its brightness affect human, animal or plant behaviour or any other agricul-

RANK BROWN, Professor of Biology at Northwestern university, reported in the journal Science (December 1959) experiments carried out on a variety of organisms,

most interestingly on oysters. Oysters open and close their shells in rhythm related to tides. Brown transported oysters in lightproof containers to Evanston, Illinois, from Connecticut. The oysters were put in a dark room in pans of salt water. Within a fortnight they had altered their rhythms to accord with the lunar phases of Evanston.

— Ivor Solomons, Norwich

THE gravitational force of the sun is some 100 times greater than that of the moon, but because of the moon's more obvious contribution to raising tides and its passage through a regular cycle of phases every 29.5 days, a large body of folklore has grown up about its effect on human behaviour.

Detailed studies have failed to demonstrate a significant connection between the phases of the moon and births, crime rates, traffic accidents or sulcides. — *Michael* Hutton, London

HAT was the last recorded instance of a duel being fought with seconds, at 10 paces.

AY ANCESTOR, Captain George Cadogan, avoided the police to fight a duel with pistols and seconds on Wimbledon Com-

mon on May 30, 1809. His opponent. Lord Paget, had seduced George's sister Charlotte, who was married to the Duke of Wellington's brother. The duel was fought at 12 paces, not 10, and they both missed (in Lord Paget's case this was deliberate). -David Colombi, Angmering, Sussex

A RE the expressions "All roads lead to Rome", "Rome was not built in a day". and "When in Rome . . . " found in other European languages?

A LL three quotations originated in Latin: "All roads . . ." is from Alain de Lille (Liber Parabolarum, 1175 AD); "Rome wasn't built . . . " by P A Manzoli (Zodiacus Vitae, 16th century); and "When in Rome "was first used by Saint Ambrose, giving advice to Saint Augustine on fasting, in 390AD. They all exist in French, and so they are likely to be used in other languages too. — Corinne and Michael Milan, Saint-Louis-la-Chanssée, France

IN GERMANY and the Netherlands, "All roads . . ." and "Rome wasn't built . . ." are almost literal translations. However, "When in Rome ... " is not known. — John Harrington, The Hague, Netherlands

HAT is the youngest age at which the cause of death can be registered as "old age" by

THE UK registrar-general's guidance - in Forms For Medical ertificates of The Cause Of Death Under The Birth And Deaths Registration Act 1953 - states: 'In some. patient gradually falls. If such cir-cumstances gradually lead to deteri-oration and ultimately death, 'old age' or 'senility' is perfectly acceptable as the sole cause of death for persons aged 70 and over." — Dr C J Tierney, Widnes, Cheshire

PROGERIA, or premature sensitity, is a rare condition that becomes evident in childhood. The affected person dies at an early age but a nine-year-old can have the appearance of somebody aged 90. — Dr KMH Munro, Canberra, Australia

Any answers?

/FIT has a name, what do we call the narrow channel running vertically from the base of the nose to the edge of the centre of the upper lip? — Peter O'Connor, Oshamambe, Japan

OW has the word "loo" become a British euphemism for water closet? — Beisy Taylor-Kennedy, Acton, Massachusetts, USA

// OW should we define working class, middle class and upper class? — Michael L Cos, uneaton, Warwickshire

HY is Saint George the patron saint of England? And why is he the patron saint of Catalonia? — Gary Huxley, Barcelona, Spain

Answers should be e-mailed to weekly@guardlan.co.uk, faxed to 0171/44171-242-0985, or posted to The Guardian Weekly, 75 Farringdon Road, London EC1M 8HQ. elderly, persons there may be; no Notes & Queries Volume 6 is specific condition identified as the published by Fourth Estate, £6.99

A Country Diary

easterly gale, which had rattled our, roofs all night and made puddles

ong. Lucky, too, to have been found by Sue, under whose care it made a remarkable recovery on a diet of fresh rabbit and frozen fish. It was released in good condition, hopeully to find its way home again.

Vagrant birds are not uncommon here, often shorebirds or waterbirds

ling and redpoll have established permanent , breeding , populations, forming a subarctio faunal element

affagglers on several occasions, in-cluding song thrush, blackbird, goldfinch and skylark. They are always very timid and wild, in striking contrast to the relatively trusting penguins, skuas and albatrosses whose world they invade. Apparently they have instincts learned in the predator-rich north that were in the morning at her tur seal study. If the west in the poor bird, seemingly inevitable day of their could scarcely keep its eyelids from drooping. Presumably it had flown.

■ # HEN I saw the restored version of Lawrence Of Arabia a few years ago. I Arabia a few years ago, I was entranced by some of the most breathtaking images of cinema I had ever seen. It took time to readjust to the real world. There is a similar sense of epic achievement in Kevin Brownlow's huge book on David Lean.

Concerned to give voice to the people who knew and worked with the director, he has woven his account out of hundreds of interviews. Just as Lean took film to its ultimate, Brownlow has done the same to the form of the oral biography, writing not only what is certainly the definitive account of Lean's life but also an invaluable chronicle of more than 60 years of British film-making.

Lean's formative childhood experience was one of his own worthlessness. His family thought he had "absolutely no brains" and he was outclassed by his clever younger brother. The first time he felt special was when his uncle gave him a Kodak Box Brownie for his 11th birthday. Taking pictures was something he could do, a refuge from a sense of failure. Cinema of-

Chatto & Windus 617pp £16.99

IEWERS of last month's BBC

D J Taylor

Babel Tower

by AS Byatt

Writing in tongues

fered him another kind of escape, | the Rolls-Royce to be proof of the but would not have made him feel any more worthwhile in his parents' eyes: as Quakers they disapproved of this tawdry entertainment.

Lean's father, nevertheless, helped his son to get a job with Gaumont Studios. From teaboy, Lean climbed the ladder to become a highly regarded film editor, then in 1942 made a brilliantly successful debut as a director with Nöel Coward's In Which We Serve. An exquisite eye for composition and an instinctive feel for the rhythm of film were matched by a relentless drive for perfection that no doubt had its root in a compulsion to prove hat he was "worth it".

Everything seemed coloured by his insecurity. To be professions was his idea of the highest accolade, perhaps because it could be achieved through perseverance rather than intellect. He was ill at ease with the establishment, which he felt looked down on cinema, but possessed a resolutely conventional standard of excellence himself. "Rolls-Royce did not make an enormous profit on some of their early cars, but they still put on their twelve coats of paint. People couldn't see it, but they were there." The 12 coats of paint he so marvelled at came nowhere near the number of takes he was prepared to run through in search of the perfect shot.

existence of God. "If anybody tries to tell me that a Rolls-Royce has not been made by anybody, it's just come about by chance, I'd think he's mad." His films left so little to chance that they, too, could have seemed like evidence of a Higher Being. In place of the spontaneity of the films of that other great British director, Carol Reed, was a powerful invisible force carefully plotting the characters' destinies. There was a feeling of going to church when you went on to his sets," a colleague

EAN described Lawrence Of Arabia as the greatest adventure of his life. With the obvious exception of scholarship he and TE Lawrence had much in common - not least iron willpower and an ability to work near-miracles. Lean's close identity with his subject made Lawrence Of Arabia a very personal film. He had long ago proved that he was a "great pictorinlist" — as his hero Rex Ingram had been called - on such classic films as Brief Encounter and Great Expectations, but now he could almost be called an auteur without the word seeming too ridiculous. When his crew filmed the scene of Lawrence having his great vision of Arab victory after pondering for a day and night alone in the desert,

Lean's own silences: his ability to spend hour after hour staring into empty space in search of inspiration was legendary. "Here's another Englishman going potty in this bloody desert," thought Anthony Nutting, an adviser on the film when it became obvious Lean had fallen hopelessly in love with all that

His private life inevitably suffered for his obsession. He worked his way through six wives and countless girlfriends. There was a cruelty about the way in which he could cut people out of his life — as Robert Bolt noted, like the excellent editor he had once been. Most of his women would probably have agreed with his third wife, Ann Todd, that he was one of those people who should never be married. "Life has only one meaning for David - his film-making," said another of his wives. "The film is his father and mother and brother and son."

Lean lacked confidence as writer but hoped instead that a memoir would emerge out of a series of interviews with Kevin Brownlow, whose passion for cinema was equal to his own. When Lean died, Brownlow carried on, determined now to gather all the available evidence. The result is this extraordinary book - nearly 900 pages packed with pictures and detailed testimony. With his dogged pursuit of the truth, his determination to present all sides and his natural empathy for his subject. Brownlow has produced a compassionate but formidably thorough portrait.

The me generation . . . A S Byatt moves her cast into the sixtles

Bookmark feature on A S Byatt may recall the clip of a younger version of the author in conversation with Robert Kee. Their subject was The Virgin In The Garden, the first volume in Byatt's "planned series" of novels about post-war English life, of which the current offering is the third. Kee's line was the usual plain man's lament levelled at a book of this kind: very clever, Ms Byatt, but wasn't it just a lot of brilliant chatter

of human experience? No. Byatt assured him, in the precise and formiinto a simple inventory.

To order any of the books reviewed o In print, over 100,000 titles available: Phone: (+44) 181 964 1251 (+44) 181 984 1254

Payment by credit card or UK/Eurocheque payable to: Guardian Weekly Books Postal address: 29 Pall Mall Deposit. Bariby Road, London W10 68L, UK.

Europe Rest of World Hardbeck — £3.95 ,£7.50

Paperback — £1.95

turning into a kind of symbolist masque. Still Life (1985), its successor, was less experimental but still

oublisher's reader, she discovers a

declines into barbarism — becomes

Meanwhile, as Frederica's divorce loiters towards the courts; and Babbletower proceeds to the Lord Chancellor's office on an obscenity charge, the sixtles conveyor belt untracts from Babbletower, but examples of Frederica's readers' reports and her "collaging" (the literary mode of the moment). In a sense, though, the biggest risk was taken at the close of Still Life when she killed off Stephanie and left us only the intolerable Frederica. What redeems the surviving sister is the passion to work and create that enables her to endure not only ricious Nigel but a host of minor characters with names straight out of Iris Murdoch (Elvet Gander, Lau-

Like the Victorian novels to Babel Tower ends in court, or rather in two courts, divorce and Beneath the cross-currents of obscenity. It is a measure of Byatt's erudition; her own language blows | narrative skills that one wants the "wrong" outcomes - Frederica to lose custody of Leo, and Jude's book to be banned. Neither happens. Unquestionably, many who bought Byatt's Booker-winning Possessio (1990) will be perplexed by this, but such globes, so much clean, silky, it is the better book. It is also a distinguished example of that increasingly popular genre, the antisixtles novel, and such things are Byatt takes risks in Babel Tower, | always welcome.

Audio books

Brian Jenner

Scoop, by Evelyn Waugh (Cover to Cover, 8hrs, £19.99)

THE brilliance of Waugh's dia logue is brought out by Simon Cadell's gift for characterisation. sat in my armchair and hooted.

Street Talk, Curly Watts: In His Own Words (BMG/Talking Volumes, 1hr, £6.99)

CURLY WATTS has a Kafka-esque experience when he wakes up one morning at 4am and feels like a meat pie. He decides to get up and wander round Coronation Street, to reminisce about his life and treat us to his thoughts on relationships and frozen food.

Cricket . . . The Golden Age (BBC Radio, 2hrs, £7.99)

E W SWANTON is to cricket what Mr Kipling is to cakes. He introduces crackly recordings of ununaries like C B Fry and lack Hobbs telling stories of the "demon" Spofforth and the Melourne sticky dog.

A Thousand Acres, by Jane Smiley (Simon & Schuster, 4%hrs £12.99)

A N ENGROSSING family saga set on a farm in Iowa. A father has spent his life building up a successful farming business, but he decides to divide it between his daughters before his death. Feuds, esentments and hidden evil breaten to destroy the legacy.

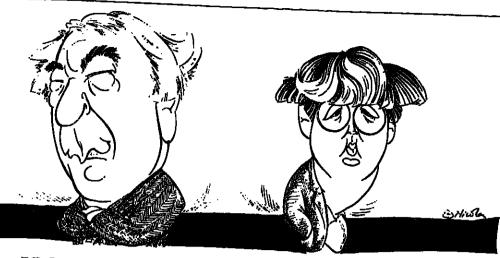
Nicholas Nickleby, by Charles Dickens (Cover to Cover,

A LEX JENNINGS brings the cruel Ralph Nickleby and horrible Squeers instantly to life. So terrified is the listener that Nicholas is never going to get out of Dotheboy's Hall, that the 24 cassettes soon litter the room like discarded cigarette

The Black Album, by Hanif Kurelahi (Faber/Penguin, 3hrs,

WITTY and colourful exami A wiffy and colourium examination of Asian student politics in the late 1980s, read by Zubin man from Sevenoaks initiated into the Dionysean pleasures of the capital. His struggles with God, Islam and the family are described in Kureishi's familiar, provocative style:

BBC dramatisation of the acclaimed film about a gifted woman thwarted by Victorian society. Ada McGrath (Stella Gonet) father, and she learns to express herself at the piano. Susan Sheridan plays her illegitimate daughter, Flora, beautifully.



A difference of poetry

Two great poets praise each other. But disagreement acts between the personal and the is tucked inside the compliments, writes lan Sansom

Faber & Faber 70pp £14.99 New Selected Poems 1968-1994 by Paul Muldoon Faber 8 Faber 183pp £7,99

The Spirit Level

EVIEWING Paul Muldoon's second volume of poetry, Mules, in 1977, his one-time tutor Seamus Heaney warned that Muldoon's "hermetic tendency has its drawbacks . . . and leads him into puzzles rather than poems". Thus the established bard made room for the up-and-coming brain-box without conceding too much but without granting too little: the protégé was good, but a puzzler, not a poet.

It was a shrewd distinction. Over

the years Muldoon has become increasingly wayward and brilliant, and Heaney wiser, more bardic. Muldoon's gargantuan Madoc (1990), his first book after his move to America, was poetry like the peace of God - it passed all under standing (and at 261 pages like His mercy endured for ever) - while his 1994 diary-piece The Prince Of The Quotidian was a series of mad domestic strayings and strumblings and Shining Brow, his opera libretto based on the life of Frank Lloyd Wright, was little more than an entertaining sideshow. Heaney, in contrast, has been purposefully striding centre-stage, recently win-ning the Nobel Prize for Literature

and busy professing poetry in England and America. Yet the two have always complemented each other, and their new collections - Heaney's The Spirit

Level and Muldoon's New Selected Poems — go together nicely, like cheese and pickle, or a pint and a short: Heaney all creamy and frothy, Muldoon a drop of the hard stuff. best sampled in small measures. Complemented, then, but not

always complimented. In The Prince Of The Quotidian Muldoon writes, "The mail brings . . . a Christmas poem from Doctor Heaney:/ the great physician of the earth/ is waxing metaphysical, has taken to 'walking on air'." There is a hint of a snort in "Doctor" and a stifled yawn in "waxing metaphysical". Heancy's "Widgeon", meanwhile, from Station Island, was dedicated to the young pretender, and suggested that Muldoon's was perhaps a voice not wholly his own: "It had been badly shot./ While he was plucking it/ he found, he says, the voice box —/ like a flute stop/ in the broken windpipe --/ and blew upon it/ unexpectedly/ his own small widgeon

The new collections cement the differences. Apparently, The Spirit Level was nearly called Keeping Going, after the magnificent poem in which Heaney writes about his brother: "I see you at the end of your tether sometimes,/ In the milking parlour, holding yourself up . . And wondering, is this all? As it

was/ In the beginning, is now and shall be?/ Then rubbing your eyes and seeing our old brush/ Up on the byre door, and keeping going." Keeping going is what The Spirit Level is really all about: there is the usual rich churning of language ("slabbery, clabbery"), and all the usual negotiations and balancing a treat.

asks one inevitable republican interlocutor: "If I do write something,/ Whatever it is, I'll be writing for myself," replies the cool poet-narrator). Heaney's is a poetry that is so utterly reliable and reassuring that you just can't gainsay it: it's like motherhood and apple pie. Those who do complain about it always end up sounding churlish, shorttempered, jealous, or mad. Complaints about Muldoon, or the other hand, seem sane and per-

going to write/ Something for us?"

feetly justified. He is a peculiarly self-gratifying writer, self-tickling almost to the point of obscenity, like a boy who crams his mouth with cakes or plays with himself in public. Yet his playfulness is his great appeal and his sensuousness his saving grace. For all his family reminiscences and friendly anecdotes Heaney sometimes seems far removed from the real world, while Muldoon, though often odd and obscure, seems strangely down-toearth, connected: interestingly, there are more actual spirit-levels in Muldoon's New Selected Poems than there are in The Spirit Level (one in "The Workmen's Chorus" from Shining Brow - "Hand me up my spirit-level, my plumb-line and my plumb./ Hand me up my spiritlevel, or I'll lose my equilibrium" — and another in "The Frog", whose little bulbous eye *matches exactly the bubble/ in my spirit-level"). Heaney tends to drift towards the mystic: Muldoon always follows a certain mad logic.

The new Heaney book is worth reading, out of habit and affection: the Muldoon is worth buying, for

Seasons of despair

Laura Tennant

Next of Kin by Joanna Trollope Bloomsbury 248pp £15.99

concerned, I am virgin territory. I thought Next Of Kin would be entertaining, unputdownable and essentially reassuring. Yes, there would be unhappy love affairs and broken marriages, but the fact that they were being suffered by likeable middle-class people in an attractive village would make them more pleasurable than anything else. I imagined myself reading it in one sitting, curled up on the sola and laughing and crying in equal

political, the private and the public Actually Next Of Kin reads more ("When, for fuck's sake, are you like a tragic recasting of Cold Com-fort Farm, Stella Gibbons's satire on rural life. The Merediths are a dour, dysfunctional farming family up to their ears in debt. They don't even farm in a nice bit of the country, instead having to put up with the un-romantic Midlands. Neither, being tenant farmers, are they real middle class (matriarch Dilvs Meredith arranges plates of sandwiches on paper doilies and signposts them to ndicate the fillings). I would guess that Trollope has produced a depressingly accurate picture of the practical hellishness of farming life: ndless money worries, rising at four for the first milking, the isolation of the small businessman.

Into this clannish set-up (Dilys er husband Harry, and their sons lobin and Joe) come various interlopers. The book opens with the funeral of Robin's American wife Caro, never really accepted by the tight-lipped Dilys. Their adopted daughter Judy is estranged from her father and has moved to London. Lyndsay, a beautician by training, is Joe's devoted but ineffectual wife. They are all miserable and nobody talks to anybody else, until, that is, madcap, unconventional Zoe. Judy's flatmate, arrives on the scene, with her boyish haircut and plain-speaking ways. Cue Cold Comfort-style resolution of everyone's personal problems.

To be fair, there it more to the book than this. Trollope is interested in notions of kinship and rootedness versus personal free- Aga saga, however, it is not,

dom and self-expression. Caro's itinerant and insecure childhood has stripped her of the ability to make an emotional commitment, to allow herself to be fully "known" by anyone; yet she craves a piece of land to call her own and marries Robin not because she loves him but to root herself in the only way she knows how - geographically. Trollope is good on our habit of glamorising the misurderstood outsider, their licence to behave badly bestowed by unhappiness, and neglecting or ignoring those who stolidly, prosaically endure.

BOOKS 29

Silent endurance carries a price however, as the Merediths discover when handsome, adored Joe commits suicide. If Caro liked to think of herself as a "nomad", Joe feels trapped by the land and the farm, from which there has never been any possibility of escape. Somewhere between these poles, Trollope has slotted in 19-year-old Zőe, who is a frankly unbelievable creation. An undomesticated, tousleheaded tomboy, she arrives uninvited on Robin's farm and embarks on an affair with him because "Maybe . . . nobody had ever told Robin that it was OK to have feelings." When Judy returns, fired by ealousy, to make it up with her ather, Zde tactfully absents herself from the scene, having already restored the will to live to Harry and melted Dilys's heart. She is just too

good to be true, Trollope makes much of the ineluctable patterns of farming life, a fatedness which extends to her characters: Zöe is fascinated "by the rooted inevitable ways of the countryside where weather and seasons presided like gods."

Ironically, this style of rural nysticism, is exactly what Cold Comfort Farm was satirising in the irst place. Coming and going like the seasons, "change and make up human life, broods Dilys, yet without them there can be no chance of growth. Equally, familial bonds must be broken and recast if the next generation are to become fully adult

Despite the drama of death and suicide, I was left curiously unmoved by Next Of Kin. I found didn't know anyone well enough to care what happened to them. An

BOOK GUIDE

If you love books...

...you'll find a great selection of the best books, videos, audios and CD-ROMs in The Good Book Guide

Order as many or as few as you want and we'll deliver them - anywhere in the world.

Send for your FREE COPY today.

The Good Book Guide, 24 Seward Street, London EC1V 3GB, UK Tel: +44 (0)171 490 9900 Fax: +44 (0)171 490 9908

Books @ 7/4 Guardian Weekly

bid**omail.**bogo.co.uk

Airmail postage costs (per book):

managed to double as a debate about signification. These two early novels were amplifications of Frederica's own claim to "understand the fifties". In Babel Tower the original cast, with several deletions and many additions, moves onward to 1964-5.

Zeitgeist is in the air. Harold Wilson is on course for Downing Street, the scientists are uncoiling DNA spirals, and the King's Road is pullulating with improbable human traffic. Some of this decade-mongering is a touch obtrusive, but rarely in the way that, to take an obvious comparison, Margaret Drabble's rather than a deeply felt rendering dinner-table exchanges degenerate

dably articulated tones for which Frederica, first seen as a gauche she is famous, she was trying to schoolgirl, then as a man-eating tundergrad, now as an unhappily write a novel that operated at the married mother, finds herself at the highest intellectual pitch while still centre of this ferment. Still Life considering "ordinary" people and ended with her hitched to a superthe narrative patterns of their lives. annuated public schoolboy "for The Virgin In The Garden (1978) sex". Five years later, stuck on his certainly fell into that category. In placid Herefordshire estate with fact, at times this chronicle of the self-absorbed Potter family and its | their small son Leo, knocked | (literally) into line, she pines for two contending sisters. Stephanie "freedom", in this case London and | foundation stone it is the section in work. Escaping to a flat in Bloomsbury and inducted into a Professor Wijnnobel, meditates on career as a freelance lecturer and the nature of linguistic structures.

> philosophical semi-vagrant named Jude Mason hanging round her art school. Jude's novel, Babbletower - Tolkien-meets-de Sade in a utoplan community that swiftly a horrified Frederica turns up in

a contemporary cause célèbre.

winds before us. Daniel, Frederica's | which not only includes huge exbrother-in-law, quietly celebrates the repeal of the death penalty. "Art" is degenerating into a series of In a novel whose subject is trans-

parently order and limitation it was nevitable that Byatt's chief metaphorical vehicle should be anguage itself. Much of the first half is taken up with the deliberations of a government committee of inquiry into the teaching of English in schools, in which the grammarians and the free expressionists do battle, and if Babel Tower has a rence Ounce etc).

effortlessly along, never more effectively perhaps than when describing the cache of porn which Nigel's wardrobe: "So much flesh, so very stretched over such muscle. peachy skin . . . Such glossy pouts, such tears, such fear, such good fun, a bit of all sorts." The Piano, by Jane Campion and Kate Pullinger (Argo, 3hrs,

NEW AUTHORS PUBLISH YOUR WORK Fiction: Non-Flotion, Biograph Religious, Poetry, Childrens AUTHORS WORLD-WIDE INVITES MINERVA PRESS

Thrillers Chris Petit

Dealing with Kranze, by M S Power (Mainstream Publishing,

ECOND outing for the appealingly repellent Marcus, snob, er and product of a Roman Catholic public school. The ghoulsh humour and pleasing nastiness is less evident than before. With too ^{many} disposable characters at his lisposal. Power seems reluctant to et them come alive in the first place.

The Achilles Heel, by Reg Gadney (Faber & Faber, £14.99)

GADNEY'S recent thrillers are reminiscent of early Deighton, sponsored SAS-type operation in with the same fascination for the search of a computerised gizmo proreminiscent of early Delghton,

memoranda, inter-departmental insolence and rivalry, often murderous. In a sly narrative, he sets his snares skilfully, narrowing by degrees from international operations down to a tight conduit of forbidden (Hamish Hamilton, 29.99) impulses. Gadney writes seriously, on the edge of melancholy. enlivened by quirks (datelines. weather checks) and eccentricity, in this case a transvestite hitman.

Little Brother, by David Mason (Bloomsbury, £15.99)

THIS STARTS with a bang — bomb in London's City — before settling into Forsyth-ish mode. with ex-soldiers on a government(Eton and the Guards) is a throwback to that anachronism, the gentleman thriller writer.

Thief of Light, by David Ramus

CULTURAL collisions bang together like dodgems in this modish Manhattan tale of a heroin addict-cum-art dealer whose lucrative sideline in fakes is disrupted when his forger is brutally offed. leaving his client, a member of the Japanese Yakuza, violently insisting on delivery of his Monet regardless. With the author an ex-addict, ex-art dealer, writing to get himself out of a financial hole, this is as you'd expect - okay on the first hand stuff of cold turkey and dealing, less so on narrative craft, the dum-de-dum process of bureaucracy and procedure—on and off the record—but which world leader? Mason plot no match for Patricia Highsmith.

GUARDIAN WEEKLY

Sports Diary Shiv Sharma

world football when he re-

Johan Cruyff as coach of

Barcelona. The 63-year-old Porto

manager has signed a two-year con-

Robson, who came under regular fire during his eight years as England manager, won his battle

against cancer last year after a ma-

ignant tumor was discovered in his

cheek. He has since played a full

part in Porto's desence of their

league title and established himself

as one of Europe's most successful

managers.
Meanwhile, Alex Ferguson has

agreed a new four-year contract with Manchester United, Ferguson,

aged 54, who led United to a second

Double earlier this month, had been

hoping for a six-year deal to take

him up to retirement. His contract,

tract from Porto worth £4 million.

Emerson played his last game for

Bobby Robson's side earlier this

month when Porto secured their

second successive Portuguese title.

old former goalkeeper of Liverpool,

who is facing corruption charges over alleged match-fixing, was re-

URGEN KLINSMANN was in

record-breaking form as Bayern

Munich beat Bordeaux 3-1 in the

Uefa Cup final to become only the

fourth club to win all three Euro-

pean competitions. Klinsmann's

goal was his 15th in the competition

this season and it made him the

highest scorer in one season's Euro-

pean competition. Further goals from Mehmet Scholl and Emil

Kostadinov ensured the Germans

won their first European trophy since the mid-seventies. Bayern join

Ajax, Juventus and Barcelona as the

only clubs to have won all three

oall remaining over Warwickshire

n their Group A tie in the Benson &

ledges Cup clash at Old Trafford.

As they went into the match both

lie first and second in their group.

leces of European silverware.

tory of British football.

tract worth £100,000 a month.

Robson's choice

A ditch runs through it

HEN an easterly wind whistles across the Cambridgeshire fens, with its wheat fields, mysterious giant sheds and new roads, it rarely touches down on a natural landscape. In the fens, remnants of the pre-engineered, agricultural shopfloor landscape stand as tiny islands - little incongruous buggerlugs on the shaved face of the modern world. In outposts of an ancient wetland, the wind gets tangled in these tufts of willow, birch and reed. Sometimes it thrashes like an invisible beast. Sometimes it sways and ripples. Here is life with an intensity and a significance of its own.

Under the surface of the water in a ditch there's a forest. Layers of vivid green plants grow in a stillness, imperceptibly flowing. Tiny creatures swarm in waterweed dapples. Insects swim between the plants like birds through woodland. Powerful predatory beetles cannon through the branches. Many of these aquatic animals live in both worlds - above and below the water.

On the water's surface the whirligigs, little beetles like beads of polished jet, propel themselves on silver bubbles of air trapped under their bodies. Their spinning bump-car choreography appears aimless. But it's not, it's whirligig nature: a communal dance every bit as sophisticated as our own dizzy propulsions through life.

So much of our perception of nature is limited to surfaces water, land, sky - that we rarely experience its depth. This is reflected in our dealings with the natural world and is true of conservation. Peering into this ditch at Wicken Fen nature reserve with me is Bill Adams, who lectures in geography at Cambridge university. Bill's book, Future Nature, looks, in a similar way, into the depths of nature conservation for a new vision.

Bill argues that although the conservation movement in Britain has scientific language does not combeen successful in establishing namunicate these values to people.



and we have learned to create and manage ecosystems, it has failed to capture the "otherness", the wildness in nature that gives even the commonplace great significance. Bill is worried that nature will become a commodity - something to be consumed when visiting reserves. Or

else virtually experienced in cyberspace only by those with the means. This ditch we're watching has no economic value, and yet it has what Bill describes as "intrinsic interest", an immense value in itself. Although this provides motivation for many conservationists, they find it difficult to articulate and prefer to hide behind the language of science. And

ture reserves and some legislation, | Bill believes that we must make space for nature - a cultural space that involves everyone. In what way is nature significant?

Significance is drawn from experience of nature, our values and attitudes. It is also drawn from perceptions of our own human nature being part of a general nature. Many conservationists have extraordinary insights into what significance in nature looks, sounds, smells and feels like. The principal job of conservationists now is to renegotiate the relationship between people and the natural world to uncover essential nature and articulate our relations with it in a way that has a connection with the world as we live it. Can conservation make a space deep enough for nature's future?

Chess Leonard Barden

ANY great players, including both Kasparov and Karpov, have improved their game significantly between the ages of 20 and 21, so the next 12 months could be crucial for the best-ever woman player, Judit Polgar. She will be 20 in July, and is ranked between eight and 11 on world lists.

Polgar disclaims title ambitions, saying that she is content just to do well and provide enjoyment for fans of her imaginative attacking play, but events, coupled with the likely age improvement, could change

Big-money world title matches are in crisis. Sponsors are dropping out, and too many of the contenders have Russian names starting with K. But Kasparov against Polgar, if it ever became seriously credible, would thrill both media and public.

Polgar notched another notable scalp in the final round of last month's Monaco combined blindfold and rapid-play event.

Polgar-Karpov, Caro-Kann

Nxe4 Nd7 5 Bd3 5 Ng5 h6? Ne6 is one fashionable idea. Ndf6 Nxf6+ 6 Ng5 h6 (Qxd4? 7 Nxf7) 7 N5f3 Bg4 is a more complex line. Nxf6 7 Nf3 Bg4 8 c3 Qd5

Be2 e6 10 h3 Bh5 11 Qb3 After her passive opening, Polgar lecides to bail out with a queen exchange, but Karpov enjoys the probes and regroups of semi-endgames and soon shows he doesn't want to settle for a quick draw.

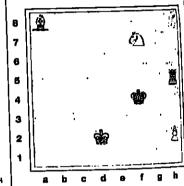
Qxb3 12 axb3 Bd6 13 b4 Ke7 14 g4 Bg6 15 Ne5 Nd5 16 Bd2 f6 17 Nc4 Bc7 18 Na5 Rab8 19 Nb3 a6 20 Nc5 h5 21 Rg1 Kf7 22 g5 Rhe8 23 Bd3 Bxd3 24 Nxd3 e5 25 dxe5 Bxe5 26 0-0-0 g6 27 c4 Ne7 28 gxf6 Bxf6 29 Nc5 b5 30 Ne4 Be5 31 Ng5+ Kg8 32 Bc3 Karpov has manoeuvred patiently, and Bxc3 33 bxc3 bxc4 34 Rd4 Nd5 here would keep his small advantage.

Bf4+? 33 Kc2 bxc4 34 Ne6 Bh6 35 Rd7 Kf7 36 Re1 Bf8 3

Rxe7 40 Rxg6+ Bg7 41 Bxg7 Re2+ If Rxg7 42 Rxg7+ and 43 Ne6+. 42 Kc3 Rd7 43 Bd4+ Kf8 44 Bc5+ Resigns. If Ke8 45 Rg8 mate, and otherwise White emerge

was widely billed as Man v Machine. So, if the giant US corporation is politically correct, the next computer match should be Polgar v Deer Blue — Woman v Machine. Polgar has lost to a DB prototype at quick chess, but even Kasparov finds the machines hard at speed play, so Polgar v DB at classical time limits would be close.

No 2422

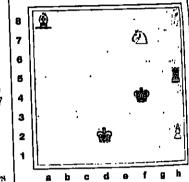


White mates in three moves against any defence (by L Buhler, 1969). Contestants in a German solving championship had 15 minutes to crack this week's problem, but half of them failed. How do you compare? The BK has only one legal move in the diagram.

No 2421: 1 Ra7 d6 2 Rhxb7 Kxh6 3 Rh7. Just a version of an old classic that baffled Italian

Ng5+ Kg8 38 Re6 Rbd8 39 Rdxe7! Polgar rarely misses a tac-tical shot. If Bxe7 40 Rxg6+ Kf8 41 Bg7+ Kg8 42 Bh6+ Kh8 43 Nf7+ Kh

a piece up. Kasparov v IBM Deep Blue



He said: "I want to make Middlesbrough a big club just like I did at BRUCE GROBBELAAR has almost certainly reached the end of his 17-year career in English football by taking over the job of the deputy coach of the Zimbabwean national team. Earlier, the 38-year-

Quick crossword no. 315

1 Warning that the room is bugged? 8 Eggs (3) 9 Vocal sequence (4,5) 10 Non-piece (anag) (4,4) 11 Member (4) 13 Long gumboots (6) 14 Progenitor (6) 16 Square measure (4) 17 Enraptured (8) 20 High life (of

5 Every (4)

12 Free style

13 Why? (4,3)

wayl (6)

19 At that time (4)

15 The other

to building

design (13)

composition (8)

6 Relating

21 Grain --whiskey (3) 22 Equestrian centre (6,7)

Down 1 War-cry or cough (5) 2 Fellow barriste 3 Rope in window

frame (4-4)

shelter (6)

4 Canvas

Last week's solution STANUCL PRIMARY
OF THE PRIMARY
OF THE PRIMARY
OF THE PRIMARY
N PRIMARY
TARNISHED
M B D R A
ATLAS BLEGANT Fizzy powder (7) 18 Board game (5) E E N E I N DELUDE PRECIS

Bridge Zla Mahmood

IRST a simple question. Which of these hands are you more likely to pick up?

♠ None ♥ AKQ J1098765432

♥ Q 10943 ♣ 8762

Now, a slightly harder one. What are the chances that your next hand will have a void? I'll answer the first question at the end of the article. Give it some thought — it's not as obvious as it might appear. The answer to the second is, I believe, about 19-1 against, though no doubt you will cor-rect me if I am wrong. Which leads the big-money game in New York.

South, an expert mathematician who knew to six decimal places the odds against a void, was partnered by the weakest player. His opponents were tough, expert players closely related to the shark family. The stakes were --- well, they were such that you would rather not have been South. A lot rather.

But you can afford to sit down with the fiercest if you pick up good cards, and South found himself looking at these:

◆A 1053 ♥QJ973 ◆AQ4 ◆A | have a void. I don't believe he would

He opened one heart, his partner bid two clubs, he reversed into two spades and his partner bid four clubs. South followed the sound tactic of not conducting complex auctions with non-expert partners: he jumped to six clubs. West promptly doubled. North just as promptly redoubled. What would you do now as South?

The mathematical mastermind reasoned thus: "Perhaps West has a club stack, but there's nothing we can do about that. More likely, since West is an expert, his double is the Lightner double asking for a heart lead. He may have the ace-king, he may

≜KQ **₩** Å 10 ♦ K3 ♠KQJ10987 **★**J987642 . 📤 None ♥ None **♥**K8542 **♦ 8.52**. **♦** J 10 9 7 6 **\$542 ♣**63 **♠ A 10 5 3 ♥QJ973**

♦ AQ4

♣A

double with the former, but if he has then I must on no account remove to 6NT. If he has a heart void, then perhaps the ruff at trick one will be the only loser we have - my partie must have something for his redouble, after all. Pass looks as though i will maximise our expectation here The full deal is shown below left.

East led a heart against six clubs redoubled — the eight, to ask for a spade return. West returned ont and the defenders merrily cross ruffed the first five tricks for penalty of 2,200. This was exactly 10 points fewer than North-Sou would have scored in 7NT, so the swing was 4,410 points.

Now a third question, that South was asking any cared to listen for hours after the hand: what are the odds against both your opponents having a void on the same deal?

The answer to my first question is that you are more likely to pick w hand a. The two hands are equal likely if the pack is properly shuffled of course. But there is a small likely in the same of the same is a small likely in the same in the same in the same is a small likely in the same ind chance that someone will have stacked the deck so that you get a 13 hearts, while nobody is going arrange for you to be dealt hand it is

at £50,000 a month, is believed to be one of the most lucrative in the his-OBBY SIMPSON, who is credited with putting the pride back into Australian cricket, has quit as coach after a disagreement with his THE boys from Brazil are finding the path to Middlesbrough cricket board over a new contract. 'I'm very disappointed and believe easy to tread. Emerson Moises that I am still the best man for the Costa is the latest to arrive at the Teesside club, following Juninho job," said Simpson, who has been replaced by the former Test opener. and Branco. The 24-year-old mid-Geoff Marsh. fielder, has signed a three-year con-

Gough and Ealham.

and Glamorgan.

The Australians are not on tour at he moment, but Marsh's appointnent will take place with immediate

ries against India starting this week.

Making a comeback are Chris

Lewis and Matthew Maynard. The

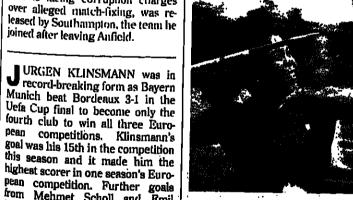
Hick, Thorpe, Maynard, Stewart,

Lewis, Irani, Cork, Smith, Martin,

squad is: Atherton, Brown

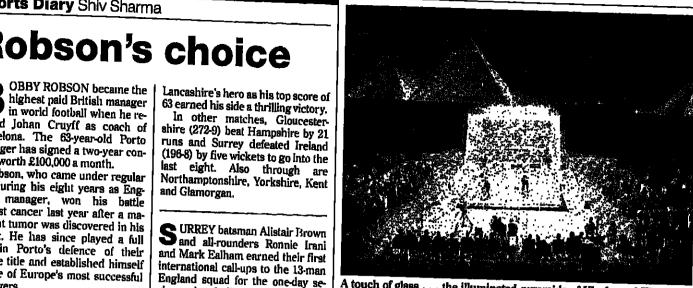
COLIN McMILLAN was taken to hospital suffering from dehydration and exhaustion after narrowly outpointing Jonfo Irwin at Dagenham to regain the British featherweight title he captured five years ago from Gary DeRoux.

"Obviously, there is room for itnprovement," said McMillan later, "but it's a good feeling to have my title back."



TESSA SANDERSON, Britain's former Olympic javelin cham-pion (pictured above), turned back the clock on a rain-drenched afternoon at the Bedfordshire Interna-tional Games on Saturday when she exceeded the qualifying standard of 60 metres for Atlanta three times. OLDERS Lancashire squeezed | The 40-year-old is on course to be ing only the second track-and field athlete in history to have competed in six Olympiads.

sides were already assured of a ERRY GRIFFITHS of Wales. place in the quarter-finals, as they who won the world snooker little at his first attempt 17 years ago, has Warwickshire were given a per-fect start by openers Nick Knight and Neil Smith as the side plunretired at the age of 48. He is to become the director of coaching of the World Professional Billiards and dered 112 from the first 12 overs, Snooker Association, a new post eventually finishing with a formireflecting the worldwide demand dable 312 for six. Graham Lloyd was | for official coaches.



A touch of glass . . . the illuminated pyramids of Khufu and Khephren ame a glass squash court set up on the Giza plateau near Cairo for the Al-Ahram International Championsl

Football International friendly: England 3 Hungary 0

Not quite the Wright result England wanted

ITH the European Championship just a couple of weeks onship just a couple of weeks away, England manager Terry Venables finds his defensive plans in disarray after this match at Wembley. Injuries to Tony Adams and Gary Pallister having helped persuade him to switch to a three-man defence, he has now lost Mark Wright, without whom the system will not work

Depending on Wright was always risk, so the knee ligament injury he suffered early in Saturday's match against Hungary came as lit-

A broken shin put Wright out of the 1986 World Cup and shortly be-fore the 1992 European Champioushin he withdrew from the squad with the recurrence of an Achilles endon problem. He is an accident vaiting to happen.

orthcoming Far East tour has inreased the chances of Ugo Ehiogu Gareth Southgate and Sol Campbell finding roles in the European Championship. And Venables will be even more anxious during the coming week to see if Adams is going to make it in time. Yet Adams, like Pallister, is a sound, solid defender at club level who belongs to the maypole school of centre-backs and is danced round in major tournaments.

Fresh uncertainties at the back make it even more imperative that nothing ill befalls Paul Ince in China and Hong Kong. On his protective presence in midfield so much now depends. In fact England did not really get going on Saturday until Ince began to drive forward to link up with Teddy Sheringham.

England's last home match be-fore Euro 96 told Vennbles nothing new apart from Jason Wilcox's ability to centre with his left foot at inlernational level. But at least Darren Anderton, playing his first inter-national for nearly a year, still looked the part.

After England had spent half an hour looking as likely to win the European Championship as they would the Eurovision Song Contest with a rendering of Nellie Dean. Anderton stole in behind the Hungarian defence to score from Sherigham's low cross.

Platt scrambled a second goal his 27th for England, early in the second half, Ince's quick free-kick having flummoxed the defenders, and Anderton scored the third after Robert Lee had cleverly made space on the right before crossing the ball. Les Ferdinand's challenge on Petry saw it nicely set up for the Tottenham player.

A cross from Lee had seen Wilcox head against the bar in the second minute, the minute that also saw Wright's knee damaged as he lunged for the ball at full stretch. And shortly after Anderton's second goal a shot from Sheringham came back off the bar.

However, a five-goal victory, though it would not have flattered England, would still have meant as little as the 50 win over a poor Greece team achieved in Venables's second game. Hungary embar-rassed the memories of famous pre-

A profusion of substitutes, five for each team with Walker and Campbell getting their first caps and Alan Shearer putting in a reappearance,

French see red over Cantona

RENCH football bosses were on Sunday deluged with hate-faxes and angry telephone calls after Eric The decision came as a shock to Cantona was left out of the Euro 96 squad by the national trainer. Aime Jacquet, writes Alex Duval Smith in

The snub to the Manchester United striker was based on "good sense" and faith in a young line up that has been unbeaten for 20 matches, Jacquet said. "I have no matches, Jacquet said. "I have no Also out of the French squad is qualms about my choice. I have David Ginola of Newcastle United."

French players, including Cantona."
The decision came as a allock to French fans proud of Olympique de Marseille's former loose cannon, who is seen as having mastered his temper thanks to British discipline. Last week he became the first Frenchman to inspire a rendition of

the Marseillaise at an FA Cup final. when he scored the winning goal.

Scottish Cup final

Goal deluge breaks Hearts

Patrick Glenn at Hampden Park

EARTS supporters who travelled to Hampden Park n buoyant mood on Saturday came away feeling like holidaymakers who discover that their hotel has not been finished.

Among them was Jim Jefferies, a fan since childhood who also happens to be the present manager of the team. He saw his team trounced 5-1 by Rangers. "When Gilles made his mistake to give them their second goal," said Jefferies, referring to a startling blunder by his French goalkeeper Rousset, "I ust wanted to get back home. I looked at my watch and it was only 10 past four."

Another 40 minutes and a hatrick from Rangers' Gordon Durie had to be endured before Jefferies and his fellow sufferers could be cleused from their ordeal.

Colquitoun's consolation goal or Hearts brought only fleeting elief, as though the torturer had nomentarily laid aside the instruments during a change of shifts.

Laudrup, who scored two goals and set up the other three, was Rangers' chief executioner. His first goal, a well-placed shot, broke the deadlock towards the end of a competitive first half. His second arrived five minutes after the interval, a harmless curling cross that Rousset should have picked up as easily as a daisy. The goalkeeper must already have been looking up to assess his options for releasing the ball when it somehow squirmed through his hands, between his ankles and across the line.

This was a blow that caused Hearts not so much to break as to disintegrate. It was a cruel rony for the Edinburgh club, as Rousset had been one of the most influential figures in their resurgence since his move from Rennes last autumn. It was also the second serious set-back of the match for Jefferies's team. whose young captain Locke had departed after only eight minutes with a knee injury. Locke's absence from the right wing-back position forced a reshuffle which ipset Hearts' 3-5-2 line-up.

If Laudrup gave way to Durie as interrogator-in-chief it was only in the matter of administering the damaging blow. The Dane remained the most powerful force on the field, supplying the Scotland striker with the passes for all three of his goals.
Rangers' 27th triumph in the

country's oldest tournament --this was the 111th final of a trophy first contested in 1874. emphatically achieved. Durle's was the first hat-trick in the match since Dixie Deans's for Celtic against Hibs 24 years ago and only the third in history.

It was Walter Smith's third eague and cup double since he succeeded Graeme Souness as manager at Ibrox in 1991. If Celtic's persistent challenge had made the Premier Division championship á test of stamina the cup proved an unexpected